

# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP)

**WDID# 2SSO10162** 

Initially Adopted August 11, 2008 by District Board Resolution No. 2989

Prepared to meet SSMP requirements of the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) Order No. 2006-0003 "Statewide General Waste Discharge Requirements for Sanitary Sewer Systems" and

Order No. WQ 2013-0058-EXEC "Monitoring and Reporting Program"

# Novato Sanitary District Annual Sewer System Management Plan (SSMP) Revision History

This SSMP has been revised. The justifications for the revisions are included. A copy of the revision page has been placed into the SSMP document behind the cover page of the document.

#### **REVISION HISTORY**

REVISION NO.	<b>DATE</b>	REASON
0	August 11, 2008	Initial Adoption by District Board Resolution
		No. 2989
1	March 10, 2010	Revised to reflect changes for 2009
2	March 10, 2011	Revised to reflect changes for 2010
3	June 6, 2011	Revised Figure 2-4 to reflect removal of
		SFRWQCB as a "2-hour reporting agency".
4	March 26, 2012	Revised for 2011 updates.
5	October 10, 2012	Minor updates to Sections 6 and 11.
6	August 2013	Revised to reflect 2012-13 changes
N/A	August 12, 2013	Recertified by District Board Resolution No.
		3060
7	March 2014	Revised to reflect 2013-14 changes
8	March 2016	Revised to reflect 2015-16 changes
9	August 2018	Revised to reflect 2017-18 changes including
		elimination of the original RWQCB
		requirements and reorganizing to match
		SWRCB requirements.
N/A	August 27, 2018	Recertified by District Board Resolution No.
		3126
10	July 2020	Revised to reflect organizational changes and
		contact list (Section 2 and Appendix A);
		updated information on capacity assurance
		plan (Section 8); and updated emergency
		equipment and replacement parts lists
		(Appendix C).
11	July 2022	Revised to reflect organization changes and
		contact list (Section 2 and Appendix A);
		Updated information on O&M program
		(Section 4); and updated information on
		Overflow Emergency Response Plan (Section
		6).

See the following table for a description of substantive changes made in the most recent revision including which subsection was changed and who authorized the change. Minor text edits are not captured here.

<b>Section ID</b>	<b>Authorized By</b>	<b>Description</b>
2	E. Brown	Sec. 2 – Revisions to organizational chart and some
		staff roles.
4	E. Brown	Sec. 4 – Update to Clarify that condition assessment
		program is risk-based with overall target of 5-year
		schedule for sewer inspections
6	E. Brown	Sec. 6- Update to District business hours/days and
		added language regarding risk-based response in the
		event of multiple SSOs.

# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) INTRODUCTION

#### SSMP BACKGROUND

By letter dated July 7, 2005, and pursuant to Section 13267 of the California Water Code, the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board (SFRWQCB) notified the Novato Sanitary District (District) to prepare a Sewer System Management Plan (SSMP). The District developed its original SSMP in 2008 to address the SFRWQCB requirements. Following the SFRWQCB notification, the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) enacted Order No. 2006-0003 "Statewide General Waste Discharge Requirements for Sanitary Sewer Systems". This Order (commonly referred to as the "SSO GWDR" or "GWDR") affects all public wastewater collection system agencies in California with greater than one mile of sewers. The SWRCB action applies to the District and mandates the development of an SSMP and the reporting of SSOs using an electronic reporting system. The District has updated its SSMP to maintain compliance with GWDR SSMP requirements. This SSMP has also been updated to remove reference to the SFRWQCB requirements and align with the GWDR organization.

#### DISTRICT OVERVIEW

The Novato Sanitary District (District) was formed on October 5, 1925 as the Marin County Sanitary District #6 to safeguard public health and protect and enhance the environment of the community of Novato, California.

The enabling legislation for the formation of the District, as well as the District's legal authority resides in the Sanitary District Act of 1923, Chapter 1, Division 6, comprising Sections 6400 though 6830 of the Health and Safety Code of the State of California.

In February 1978, the District was renamed the Novato Sanitary District to affirm its commitment to the City of Novato (incorporated 1960), and the Novato community. Today, the purpose of the District is to provide wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal services for the entire Novato community. In addition, the District is also responsible for refuse disposal, recycling, and greenwaste collection through its franchise collection entity, currently Novato Disposal Service.

The District (in conjunction with the North Marin Water District), also initiated a recycled water program whereby a portion of the District's secondary effluent is imparted a high level of additional treatment to meet California Title 22 recycled water standards for golf course and landscape irrigation. In 2011, this program was expanded, and the construction of new facilities was initiated at the site of the District's Novato Treatment Plant to provide additional recycled water production capability.

#### WASTEWATER SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The District owns and operates a wastewater collection system, a municipal wastewater treatment plant, and an effluent discharge outfall. The wastewater treatment plant (WWTP) is the Novato

Treatment Plant (NTP), which is currently designed for an average dry weather flow of 7.05 MGD. This plant was significantly upgraded and placed into service in 2010. Also, in 2010 the District entered into an agreement with Veolia Water to operate the District's treatment facilities on a contract basis.

The District's wastewater collection system collects and transports wastewater flows to the WWTP through a series of gravity sewers and interceptors, pump stations, and force mains. The combined collection and conveyance systems include a total of about 235 miles of sewers with about 212 miles of gravity sewer lines ranging from 6-inch to 48-inch diameter, about 23 miles of force mains, 5 main pump stations, and 33 lift stations. The pump stations vary in capacity from about 50 gpm to about 5 MGD, and individual pumps range from 3 hp to 90 hp.

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#### LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

AMS Asset Management System
BACWA Bay Area Clean Water Agencies
BPD Backflow Prevention Device
BMP Best Management Practices

BSF/BWF Base Sanitary Flow/Base Wastewater Flow

CCTV Closed Circuit Television

CDFG California Department of Fish and Game
CIP Capital Improvement Plan or Program
CIWQS California Integrated Water Quality System
CMMS Computerized Maintenance Management System

CPC California Plumbing Code CSMP Collection System Master Plan

CSRMA California Sanitation Risk Management Authority

CSS Collection System Superintendent

CSW Collection System Worker

CWEA California Water Environment Association

DGM Deputy General Manager

ESS Environmental Services Supervisor

FOG Fats, Oils and Grease FSE Food Service Establishment FSM Field Services Manager

GM-CE General Manager – Chief Engineer

gpm gallons per minute gpd gallons per day

GIS Geographic Information System

GWDR General Waste Discharge Requirements

GWI Groundwater Infiltration

hp Horsepower

ICOM3 The District's computerized maintenance management system

ICFM Ignacio Conveyance Force Main ITPS Ignacio Transfer Pump Station

I/I Infiltration and Inflow
LRO Legally Responsible Official
MGD Million Gallons per Day

NASSCO National Association of Sewer Services Companies

NMWD North Marin Water District NPD Novato Police Department

NPDES National Pollution Discharge Elimination System

NSD Novato Sanitary District (District)

NTP Novato Treatment Plant

OERP Overflow Emergency Response Plan

OES/EMA State Office of Emergency Services/Emergency Management Agency

OR Overflow Report

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PM Preventative Maintenance

RDI/I Rainfall-Dependent Infiltration and Inflow SCBA Self Contained Breathing Apparatus

SFRWQCB San Francisco Regional Water Quality Control Board

SMR Self Monitoring Report

SSMP Sewer System Management Plan

SSO Sanitary Sewer Overflow

SWRCB State Water Resources Control Board
WDR Waste Discharge Requirements
WWTP Wastewater Treatment Plant

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# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) SECTION ONE - GOAL

#### 1.1 Regulatory Requirements

<u>GWDR SSMP Element No. 1</u>: The goal of the SSMP is to provide a plan and schedule to properly manage, operate, and maintain all parts of the sanitary sewer system. This will help reduce and prevent SSOs, as well as mitigate any SSOs that do occur.

#### 1.2 Goal of the District's SSMP

Consistent with its purpose, the District is committed to a policy of sound, cost effective asset management and to a process of continuous improvement in operational reliability and flexibility, for its sanitary sewer system. Accordingly, the District is dedicated to achieving the following goals for its sanitary sewer system management plan (SSMP):

- To properly manage, operate and maintain all parts of the wastewater collection system it owns and controls in a safe, sound, and cost-effective manner
- To provide adequate capacity to convey base and peak wastewater flows in its system
- To minimize the frequency of occurrence of Sewer System Overflows (SSOs) in its system
- To mitigate the impacts of any SSOs that may occur in its system
- To evaluate and analyze both current and potential maintenance practices and performance in an on-going effort to operate efficiently and to effectively reduce SSOs.

This SSMP document provides a summary of: (a) the District's objectives, plans, practices, and procedures to meet these goals, and (b) its activities and core documents as they relate to each of the elements required to be addressed in the SSMP.

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# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) SECTION TWO – ORGANIZATION

### 2.1 Regulatory Requirements

GWDR SSMP Element No. 2 The SSMP must identify:

- (a) The name of the responsible or authorized representative as described in Section J of this Order.
- (b) The names and telephone numbers for management, administrative, and maintenance positions responsible for implementing specific measures in the SSMP program. The SSMP must identify lines of authority through an organization chart or similar document with a narrative explanation; and
- (c) The chain of communication for reporting SSOs, from receipt of a complaint or other information, including the person responsible for reporting SSOs to the State and Regional Water Board and other agencies if applicable (such as County Health Officer, County Environmental Health Agency, Regional Water Board, and/or State Office of Emergency Services (OES)).

# 2.2 Organizational Structure

- 2.2.1. General: The District's organizational structure is designed to adapt to the community's needs as well as changing regulatory needs and priorities, while being able to respond effectively to critical situations. Given the relatively small size of its organization (currently, a total staff of 22, and about 20 fulltime employees), the District attempts to employ a relatively flexible staffing structure. An Organizational chart reflecting the District's current staffing structure is provided in Figure 2-1.
- 2.2.2 <u>Board of Directors</u>: Five-member governing body of the District. Members are elected atlarge from the community, over staggered two-year periods; each member serves a four term.
- 2.2.3 <u>General Manager-Chief Engineer (GM-CE)</u>: Appointed by and reports directly to the Board of Directors. The GM-CE conducts the day-to-day business of the District.
- 2.2.4 <u>Deputy General Manager (DGM)</u>: Manages the Field Services Manager, Project/Plant Manager, and Senior Engineer. Assists the GM-CE in the day-to day operations of several departments. DGM is hired by and reports directly to the GM-CE.
- 2.2.5 <u>Field Services Manager (FSM)</u>: Manages the Collection Systems Superintendent and the Field Services Department including Reclamation and Construction. Reports directly to the DGM.
- 2.2.6 <u>Collections Systems Superintendent (CSS)</u>: Supervises the Collections Systems section. Reports directly to the FSM.

2.2.7 <u>Environmental Services Supervisor</u>: Supervises the laboratory and the pretreatment/FOG program. A Veolia Water employee who reports directly to the DGM.

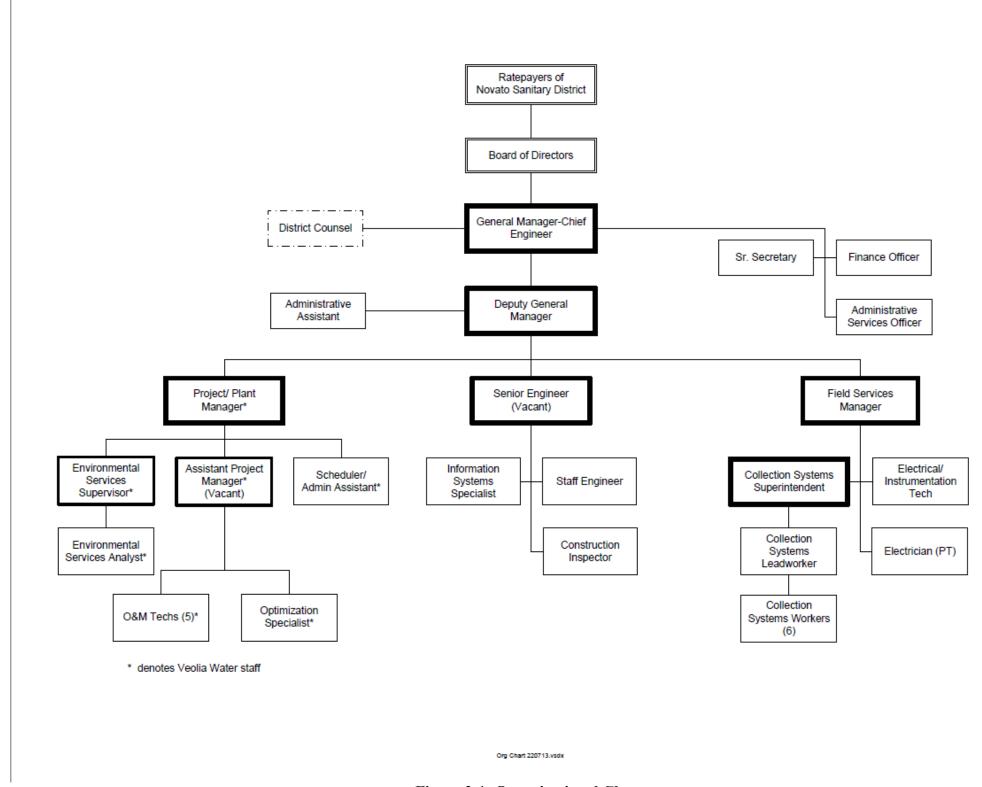


Figure 2-1: Organizational Chart

# 2.3 Description of General Responsibilities

- 2.3.1 <u>General</u>: As mentioned above, the District adopts a flexible staffing structure to respond effectively to SSOs and critical situations. A description of the District's current staffing structure as it relates to the roles of various staff, and reporting and response requirements from an SSO/SSMP perspective is outlined below.
- 2.3.2 <u>Board of Directors</u>: Establish policies and provide needed resources to meet all public health and environmental laws and regulations in a safe, effective and efficient manner. Attend emergency meetings if required.
- 2.3.3 <u>General Manager-Chief Engineer (GM-CE)</u>: Responsible for all District day-to-day operations and activities, including reporting to regulatory agencies and other external organizations, including the updating and auditing of this SSMP. Interprets policy provided by District Board, plans District strategy, leads staff, prepares and submits the District budget (including the Capital Improvements Program or CIP budget) to the District Board, allocates resources, authorizes outside contractors to perform services, and acts as the District's public information officer.

In the event of an SSO or other critical situation:

- a. Receives information from various staff in the field and office
- b. Makes resources available to respond to situation
- c. Provides timely reports and information updates to the District Board
- d. Arranges emergency meetings if required
- e. Verifies that all regulatory reporting requirements are met

The GM-CE is a designated legally responsible official (LRO) for purposes of SSO reporting.

2.3.4 <u>Deputy General Manager (DGM)</u>: May function as the GM-CE in his/her absence. Prepares CIP program, expenditure projections, and budget and submit to GM-CE. Manages preparation of wastewater collection system studies and planning documents by outside consultants or District staff; manages implementation of CIP projects; documents new and rehabilitated assets, and coordinates development, implementation, and updating of the SSMP. Provides oversight and management to field services including new construction and rehabilitation of the collection system facilities.

In the event of an SSO or other critical situation:

- a. Receives information from various staff in the field and office, and make immediate reports to GM-CE
- b. Provides field assistance in coordinating District response
- c. Attends emergency meetings as directed by the GM-CE
- d. Assists the GM-CE in verifying that all reporting requirements are met

The DGM is a designated legally responsible official (LRO) for purposes of SSO reporting.

2.3.5 <u>Field Services Manager:</u> May act on behalf of the GM-CE or DGM in his/her absence. Serves as the District's resident engineer; coordinates capital improvement,

maintenance and special engineering projects with consulting engineers and construction contractors and other public agencies. In terms of collections and pump stations operation, can serve as a back-up to the Collection System Superintendent.

In the event of an SSO or other critical situation:

- a. Receives information from various staff in the field and office, and make immediate reports to GM-CE and DGM
- b. Provides field assistance in coordinating District response
- c. Attends emergency meetings as directed by the GM-CE or DGM
- d. Assists the GM-CE and DGM in verifying that all reporting requirements are met
- 2.3.6 <u>Collections Systems Superintendent (CSS)</u>: Provides direct supervision to Collections System Department. Manages field operations and maintenance activities for the collection system including line cleaning, televising, inventory and evaluation of the collection system and recordkeeping of all maintenance activities into the District's collection system computerized maintenance management system. Provides periodic as well as timely updates to the FSM, DGM, and the GM-CE. Assists in preparing and implementing contingency plans. Prepares and implements contingency plans. Trains and supervises collections system crew consisting of Leadworker and Collection System workers.

In the event of an SSO or other critical situation:

- a. Investigates SSOs with immediate reporting to FSM and DGM. Provides immediate reporting to regulatory agencies, GM-CE, DGM, and FSM
- b. Leads emergency response to stop the SSO or mitigate its impacts
- c. Handles all follow-on reporting requirements with regulatory agencies
- d. Attends emergency meetings as directed by the FSM, DGM, or GM-CE
- e. Verifies that all reporting requirements are met

The CSS is a designated legally responsible official (LRO) for purposes of SSO reporting

2.3.7 <u>Collection System Staff</u>: Includes a Collection Systems Leadworker and six Collections Systems Workers. Staffs field operations and maintenance activities for the collection system including line cleaning, televising, and recordkeeping of maintenance activities for the District's collection system computerized maintenance management system. Performs preventive maintenance activities in the collection system. Receives notification and responds to sewer blockages and stoppages.

In the event of an SSO or critical situation:

- a. Receives notification of SSOs or critical situations in collection system
- b. Mobilizes and responds to such notification
- c. Deploys sewer cleaning equipment, by-pass pumps, portable generators, confined space equipment (if required), etc. as required by training, or as directed
- d. Under the direction of the CSS, or Collections Leadworker, performs all required activities to stop, mitigate, or eliminate the situation

The Collection Systems Leadworker is a designated data submitter for purposes of SSO reporting.

- 2.3.8 <u>Staff Engineer</u>: Assists in preparation of wastewater collection system studies and planning documents by outside consultants. Reviews adequacy of planning, design, and construction of developer-initiated sewer lines prior to transfer to District ownership. Generates permits for construction of private sewer lines within the District boundaries. Reviews video from televising of District lines for QA/QC purposes. Prepares/reviews as-built documentation for new and rehabilitated assets. Works as required on applicable regulatory permits and support all aspects of SSMP program. Maintains and prepares updates to the District's construction standards, and District Infrastructure Mapping and Asset Inventory.
- 2.3.9 <u>Construction Inspector</u>: Inspects spot repair type work in the collection system to ensure that rehabilitated work meets District standards. Works with field crews to provide construction related direction during emergencies when outside construction contractors are involved. Works with staff engineer to review adequacy of planning and design of developer initiated projects and inspects construction of such projects for adequacy against District construction standards before transfer to District ownership. Provides construction inspection of private sewer lines within the District boundaries to verify that all work is performed according to District standards.
- 2.3.10 <u>Information Systems Specialist</u>: Maintains the District's collections system computerized maintenance management system to ensure that system functions adequately. Assists Collection System Superintendent in modifying and/or generating new data entry forms and formats for the system. Reviews and upgrades system software and hardware as required.
- 2.3.11 <u>Environmental Services Supervisor (ESS)</u>: The ESS is a contracted position via the District's contract wastewater treatment plant operator, Veolia Water. The ESS supervises the laboratory and administers the pretreatment and FOG programs, providing oversight of industrial facilities and food service establishments.

In the event of an SSO or other critical situation:

- a. Provides technical assistance for SSO sampling events, if required
- b. Coordinates with Marin County Environmental Health staff
- c. Ensures chain-of-custody protocols are met for samples associated with an SSO
- d. Assists the DGM in verifying that all reporting requirements are met

#### 2.4 Authorized Representative

The General Manager-Chief Engineer is the District's authorized representative to the California Integrated Water Quality System (CIWQS) to certify SSO reports. The GM-CE has delegated authority to the Deputy General Manager and the Collection Systems Superintendent as additional authorized representatives to prepare and submit electronic reports.

#### 2.5 Responsibility for SSMP Implementation

The General Manager- Chief Engineer is responsible for overseeing the overall implementation of the SSMP. Various individuals within the District's organization are responsible for implementing one or more of the SSMP sections. Table 2-1 summarizes the responsibilities for SSMP implementation by section.

# 2.6 Chain of Communication for Responding to SSOs

The chain of communication for responding to an SSO is shown in Figure 2-2. Detailed information on the District's overflow response procedure can be found in Section Six: Overflow Emergency Response Plan and in the District's full Overflow Emergency Response Plan contained herein.

# 2.7 Chain of Communication for Reporting SSOs

The chain for reporting SSOs to the various regulatory agencies is shown in Figure 2-3. Detailed information on SSO reporting can be found in Section Six: Overflow Emergency Response Plan and in the District's full Overflow Emergency Response Plan contained herein.

#### 2.8 District Phone Lists

The District has a land-line as well as cellular based communications systems. In addition, as discussed in later sections, the Collections System staff also has a Federal Communications Commission (FCC) licensed two-way radio communications system. The District's landline and cellular systems phone lists are presented in Appendix A.

**Table 2-1:** Responsibility for SSMP Implementation by Section

SSMP SECTION NO.	SSMP SECTION NAME	RESPONSIBLE PERSONS(S)
Section One	Goal	General Manager-Chief Engineer
Section Two	Organization	General Manager-Chief Engineer
Section Three	Legal Authority	General Manager-Chief Engineer
Section Four	Operation and Maintenance Program	Collection System Superintendent, Field Services Manager Staff Engineer
Section Five	Design and Performance Provisions	General Manager-Chief Engineer, Deputy General Manager, Field Services Manager, Staff Engineer, Construction Inspector
Section Six	Overflow Emergency Response Plan	Collection System Superintendent
Section Seven	Fats, Oils and Grease (FOG) Control Program	Collection System Superintendent, Deputy General Manager, Environmental Services Supervisor
Section Eight	System Evaluation and Capacity Assurance Plan	General Manager-Chief Engineer, Deputy General Manager, Staff Engineer
Section Nine	Monitoring, Measurement, and Program Modifications	General Manager-Chief Engineer, Deputy General Manager, Staff Engineer, Information Systems Specialist
Section Ten	SSMP Program Audits	General Manager-Chief Engineer, Deputy General Manager, Collections System Superintendent
Section Eleven	Communications Program	General Manager-Chief Engineer

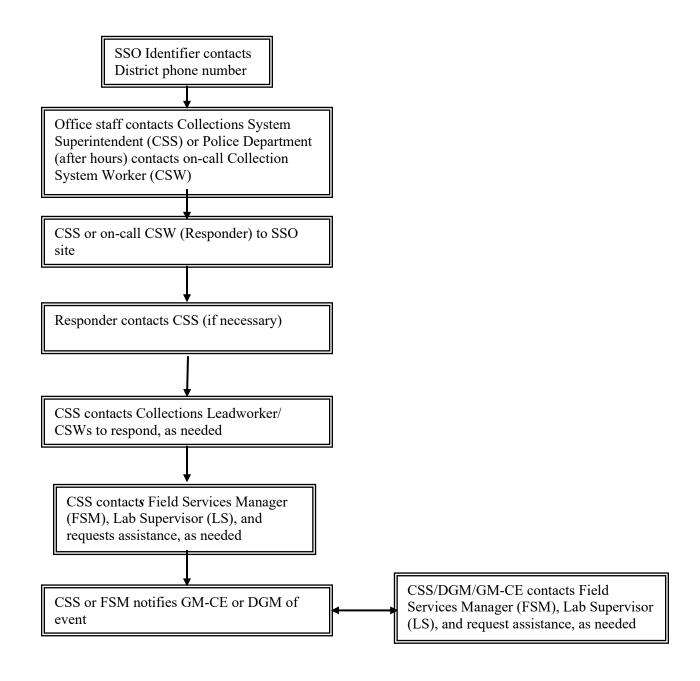
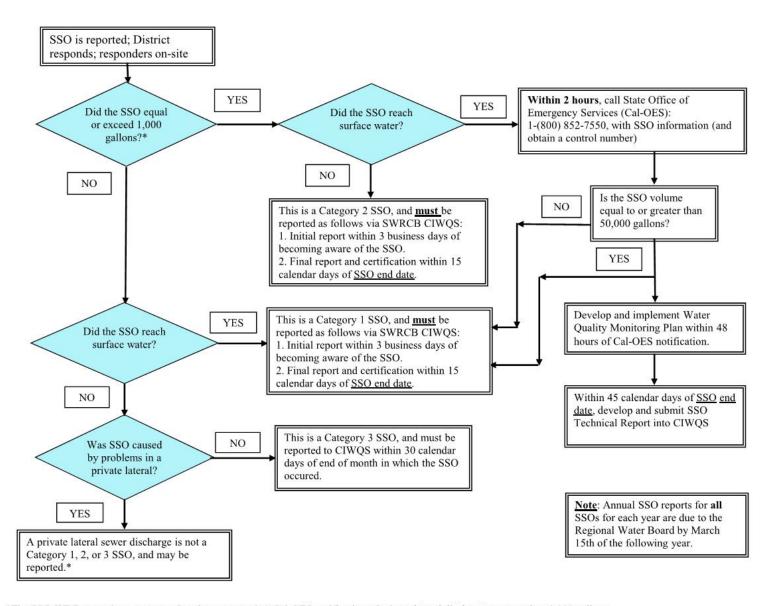


Figure 2-2: NSD Chain of Communication for Responding to SSOs



<sup>\*</sup>The SSO-WDR strongly encourages (but does not require) Cal-OES notification of private lateral discharges greater than 1,000 gallons.

Figure 2-3: NSD SSO Reporting Responsibilities

# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) SECTION THREE – LEGAL AUTHORITY

### 3.1 Regulatory Requirements

<u>GWDR SSMP Element No. 3</u>: Each Enrollee must demonstrate, through sanitary sewer system use ordinances, service agreements, or other legally binding procedures, that it possesses the necessary legal authority to:

- (a) Prevent illicit discharges into its sanitary sewer system (examples may include I/I, stormwater, chemical dumping, unauthorized debris and cut roots, etc.);
- (b) Require that sewers and connections be properly designed and constructed;
- (c) Ensure access for maintenance, inspection, or repairs for portions of the lateral owned or maintained by the Public Agency;
- (d) Limit the discharge of fats, oils, and grease and other debris that may cause blockages, and
- (e) Enforce any violation of its sewer ordinances.

# 3.2 Legal Authority

The Novato Sanitary District (District) is an independent special district. As discussed in the overview at the beginning of this document, the enabling legislation for the formation of the District, as well as the District's legal authority, resides in the Sanitary District Act of 1923, Chapter 1, Division 6, comprising Sections 6400 though 6830 of the Health and Safety Code of the State of California. The District was formed with the primary purpose of providing wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal services for the Novato community.

The District exerts its legal authority primarily through the "Sanitary Code of the Novato Sanitary District" (Code) and amendments, service agreements, and design and construction standards.

#### 3.3 District Code Ordinance

The District's Code regulates the use of District wastewater facilities, their construction, permits required for work on these facilities, easements, charges, materials that can be placed into sewers, and the enforcement of these requirements in the Code.

The Code incorporates the District's Sewer Use ordinance, Ordinance No. 70 and amendments, and addresses, among others: the need for and use, of public sewers; private sewage disposal; building sewers, lateral sewers and connections; public sewer construction; permits and fees for sewer connection; classes and use types of public sewers; and the enforcement provisions of the Code.

The District also operates a pretreatment program within its boundaries. The work of this program is performed by the District's Environmental Services section, which works with

District management and the Collection system crews to ensure that their independent efforts are coordinated. A portion of the District's Code Ordinance No. 70, Article VIII, Sections 801 et seq, Amended and restated by Ordinance No. 115, specifically regulates the discharge of wastewater into its system to protect its collection and treatment facilities.

The code is available on the District website at this link: http://www.novatosan.com/business/sewer-regulations-and-permits/sewer-use-regulations.

# 3.4 Lateral Replacement Program

The District administers a lateral replacement grant program to assist property owners in replacing deficient sewer laterals. The District regularly evaluates the effectiveness of this program relative to participation levels, maximum grant amount, and other related factors. The District has no legal responsibility for maintenance or ownership of any part of the laterals.

## 3.5 Control of Inflow/Infiltration (I/I)

The District's ordinance prohibits the discharge of uncontaminated water, storm water, and I/I to District sewers, either directly or indirectly. Section 808 of the ordinance specifically prohibits the following categories: rainwater, storm water, groundwater, street drainage, sub-surface drainage, water from yard fountains, ponds, lawn sprays, and yard drainage. Section 816 specifically prohibits the connection of discharge leaders from roofs and surface drains, and prohibits surface or subsurface drainage, rainwater, storm water, and seepage, cooling water or unpolluted industrial waters to enter the sanitary sewer system by any device or method whatsoever.

# 3.6 Proper Design & Construction, Installation & Testing of Facilities

The District has developed and adopted a set of standard documents for the design, construction, installation, and testing of facilities, titled "Standard Specifications and Drawings" that are periodically updated. The District's Code Ordinance requires that these District standard documents be followed in the design, construction, installation, and testing of all wastewater facilities. This includes laterals as well as District main lines and facilities.

In this regard, Article V of the Ordinance provides an overview of the design, construction, installation and testing considerations for building sewers, lateral sewers and connections, while Article VI provides the corresponding considerations for public sewers, mainlines, and facilities. Details and specific requirements supporting the requirements of these articles are included in the standard specifications and drawings.

#### 3.7 Backflow Prevention Devices (BPD)

The District's standards require backflow prevention devices (BPDs) and cleanouts to be installed in accordance with the California Plumbing Code, (CPC), Title 24, Part 5. BPDs are typically required to be installed on all new construction and retrofitted to older homes and buildings upon activities (such as connection, lateral repair or replacement permit process) referred to the District as part of the City of Novato's or County of Marin's building permit process, and as required by the CPC.

#### 3.8 Enforcement

Article IX of the District's Code Ordinance covers the enforcement alternatives available to the District in the event of non-compliance with its code and requirements. The District has many avenues of enforcement available through its Ordinance, including but not limited to: notices of violation, notification of corrective work required, cease and desist orders, disconnection and termination of service, abatement proceedings in the event of a public nuisance, and assessment of civil and criminal penalties.

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# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) SECTION FOUR - OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROGRAM

# 4.1 Regulatory Requirements – Collection System Map

GWDR SSMP Element No. 4(a): Maintain an up-to-date map of the sanitary sewer system, showing all gravity line segments and manholes, pumping facilities, pressure pipes and valves, and applicable stormwater conveyance facilities.

# 4.2 Collection System Map

The Novato Sanitary District (District) utilizes both hard copy and editable electronic collection system mapping, using a grid configuration.

The basic hard copy mapping information includes manhole identification numbers unique to each map page, pipe size, pipe type and material, year constructed, direction of flow, and percentage of slope. The system utilizes streets and property lines to provide points of reference for the location of District assets. The maps are drawn to scale based on as-built construction drawings. In addition to details of the collection system gravity sewer lines, the maps also provide location details of the District's sewer lift stations, main conveyance pump stations, force mains, and wastewater treatment plant. The hard copy maps are updated as needed by the District's engineering staff using Auto-CADD drawings.

The electronic mapping system is drawn to scale and overlays recent aerial photographs of the service area as well as property boundary. The District participates in a joint powers authority to share electronic mapping information with the City of Novato and the County of Marin. The electronic map is linked to the District's collection system computerized maintenance management system (CMMS) and is populated with all the information required to make it a fully functional Geographic Information System (GIS) on an on-going basis.

# 4.3 Regulatory Requirements - Prioritized Preventive Maintenance

GWDR SSMP Element No. 4(b): Describe routine preventive operation and maintenance activities by staff and contractors, including a system for scheduling regular maintenance and cleaning of the sanitary sewer system with more frequent cleaning and maintenance targeted at known problem areas. The Preventative Maintenance (PM) program should have a system to document scheduled and conducted activities, such as work orders.

#### 4.4 Prioritized Preventive Maintenance

The District uses a computerized maintenance management system (CMMS) to manage its collection system preventive maintenance program. The implementation of condition assessment of all gravity sewers is risk-based with a target of 5-year schedule for inspections. The District has scheduled each public main within the District's collection system to be cleaned at least once

every 4 years. These frequencies may be updated in the future based on system performance and observed conditions.

Areas that have known problems such as excessive grease buildup, root intrusion, or odor problems are cleaned on a much more frequent basis based on the experience and history.

Excessive grease buildup in District mains is also addressed through the District's FOG program, both through inspection and enforcement for commercial/industrial dischargers and through public outreach in residential areas.

Areas exhibiting root intrusion are identified through routine cleaning and through video inspection of the system. These areas are maintained with conventional methods and a chemical root abatement program. The District contracts annually with a chemical root abatement contractor to foam treat problem lines until they can be addressed through the District's capital improvement program. Identified problem areas are forwarded to the District's engineering staff where they are prioritized and scheduled into the capital improvement program.

# 4.5 Regulatory Requirements - Scheduled Inspections and Condition Assessment

GWDR SSMP Element No. 4(c): Develop a rehabilitation and replacement plan to identify and prioritize system deficiencies and implement short-term and long-term rehabilitation actions to address each deficiency. The program should include regular visual and TV inspections of manholes and sewer pipes, and a system for ranking the condition of sewer pipes and scheduling rehabilitation. Rehabilitation and replacement should focus on sewer pipes that are at risk of collapse or prone to more frequent blockages due to pipe defects. Finally, the rehabilitation and replacement plan should include a capital improvement plan that addresses proper management and protection of the infrastructure assets. The plan shall include a time schedule for implementing the short- and long-term plans plus a schedule for developing the funds needed for the capital improvement plan.

#### 4.6 Rehabilitation and Replacement Plan

The District has taken a proactive approach in inspecting and evaluating the condition of its collection system and supporting facilities. Routine annual inspections are conducted on all sewer lift stations for safety hazards and condition assessment. Periodically, the District conducts smoke testing and flow monitoring in targeted areas of the system as part of its Inflow and Infiltration (I&I) reduction program and for capacity assurance and analysis.

The District utilizes and maintains a continuous CCTV inspection program to identify issues in the various tributary areas of the collection system and to provide cause analysis after a collection system incident. The District maintains an electronic database of scheduled cleaning work orders and past history for all of the sewer mains within the District. Records from these systems are available on request or as required.

The District has developed an electronic data base that establishes criticality of a given line segment or area and that can be used to prioritize and schedule that problem area for replacement or repair based on criteria set by the District's Engineering and Collection system staffs.

The District prepares and adopts an annual budget through its Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) on a standard July-June fiscal year basis that provides a detailed overview of the District's revenue sources as well as its planned expenditures for the fiscal year. On the expenditures side, the District's budget addresses both its operating and capital needs. The CIP uses maintenance history, asset history and characteristics, and capacity analysis as drivers for prioritization and scheduling.

The CIP addresses repairs and upgrades to the collection system and supporting facilities on an annual basis. Consistent with industry practices the District has established two broad classes of collection system capital projects: short term or immediate "spot" repairs, and longer-term replacement and/or capacity-related upgrades.

The spot repairs category is funded as an ongoing Annual Collection System Repairs Project. The longer horizon, multi-year facilities replacement or capacity upgrade projects are budgeted under the Collection System Improvements Project, in keeping with the District's: (a) long-range plan that provides for sewer replacement, and (b) Capacity related improvements identified by the Collection System Master Plan (see Section Eight of the SSMP).

The District also produces a multi-year CIP projection document that serves as a planning tool for anticipated capital projects. This 5-year CIP projection document is based on information from the District's various master planning documents. As the name implies, the document looks out up to five years into the future for anticipated capital projects, their funding requirements, and makes preliminary determinations of cash-flow allocations. For the collection system, the 5-year CIP projection looks at the five-year funding projections for: (a) the ongoing Annual Collection System Repairs Project, and (b) the ongoing long-term Collection System Improvements Project, as discussed above.

The District has adopted a construction standard of 8-inch minimum for sewer mains. The District is considering a cyclic program to replace smaller 6-inch diameter sewers with larger 8-inch diameter sewers. If sewers are to be replaced, they are built to current standards. The exception is only when there is a condition of known limited current and future flow.

#### 4.7 Regulatory Requirements - Training

<u>GWDR SSMP Element No. 4(d)</u>: Provide training on a regular basis for staff in sanitary sewer system operations and maintenance and require contractors to be appropriately trained.

# 4.8 Training

The District takes the need for initial and continuing education and training very seriously and has established a practice of funding its external training needs on an on-going basis through the training line item of its annual operating budget. In addition, the District also provides extensive in-house training conducted by both in-house staff and outside consultants.

All employees are provided with initial training and familiarization with the District's systems upon initial hire. Subsequently, training plans geared to the employees' level of experience are prepared as needed by the Collection Systems Superintendent (with input from the Collections

Lead Worker) and forwarded to the Deputy General Manager and Administrative Services Officer.

The District also provides in-house training on specific topics and uses outside training resources such as the training programs from the Office of Water Programs of the California State University (Sacramento), professional organizations like the California Water Environment Association (CWEA), and the Bay Area Clean Water Association (BACWA), to further the education levels and technical skills of District staff.

The District is a believer and proponent of certification and continuing education and is an active contributor and participant in CWEA's educational activities and voluntary certification program. District staff in general is encouraged to further their professional qualifications with voluntary certification through CWEA, and the collections staff is particularly encouraged to participate in the Collection System Maintenance Operator certification program. Since the CWEA certification program also registers the continuing education activities of its certificate holders as part of the certification program, the District is assured that its employees are up-to-date with current skill levels and generally accepted practices in the industry.

In addition, the District also contracts with the California Sanitation Risk Management Authority (CSRMA) to provide training and resources for the development of District employees. CSRMA has an extensive collection of online and classroom training modules.

Through its standard specifications, the District requires that contractors working on the NSD collection system facilities be licensed as required by law and be skilled and regularly engaged in the type of work called for in the contract. No proof of formal training is specifically required but there is a documented intent of the District to only employ contractors who can complete the work successfully and in accordance with the project requirements. In many cases this includes formal certification, such as from the National Association of Sewer Service Companies (NASSCO). The District's standard specifications and drawings describe additional requirements, processes, and procedures that may require job specific training. District staff additionally describe any site-specific conditions to contractors that create special conditions or increase risk to the collection system. The District also engages with entities in the District's service area that carry out construction activities, maintenance of private laterals, or cleaning of grease traps and septic systems, to raise their awareness of the results of any actions that maybe deleterious to the District's facilities. Examples of issues that are frequently raised with such entities include dumping of construction debris into manholes, pushing debris from lateral cleaning into a mainline, and illegal dumping of grease or septic tank hauling.

To supplement the above requirements and efforts, a plumber's outreach flyer is distributed via mail and individual contact to the building contractors and plumbers that typically work within the District's sphere of influence. Appendix B includes an example outreach flyer. The District also participates in the Association of Bay Area Governments (ABAG) Sewer-Smart program and promotes the Sewer-Smart web-site as an important community education tool.

#### 4.9 Regulatory Requirements - Contingency Equipment and Replacement Inventories

<u>GWDR SSMP Element No. 4(e)</u>: Provide equipment and replacement part inventories, including identification of critical replacement parts.

# 4.10 Contingency Equipment and Replacement Inventories

#### 4.10.1 General

The District seeks to maintain an adequate supply of emergency and contingency equipment on hand to facilitate continuous operation and seamless transitions during emergencies. The District additionally participates in mutual-aid entities such as CALWARN and can access additional equipment and services from neighboring sanitary and water districts and other public agencies during emergencies.

The District maintains a supply of consumable parts and emergency spare parts at its maintenance shop facility that is periodically verified to be adequate to meet its needs. In addition, the District maintains supply contracts with local plumbing suppliers such as Water Components, Inc. as well as the local distributorships of industrial spare parts supply houses such as W.W. Grainger, Consolidated Electric Distributors, etc., that ensures a timely supply of non-emergency spare parts is always available. The District also has a mutual aid relationship with the North Marin Water District (NMWD) for access to NMWD's contingency equipment and replacement inventories.

On-hand District emergency equipment and a critical replacement part inventory is included in Appendix C.

### 4.10.2 Pump Stations

All of the District's major pump stations incorporate multiple redundant pumping units to assure reliability of operation. The typical layout is separate dry weather and wet weather pumping systems, with each system incorporating duty + standby units. These pump stations are integrated into the District's Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system, with remote control, monitoring, and alarming capabilities. Each of these major pump stations also incorporate stationary standby/emergency generators sized to handle the peak start and running load of the wet weather systems.

The majority of the District's lift stations incorporate a two pump (duty + standby unit) design to provide for seamless operation in the event of a single pump failure. All of the lift stations are part of a SCADA network with remote monitoring and alarming capability. For the Bel Marin Keys (BMK) lift stations, there's an additional layer of redundancy in that the hydraulic design of the collection system in that area also allows each station to surcharge to a given level and then flow by gravity to the downstream manhole.

In terms of standby/emergency power, the lift pump stations either have stationary generators, or more commonly are powered by the District's portable generators that are rotated from pump station to pump station on previously established routes, based on an analysis prepared as part of the District's emergency response plan.

The District uses the JobCalPlus CMMS system for scheduling and documenting on-going pump station maintenance activities.

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# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) SECTION FIVE – DESIGN AND PERFORMANCE PROVISIONS

### 5.1 Regulatory Requirements

<u>GWDR SSMP Element No. 5(a)</u>: Design and construction standards and specifications for the installation of new sanitary sewer systems, pump stations and other appurtenances; and for the rehabilitation and repair of existing sanitary sewer system.

# 5.2 Standards for Installation, Rehabilitation and Repair

The District maintains a set of wastewater and sewer system design standards (Novato Sanitary District Standard Specifications and Drawings or "Standard Specifications"). These Standard Specifications are a comprehensive set of standards that cover all sewage or wastewater facilities in the District.

The District's Code Ordinance requires that the Standard Specifications be followed in the construction of new installations and rehabilitation and/or replacement of existing facilities. They are available to contractors and the general public at the District's offices and are updated periodically, as necessary. Two addenda are available on the District's web-site: (http://www.novatosan.com/business/sewer-regulations-and-permits/sewer-use-regulations).

Where the District initiates and implements large scale capital improvement projects, a consultant firm(s) is retained to provide specialized knowledge and expertise to the project. Project planning and design services are typically provided by such firms in these cases, and project specific drawings and specifications that conform to the District standards are prepared for public bidding by licensed contractors. The construction phase of the project is then typically monitored for adherence to the project requirements by specialty construction administration and/or management firms that the District retains for the duration of the construction phase. The Construction Inspector and Deputy General Manager maintain oversight of the project construction and enforce District standards and policies.

# 5.3 Regulatory Requirements - Standards for Inspection and Testing of New and Rehabilitated Facilities

<u>GWDR SSMP Element 5(b)</u>: Procedures and standards for inspecting and testing the installation of new sewers, pumps, and other appurtenances and for rehabilitation and repair projects.

#### 5.4 Standards for Inspection and Testing of New and Rehabilitated Facilities

As discussed in Section Two of this SSMP, the District has a full-time Construction Inspector who inspects both new construction and repairs. The inspector ensures that all construction meets the District's Standard Specifications and other applicable codes. The Staff Engineer can fulfill this role in the absence of the Construction Inspector. Permits are required for all work on

wastewater facilities in the District, and no facility is accepted unless it is permitted, inspected, and tested in accordance with the Standard Specifications.

As mentioned earlier, where the District initiates and implements large scale capital improvement projects, the District also retains specialty construction management firms to provide inspection services to ensure that the projects are constructed to the project specifications.

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# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SECTION SIX

#### OVERFLOW EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN

### 6.1 Regulatory Requirements

<u>GWDR SSMP Element No. 6</u>: **Overflow Emergency Response Plan -** Each Enrollee shall develop and implement an overflow emergency response plan that identifies measures to protect public health and the environment. At a minimum, this plan must include the following:

- (a) Proper notification procedures so that the primary responders and regulatory agencies are informed of all SSOs in a timely manner;
- (b) A program to ensure an appropriate response to all overflows;
- (c) Procedures to ensure prompt notification to appropriate regulatory agencies and other potentially affected entities (e.g. health agencies, Regional Water Boards, water suppliers, etc.) of all SSOs that potentially affect public health or reach the waters of the State in accordance with the MRP. All SSOs shall be reported in accordance with this MRP, the California Water Code, other State Law, and other applicable Regional Water Board WDRs or NPDES permit requirements. The SSMP should identify the officials who will receive immediate notification;
- (d) Procedures to ensure that appropriate staff and contractor personnel are aware of and follow the Emergency Response Plan and are appropriately trained;
- (e) Procedures to address emergency operations, such as traffic and crowd control and other necessary response activities; and
- (f) A program to ensure that all reasonable steps are taken to contain and prevent the discharge of untreated and partially treated wastewater to waters of the United States and to minimize or correct any adverse impact on the environment resulting from the SSOs, including such accelerated or additional monitoring as may be necessary to determine the nature and impact of the discharge.

### 6.2 General

The District is a member of the California Sanitation Risk Management Agency (CSRMA), a joint powers authority comprised of approximately 60 sanitary sewerage agencies, sanitation and sanitary districts across California. The District participates in the Pooled Liability Program (PLP) established by CSRMA. The PLP serves to provide the insurance that covers the District's liabilities arising from any backups, spills, or SSOs attributed to its collection system.

Based on the nature of its business, a major goal of CSRMA's PLP is to minimize its members exposure to liabilities arising from backups, stoppages, SSOs, etc. in their collection systems. Accordingly, CSRMA has acquired extensive expertise and experience in developing overflow response plans that meet the dual needs of meeting all applicable regulatory requirements, while satisfying stringent insurance underwriting standards.

The District has utilized this experience and expertise and worked with CSRMA to develop a comprehensive backup and overflow emergency response plan tailored specifically to the District's needs. A copy of this plan entitled Overflow Emergency Response Plan is provided as Appendix F.

Another primary tool that the District utilizes in tracking progress in the notification and response chain for incidents in its collection system is the Sewer Service Call Form (see Appendix G). This form consists of several parts, with each part setting up a step-by-step level of notification and response from initial notification to final closeout for an individual incident.

The procedures outlined in the Overflow Response Plan and the documentation capabilities of the Sewer Service Call Form provide a basis for the overall Overflow Emergency Response Plan.

#### 6.3 Overflow Notification/Service Calls

The District's offices are open Monday through Thursday, and every other Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. All service calls during business hours are received by the Administrative Services staff and logged into Sewer Service Call Forms. Each call is assigned a Service Call Form which then stays with that particular incident for the duration of the incident.

The Sewer Service Call Form records the District's initial documentation of notification of any incident in its collection system in Part A of the form. This basic notification information is immediately relayed directly to the Collection System Superintendent (or the Collections Lead Worker or Deputy General Manager, in his or her absence), who initiates the appropriate mobilization/response procedures in accordance with the Overflow Emergency Response Plan.

After hours, the District utilizes the Novato Police Department (NPD) to take emergency calls. After hour callers to the District's main phone line are notified to call the NPD directly to ensure a timely response. The NPD then relays the message to the on-call collection system worker (CSW) by cellular telephone and pager, along with a contact number for acquiring additional information. This capability for the caller to be able to talk to a live person 24 hours per day adds the positive benefits of human interaction, significantly reducing the possibility of a missed call or misunderstanding about the nature of a problem. Further, in 2011, the District also modified its telephone system so that any messages left on its main (general) voice mail box after hours are relayed via e-mail to the Collection System Superintendent, the Field Services Manager, the Deputy General Manager, and the General Manager-Chief Engineer.

The District utilizes a rotating on-call system to have at least one collections system worker available and on-call to respond to after-hours calls from the NPD. Upon notification by the NPD, the on-call CSW makes a determination about the emergency, and, as necessary, notifies the Collections Systems Superintendent (CSS), who can direct other CSW(s) to respond to the incident in addition to the on-call worker. The CSS is furnished with a District truck and cell phone, and all CSWs are furnished an individual cell phone. The cell phones are backed up by

pagers for the CSS, and the on-call CSW. The District also utilizes a Federal Communication Commission (FCC) licensed two-way radio network that serves as a further back-up communications system. In addition to the cell phone and on-call pager, the on-call worker is furnished with an on-call response vehicle.

### 6.4 Overflow Response

The District's overflow emergency response plan identifies and provides details of several standard policies and procedures that the District is required to follow in the event of a backup, spill, or sanitary sewer overflow (SSO) attributed to its collection system. As discussed earlier, the District is required to follow these procedures not only from the perspective of compliance with all state mandated requirements, but also to comply with standards established by its risk manager. Included in this plan are policies and procedures for handling service calls, spill notifications and SSOs in the District's collection system, and the timely, appropriate and adequate response to these incidents.

These policies and procedures are reviewed periodically and updated as required to reflect best management practices. Issues addressed include systems for overflow mitigation, emergency response, clean-up, spill recovery, internal and external resources, and rehabilitation of any damage to property including dwellings and buildings. They also include provisions for notification of and reporting to regulatory agencies and the public, and testing for contamination when necessary. A brief discussion of these policies and procedures is provided in Section 6.5.

The Sewer Service Call Form provides the District's initial documentation of notification of any incident in its collection system in Part A of the form. The procedures listed in TAB 4 (location 4A through 4K) and TAB 5 (Location 5A through 5J) of the Overflow Emergency Response Plan provides further detailed information on overflow notification, overflow response, and overflow reporting (including reporting to regulatory agencies and internal reporting) actions. Additional procedures provide details on the handling of overflows into homes/businesses and associated claims.

In the case of concurrent or multiple SSOs, the District will respond on a risk basis, considering: (1) the volume of the SSO; (2) the proximity of the SSO to high-risk areas including sensitive populations, public and private schools, parks, recreational areas, and surface waters, especially during the recreational season; and (3) the timing and/or seasonality of the SSO event (e.g., and SSO to surface waters during low flow, arid conditions of late summer).

#### 6.5 Overflow Reporting Policy

The District defines an overflow as any event that can be attributed to its collection system and which results in the escape of untreated sewage from its collection system onto public or private property. All reports of events including backups, blockages, spills, overflows, etc., are investigated as to cause and needed corrective action to prevent future incidents.

### 6.5.1 Regulatory Notification, Reporting, and Certification

For regulatory notification, reporting, and certification purposes, the District is mandated to follow the most current State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) requirements and/or SFRWQCB requirements. Currently, these requirements mandate that SSOs fall into one of three categories:

Category 1 SSO: Discharges of untreated or partially treated wastewater of any volume resulting from an enrollee's sanitary sewer system failure or flow condition that: (1) Reach surface water and/or reach a drainage channel tributary to a surface water; or (2) Reach a municipal separate storm sewer system and are not fully captured and returned to the sanitary sewer system or not otherwise captured and disposed of properly. Any volume of wastewater not recovered from the municipal separate storm sewer system is considered to have reached surface water unless the storm drain system discharges to a dedicated storm water or ground water infiltration basin (e.g. infiltration pit, percolation pond).

Category 2 SSO: Discharges of untreated or partially treated wastewater of 1,000 gallons or greater resulting from an enrollee's sanitary sewer system failure or flow condition that do not reach surface water, a drainage channel, or a municipal separate storm sewer system unless the entire SSO discharged to the storm drain system is fully recovered and disposed of properly.

Category 3 SSO: All other discharges of untreated or partially treated wastewater resulting from an enrollee's sanitary sewer system failure or flow condition.

The SWRCB's current notification and reporting requirements (SWRCB Order no. WQ2013-0058-EXEC), effective September 9, 2013, mandates notification, certification, and reporting procedures in the event of a collection system event. A brief description is provided below. A graphical representation is also provided as Figure 2.3 in Section 2.

# **Category 1 Event:**

- A. For a Category 1 event greater than or equal to 1,000 gallons:
- 1. Within 2 hours, call:
  - California Emergency Management Agency (Cal EMA): (800) 852-7550 (and obtain a notification control number)
  - Marin County Environmental Health Services
- 2. Report as follows via SWRCB CIWQS:
  - Submit a Draft Report as soon as possible but no later than 3 business days after becoming aware of the spill.
  - A final report must be completed and certified by the LRO within 15 calendar days of the conclusion of SSO response and remediation.
- B. For a Category 1 event <u>less than</u> 1,000 gallons:
- 1. Report as follows via SWRCB CIWQS:
  - Submit a Draft Report as soon as possible but no later than 3 business days after becoming aware of the spill.
  - A final report must be completed and certified by the LRO within 15 calendar days of the conclusion of SSO response and remediation.
- C. For a Category 1 event in which 50,000 or greater is spilled into surface waters:
- 1. Notification and Reporting per Section A, above.
- 2. Within 48 Hours after initial SSO Notification, conduct water quality sampling
  - Water quality results are required to be uploaded to CIWQS
- 3. SSO Technical Report: Certify within 45 Calendar Days after the end date of the event.

#### **Category 2 Event:**

- A. Submit a Draft Report as soon as possible but no later than 3 business days after becoming aware of the spill.
- B. A final report must be completed and certified by the LRO within 15 calendar days of the conclusion of SSO response and remediation.

#### **Category 3 Event:**

A. Submit Certified Report within 30 calendar days of the end of the month in which the SSO occurred.

#### **General Reporting:**

- A. "No Spill" Monthly Certification: Certify that no SSOs occurred within 30 calendar days of the end of the month in which no SSOs occurred.
- B. Collection System Questionnaire: Update and Certify every 12 months.

# 6.5.2 Internal Reporting

In addition to the required communication and reporting carried out during an incident (see Section Two), the Collection System Superintendent prepares a report on every SSO. The Overflow Report (OR) is based on the information related to the SSO which is succinctly documented on the internal sewer service call forms. The OR includes recommended actions and documents dates of actions taken to correct the condition that caused the backup, spill, or SSO.

Each month, the Collection System Superintendent summarizes all ORs into a summary monthly report. After internal review (typically by the DGM), this summary report is provided to Veolia Water (which operates the District's treatment facilities). Veolia Water's Project Manager then compiles the ORs summary into the NPDES permit required monthly self-monitoring report (SMR). The SMRs are reviewed by the GM-CE prior to transmittal to the San Francisco Bay Regional Water Quality Control Board (SFRWQCB). A summary of all collection system events is also provided in the District's annual monitoring report.

In addition to the SMR, the GM-CE ensures that basic SSO information is reported to appropriate regulators within time frames established by the regulatory agencies. SSO information is also reported monthly to the District Board of Directors. Abnormal incidents are reported concurrently with the course of the incident to the Board President or a member of the Board's Operations Committee.

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#### NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT

# SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP)

# SECTION SEVEN – FATS, OIL AND GREASE (FOG) CONTROL PROGRAM

# 7.1 Regulatory Requirements

GWDR SSMP Element No. 7: **FOG Control Program:** Each Enrollee shall evaluate its service area to determine whether a FOG control program is needed. If an Enrollee determines that a FOG program is not needed, the Enrollee must provide justification for why it is not needed. If FOG is found to be a problem, the Enrollee must prepare and implement a FOG source control program to reduce the amount of these substances discharged to the sanitary sewer system. This plan shall include the following as appropriate:

- (a) An implementation plan and schedule for a public education outreach program that promotes proper disposal of FOG;
- (b) A plan and schedule for the disposal of FOG generated within the sanitary sewer system service area. This may include a list of acceptable disposal facilities and/or additional facilities needed to adequately dispose of FOG generated within a sanitary sewer system service area;
- (c) The legal authority to prohibit discharges to the system and identify measures to prevent SSOs and blockages caused by FOG;
- (d) Requirements to install grease removal devices (such as traps or interceptors), design standards for the removal devices, maintenance requirements, BMP requirements, record keeping and reporting requirements;
- (e) Authority to inspect grease producing facilities, enforcement authorities, and whether the Enrollee has sufficient staff to inspect and enforce the FOG ordinance;
- (f) An identification of sanitary sewer system sections subject to FOG blockages and establishment of a cleaning maintenance schedule for each section; and
- (g) Development and implementation of source control measures for all sources of FOG discharged to the sanitary sewer system for each section identified in (f) above.

# 7.2 Fats, Oils, and Grease Control (FOG) Overview

The District's current FOG control procedures and efforts are staffed by the District's Collections Systems and Environmental Services staffs, the Staff Engineer and Construction Inspector, under the direction of the District management. Similar to formalized FOG control programs, current practices include provisions for permitting under existing ordinance provisions, inspection and monitoring, enforcement of existing ordinance provisions, and multiple language outreach efforts to commercial establishments (primarily Food Service Establishments or FSEs), multiple dwellings complexes, and to the residential community at large.

The District does not currently issue formal FOG Wastewater Discharge permits to FSEs. However, the District's building permit review process under District code ordinance provisions

requires the installation of grease removal devices, maintenance of all installed grease removal devices at facilities, and record-keeping of maintenance activities.

The District works closely with the Marin County Health Services FSE permitting program and the City of Novato Building Inspection Department to coordinate and verify need, sizing, design, and installation of grease traps and interceptors. Subsequently, the District also coordinates with the City and County in verifying proper grease trap/interceptor operation, maintenance and recordkeeping.

On the collection system side, a key element of current practices as they relate to FOG control includes hotspot identification and response (grease hotspot GIS database and priority maintenance schedule), as well as targeted responses to grease-related blockages and any consequential SSOs. Maps of known hotspots in the District's service area are maintained by the District and available upon request. Response activities include periodic facility inspections at FSEs upstream of the problem area, camera investigations to determine point of source location, and corrective actions and enforcement procedures as needed. In addition, the District's capital improvements program incorporates sewer repair projects that along with other factors allow better flow characteristics which will aid in the control of grease buildup and minimize grease-related SSOs in its system.

### 7.3 Fog Program Elements

The following program elements have been outlined for the District's FOG program:

- Source Identification
- Legal Authority
- Program Structure/requirements
- Grease Removal Device Technology for FSEs
- Inspections and Monitoring for FSEs
- Enforcement for FSEs
- FOG Disposal
- Public Education and Outreach

#### 7.3.1 Source Identification, Grease Problem Areas, and Sewer Cleaning

<u>Source identification</u> is the locating of sources of grease introduced into the District sewer system. Typical grease sources in the District's service area include:

- Food Service Establishments (FSEs), including but not limited to restaurants, cafes, bakeries, hospitals, nursing homes, grocery stores, caterers, commissaries, and food manufacturing facilities
- Residential (including but not limited to multi-family dwellings, and apartment or condominium complexes)
- Other commercial

Continuing sources are categorized as "Hotspots" – FSEs causing or contributing to grease-related sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs) and blockages, and "Non Hotspots."

Grease Problem Areas: The District inventories and categorizes grease points of locations (hotspots) and has a grease hotspot GIS database (established 2006) establishing a priority maintenance schedule for flushing and/or rodding problem sewer lines. Additional sewer lines can be added to the priority maintenance schedule after an SSO event or if closed circuit television inspection (CCTV) indicates grease buildup.

<u>Sewer Cleaning</u>: Several segments of the gravity sewer system are on the six-month (or less) priority maintenance schedule for flushing, rodding, or both flushing and rodding, with some of these lines identified as grease problems. While the District has known areas with commercial grease sources (e.g. restaurants), the District also experiences grease issues in residential areas from lines with poor grade.

<u>CCTV</u>: The District conducts CCTV inspection as part of its condition assessment program, and has set a recurrence interval to inventory its entire collection system every five years to establish a baseline. After establishment of the baseline, CCTV inspection frequency may be updated as needed to reflect observed conditions. The District performs CCTV inspections to identify and categorize the severity of grease problems. Lines with known poor flow characteristics are prioritized for CCTV inspection. With information on the causes of grease problems, maintenance activities and schedules can be modified, or sewer pipeline repairs made to better control grease buildup and minimize grease-related SSOs.

# 7.3.2 Legal Authority for FOG Program Requirements

The District's Code Ordinance is the basis of the legal authority of the FOG control program. Specifically, Article VIII of the Code includes the following provisions:

- Prohibited substances those that cause or threaten to cause obstruction of flows in community sewers or interceptors
- Authority to require pretreatment prior to discharge to the community sewer
- Authority to inspect and monitor dischargers and sample their discharge
- Enforcement procedures and penalties for failure to adhere to the Ordinance

Provisions for grease control and removal devices are included in Section 810 of the District's code. The California Plumbing Code (CPC) also contains provisions related to grease, and the District has adopted these Codes by reference through its Code.

# 7.3.3 Program Structure/Requirements

While the District does not currently issue permits to Food Service Establishments (FSEs), it enforces the following requirements:

• <u>Installation of Grease Traps/Interceptors</u> for all new FSEs and remodels, as part of the County's review process for FSE construction/remodel. The District also works to educate,

encourage, or mandate FSEs known to have caused or contributed to a sanitary sewer overflow or blockage to install grease removal devices.

- <u>Grease removal device maintenance</u> is also verified, to ensure FSEs discharges do not cause or contribute to SSOs or blockages due to lack of adequate maintenance. Also, a complete pump out (with verifiable records) of grease interceptors is required each time an interceptor is pumped.
- <u>Maintenance records</u> are required to be kept on site and made available at the time of inspection by the District's Environmental Compliance staff.

# 7.3.4 Grease Removal Device Technology for FSEs

<u>Grease interceptor installation, design and sizing</u> is per the California Plumbing Code. Grease interceptor waivers and variances are considered depending upon the business type, the grease generating capability (& probability) of an FSE, and difficulties with interceptor installations due to conflicts with site conditions. The installation of these is coordinated with Marin County Environmental Health Services and the City of Novato Building department.

<u>Grease trap installation, design and sizing may</u> be used as an alternative to interceptors in instances where a grease interceptor cannot be installed (ex: space and slope restrictions). The installation of these is coordinated with Marin County Health Services agency and the City of Novato Building Department on a case-by-case basis.

# 7.3.5 Inspections/Monitoring for FSEs

**Non-Hotspots**: The District's environmental services staff monitors "Non-hotspot areas" as follows:

- FSEs are inspected periodically (typically at least once every 2-3 years)
- Grease interceptors are inspected a measurement of grease/water/solids is done
- Compliance with District requirements is determined
- Verification of proper disposal methods
- Educational materials are distributed to managers and employees
- Follow-up tasks (as needed) are performed, such as increasing grease interceptor pumping frequency and requiring grease interceptor repairs

<u>Hotspots</u>: The District's environmental services staff monitors areas (identified by collections system staff) that have a history of grease-related SSOs and blockages, based upon field experience, maintenance records, and CCTV inventory inspection. Environmental Services staff also investigates conditions in these areas in an effort to determine which establishments/residences are causing the grease problems. Actions in these investigations may include:

- Targeted inspections of FSEs upstream of a reported hotspot
- Grease interceptor inspections measurement of grease/water/solids
- Determination of compliance with District requirements
- Video inspections of laterals

- Video inspections of main lines
- Distribution of educational materials
- Increase of cleaning frequency by the District's Collections staff

Follow-up tasks may be done as a result of these inspections, including requirements to install a grease interceptor, increase the frequency of grease interceptor pumping, any identified repairs or modifications to existing installations, and District verification of such repairs or modifications.

# 7.3.6 Enforcement for FSEs

The District utilizes an escalating or progressive enforcement structure informally modeled after the District's current Non-Domestic Wastewater Discharge Enforcement Response Plan.

# 7.3.7 FOG Disposal (grease trap and grease interceptor waste)

The District maintains a list of known commercial grease haulers that is provided to interested parties for informational purposes (see Table 7-1).

At this time, the District's wastewater treatment facilities do not receive waste grease from either inside or outside of its service area, and all known haulers in the District's service area are informed about this. The District may reevaluate the possibility of becoming a receiving facility in the future based on several factors including local demand for the service.

Central Marin Sanitation Authority (CMSA) is a receiving facility located in Marin County and the East Bay Municipal Utility District (EBMUD) wastewater treatment plant in Oakland is a receiving facility. Haulers and the general public are informed of this upon inquiry.

# 7.3.8 Public Education and Outreach

Program brochures that describe best management practices (BMP) and a BMP chart are distributed to FSEs in English and Spanish. Brochures and other literature for FSEs include a "How to Maintain a Grease Interceptor" flyer, a "Fat Free sewer" flyer, a "Do Not Pour" poster, and BMP posters and charts. Examples of this information are included in Appendix B and Appendix C.

Materials for use in residential situations include informational brochures, scrapers that can be used to clean cooking ware, and informational flyers. Staff and Board members also present FOG materials and information at public events and fairs.

The District's web site also contains links related to FOG that contain useful FOG information, including the location of used cooking oil collection centers.

Table 7-1: Grease Hauler Service Provider/Vendor List

		Table 7-1: Grease Hauler Service Provider/Vendor List  Services Offered				
<u>Company</u>	<u>Phone Number</u>	Grease Trap Cleaning	Grease Interceptor Cleaning	Used Cooking Oil Recycling	Provides Grease Trap Waste Container and Pick-Up (for restaurants that self-clean)	Steam Cleaning/Pressure washing of Waste Container and Garbage Areas
North Bay Restaurant Services	(707) 824-9737	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>
Clark Services (Jeremy Clark)	(510)970-7910					<b>✓</b>
Bay Area Restaurant Services	(925) 786-5984	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>			
Environmental Pump Service	(707) 775-5443	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	
Sequential	(855) 464-5742	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	
Darling International Inc.	(800) 473-4890	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	
Pioneer Liquid Transport	(800) 804-7327	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>			
Quality Septic Service	(415) 924-6668	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>			
R&D Grease Trap Cleaning	(707) 632-5827	<b>✓</b>				
SRC (Sacramento Rendering Company)	(800) 339-6493 or (916) 363- 1342	<b>~</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>~</b>		
All Valley Environmental, Inc.	(559) 498-8378	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		
Coast Sanitary Services	(707) 272-7929	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>			
Joe's Farmers Septic & Grease Service	(707) 484-5972	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		
California Wastewater Management	(800) 987-4541	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>		
ARS Rescue Rooter	(800) 869-6916	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>			
Roto-Rooter	(415) 898-2700 or (415) 388- 2740					
Vineyard Septic	(707) 795-5780	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	
City Sewer Pumping Inc	(415) 663-1926	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>			
KB Grease	(650) 670-5144	<b>✓</b>				
United Site Services	(408) 284-4458	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>			
Patriot Environmental	(800) 624-9136					<b>✓</b>
Interstate Oil				<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
SafetyKleen	(707) 584-0415		<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>

INCLUSION ON THIS LIST DOES NOT REPRESENT AN ENDORSEMENT OF ANY COMPANY BY NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT. This list has been compiled from information supplied by companies listed. It is provided solely for general information purposes and should not be used as a substitute for your own evaluation of a prospective Grease Hauler. Novato Sanitary District accepts no responsibility of any kind which may be claimed to result from the use of this document.

**NOTE:** Any business using a grease hauler should verify the hauler removes the entire contents of their trap or interceptor. The District suggests that the business owner or restaurant manager check how well the interceptor was cleaned before the grease hauler is released from the job.

*List updated June 2018.*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT

# SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP)

# SECTION EIGHT – SYSTEM EVALUATION AND CAPACITY ASSURANCE PLAN

# 8.1 Regulatory Requirements

<u>GWDR SSMP Element No. 8</u>: **System Evaluation and Capacity Assurance Plan**: The Enrollee shall prepare and implement a capital improvement plan (CIP) that will provide hydraulic capacity of key sanitary sewer system elements for dry weather peak flow conditions, as well as the appropriate design storm or wet weather event. At a minimum, the plan must include:

- (a) **Evaluation**: Actions needed to evaluate those portions of the sanitary sewer system that are experiencing or contributing to an SSO discharge caused by hydraulic deficiency. The evaluation must provide estimates of peak flows (including flows from SSOs that escape from the system) associated with conditions similar to those causing overflow events, estimates of the capacity of key system components, hydraulic deficiencies (including components of the system with limiting capacity) and the major sources that contribute to the peak flows associated with overflow events;
- (b) **Design Criteria**: Where design criteria do not exist or are deficient, undertake the evaluation identified in (a) above to establish appropriate design criteria; and
- (c) Capacity Enhancement Measures: The steps needed to establish a short- and long-term CIP to address identified hydraulic deficiencies, including prioritization, alternatives analysis, and schedules. The CIP may include increases in pipe size, I/I reduction programs, increases and redundancy in pumping capacity, and storage facilities. The CIP shall include an implementation schedule and shall identify sources of funding.
- (d) **Schedule**: The Enrollee shall develop a schedule of completion dates for all portions of the capital improvement program developed in (a)-(c) above. This schedule shall be reviewed and updated consistent with the SSMP review and requirements updated as described in Section D. 14.

# 8.2 Introduction

The District prepared a comprehensive Collection System Master Plan (CSMP) in 2019 to address the requirements for a System Evaluation and Capacity Assurance Program as defined by the GWDR. This section of the SSMP describes the process the District follows to assess capacity requirements and determine needed capacity-related capital improvements anticipated over the next 20 years. Details of the evaluation are included in the 2019 CSMP. The 2019 CSMP is available on the District website at the following link:

https://www.novatosan.com/newsletters-press-documents/documents/#planning-and-facilities

# 8.3 Capacity Assurance Plan

# 8.3.1 Evaluation

The capacity assurance plan evaluates the hydraulic capacity of key sewer system elements under peak flow conditions. The following are the key components of the evaluation:

- Flow Monitoring: The District conducts temporary flow monitoring in conjunction with CSMP updates to quantify flows in the system. A two-month flow monitoring program consisting of 16 flow meters and 4 rain gauges was completed during the 2016/17 winter season. In addition, the District maintains permanent flow meters at five of its major pump stations, in addition to influent flow metering at its wastewater treatment plant.
- Hydraulic Modeling: The District has developed a fully-dynamic hydraulic model of its trunk sewer system in InfoWorks<sup>TM</sup> ICM software. Portions identified for analysis include all collection system interceptors and lines 10 inches and larger in diameter and selected smaller diameter pipes that serve significant tributary areas or are suspected to have capacity issues. The hydraulic model is calibrated to the flow monitoring data and is run for both current and projected future development conditions.
- Design Storm: The hydraulic evaluation for peak wet weather flow conditions is based on a 5-year return period design storm. The model is used to estimate peak flows in the system and identify the locations and magnitude of capacity deficiencies and potential overflows under peak flow conditions in order to identify locations where capacity enhancements may be needed.

# 8.3.2 Design Criteria

The District's Standard Specifications include design criteria for its wastewater collection system. The criteria include design flow factors, minimum pipe sizes and slopes, etc. Design criteria for evaluating the capacity of sanitary sewers and wastewater pump stations and for sizing new or relief facilities are also included in the CSMP.

# 8.3.3 Capacity Enhancement Measures

The District has put into place the steps needed to establish a short-and long-term CIP to address identified hydraulic deficiencies, including prioritization, alternatives analysis, and schedules. Capacity enhancement measures that have been put into place during past 10 years include upgrades to the wastewater treatment plant to lower the hydraulic grade line, thereby increasing the capacity of the influent sewers; implementation of flow equalization at the Ignacio Transfer Pump Station; upgrades to collection system pump stations; and construction of several relief sewers identified as part of previous capacity assessments completed in 2008. Capacity enhancement projects identified in the 2019 CSMP include eight relief sewer projects needed to provide adequate capacity to minimize the risk of overflows under design storm peak wet weather flow conditions. These projects have been incorporated into the CIP, and the District has begun design of the first project. The District plans to develop a detailed implementation plan for the recommended projects.

# 8.3.4 CIP Schedule

The CSMP includes recommended priorities for identified projects; however, actual implementation is scheduled through the CIP process. The District's CIP process includes a system for preparing, evaluating, and reporting CIP budgets. The District's collection system requires a continuing number of improvements including collection system capacity upgrades, correcting structural problems, and modifications to pump stations and the treatment plant. A construction schedule for the capital projects is developed based on the project priorities and to support payment of all capital improvement program and equipment replacement expenditures. The schedule for the projects (in current dollars) is included in the District's Capital Improvements Plan.

\*\*\*\*\*

# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT

# SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP)

# SECTION NINE – MONITORING, MEASUREMENT, AND PROGRAM MODIFICATIONS

# 9.1 Regulatory Requirements

**GWDR SSMP Element No. 9**: The Enrollee shall:

- (a) Maintain relevant information that can be used to establish and prioritize appropriate SSMP activities:
- (b) Monitor the implementation and, where appropriate, measure the effectiveness of each element of the SSMP;
- (c) Assess the success of the preventative maintenance program;
- (d) Update program elements, as appropriate, based on monitoring or performance evaluations; and
- (e) Identify and illustrate SSO trends, including: frequency, location, and volume.

# 9.2 Overview

This section of the SSMP discusses how the District measures the effectiveness of SSMP elements and monitors their implementation. Effectiveness is measured by developing and tracking performance indicators on a regular basis.

Monitoring, tracking and reporting of routine maintenance activities and SSO abatement programs are reported monthly and summarized annually. Information on the collection system in maintained that allows analysis and evaluation of changed conditions.

Key performance indicators incorporated include:

- o Number of dry weathers SSOs over the past 12 months, (12-month average)
- o Number and characteristics of wet weather SSOs over the past 12 months,
- o SSOs by cause (e.g. roots, grease, debris, pipe failure, pump station failure, capacity, other)
- O Volume distribution of SSOs (e.g. number of SSOs < 100 gallons, 100 to 999 gallons, 1,000 to 9,999 gallons, > 10,000 gallons)
- o Annual volume of SSOs
- o Average time to respond to an SSO
- o Total feet inspected by year
- o Record of past repair, rehabilitation, and replacement projects
- o Record of planned repair, rehabilitation, and replacement projects
- o Plans developed for, or implementation of, activities to target specific problems identified, such as roots, structural deficiencies, or fats, oil, and grease (FOG)
- o Record of FOG outreach and corrective actions

# 9.3 Monitoring, Tracking and Reporting.

# 9.3.1 Overview

The District uses the ICOM3 infrastructure management system to track maintenance, SSOs and other related activities. Historic maintenance data can be digitally linked to the GIS for analysis of repeat problem areas. This process allows the District to adjust maintenance activities to prevent stoppages and develop reports for annual audits required for the SSMP.

The ICOM3 system also manages CCTV inspection data. Inspection data is collected in a format that is compatible with ICOM3. The system allows for developing a history of operation of assets that help identify approaching problems in operation and allow investigation and correction evaluation prior to an overflow event.

# 9.3.2 Monitoring

Target performance levels are established at the start of the budget year. Maintenance activities are recorded in the ICOM3 database for asset management purposes. Information is stored on a per asset basis by activity type for tracking the performance and maintenance history of the individual assets of the sanitary sewer system.

The District's objective with the maintenance system is to collect all of the physical, hydraulic, and structural and condition information of the assets of the sanitary sewer collection system. Asset information can then be updated at the next cleaning or condition assessment activity.

# 9.3.3 Tracking

Tracking is measurement of the annually targeted unit measures of performance of maintenance activities and those achieved by the District collection system crews, to provide a basis for comparison. Activities tracked include cleaning work orders generated and completed, CCTV footage, the number, type, and volume of overflows, total amount of sewer cleaned and the rate of cleaning, and the number of callouts and the response times associated with those events. Monthly reporting and performance comparisons are the subjects of the monthly maintenance activities performance report prepared by the Collection System Superintendent. The tracking function further measures increasing levels of asset damage being incurred over time as provided by CCTV inspections. Results can be tracked in separate reports at the end of the calendar year as required.

# 9.3.4 Reporting

A Collection System activity performance report is distributed each month for feedback from management and responsible supervisors. The periodic feedback by these individuals to the Collection System Superintendent is used to solicit ideas and changes in current operations to likely enhance performance and productivity of the maintenance crews. Monthly reporting by the Collection System Supervisor is supplemented at year end with the Annual Collection System Activity Performance Report; this Program status information may be included in the Collection System annual report or required compliance documentation used to summarize performance and objectives met each year. The Annual Report also provides a record of maintenance performance

as it relates to unit costs and can display the relationship of cost per cleaning volume, the number, type and severity of overflows, callouts and the costs associated with unscheduled unforeseen events.

The District's Board of Directors receives a monthly update of the performance of the Collections System department against performance parameters including but not limited to (a) Employee hours worked, (b) Productivity, (c) Stoppages, (d) benchmarks (total footage, average footage, total stoppages/100 miles, SSO gal/100 miles, callouts/100 miles, overtime/100 miles, etc.). These regular meetings create staff accountability to the Board of Directors which helps to maintain focus on SSMP performance.

# 9.4 Continuous Improvement

The complete history of collection system maintenance operations and performance is housed in the ICOM3 database. The objective is to provide all of the collection system staff with information on the initial and ongoing problems being identified in the system, and further bring engineering, maintenance and financial resources into a mutually supported action plan designed for timely decisions and actions to address corrective needs of the system and achieve the compliance goals of the SSMP.

District senior staff and management utilize this information, as well as the other data products produced throughout the year, to periodically review performance of the SSMP elements. There is a focus on the preventative maintenance program to ensure that District resources are being allocated efficiently. The SSMP performance review also looks at SSO trends including frequency, location, volume, and cause. This helps the District to analyze hotspot locations and cleaning frequency, resources, and general areas where additional attention is required. The outcome of the review may lead to changes in the SSMP to continue to improve collection system performance in a fiscally responsible manner.

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# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) SECTION TEN – SSMP PROGRAM AUDITS

# 10.1 Regulatory Requirements

<u>GWDR SSMP Element 10</u>: As part of the SSMP, the Enrollee shall conduct periodic internal audits, appropriate to the size of the system and the number of SSOs. At a minimum, these audits must occur every two years and a report must be prepared and kept on file. This audit shall focus on evaluating the effectiveness of the SSMP and the Enrollee's compliance with the SSMP requirements identified in this subsection (D.13), including identification of any deficiencies in the SSMP and steps to correct them.

# 10.2 General

The SSMP Audits element of the SSMP requires that the District conduct a biennial audit of its SSMP that identifies any deficiencies, and steps to correct them that are appropriate to the size of the District's system and the number of overflows.

In general, these audits will focus on evaluating the effectiveness of the SSMP and the District's compliance with the SSMP requirements, including identification of any deficiencies in the SSMP and steps to correct them.

### 10.3 SSMP Audits Discussion

The District regularly performs audits of its SSMP as of December 2008. The audit is to be completed internally, by an appropriate third-party auditor, or possibly by a neighboring sanitary district or agency familiar with the requirements of this element of the SSMP.

Appendix H includes a copy of the most recent audit report.

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# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) SECTION ELEVEN - COMMUNICATION PROGRAM

# 11.1 Regulatory Requirements

<u>GWDR SSMP Element 11</u>: The District shall communicate on a regular basis with the public on the development, implementation, and performance of its SSMP. The communication system shall provide the public the opportunity to provide input to the District as the program is developed and implemented.

The District shall also create a plan of communication with systems that are tributary and/or satellite to the District's sanitary sewer system.

# 11.2 Communication Plan Discussion

# 11.2.1 District Website/Social Media

The District maintains a website (<a href="www.novatosan.com">www.novatosan.com</a>) and a Facebook page to inform the public about its activities. Typical information available on the website includes general information about the District (including its collection system), District regulations, ordinances and codes, permit forms, pollution prevention materials, community links, and general water education information. The web-site also serves to update the public on the District's construction projects or as a tool to convey any late-breaking news. Contact information for the District as well as individual staff members is available on the website. Viewers can also contact the District directly via an e-mail web-link on the website.

The District also provides a summary of its SSOs on its website at the following link: <a href="http://www.novatosan.com/assets/uploads/documents/collection-system-overflows.pdf">http://www.novatosan.com/assets/uploads/documents/collection-system-overflows.pdf</a>

This link is updated monthly, to reflect at least the prior 12-months of SSO related information.

# 11.2.2. Newsletters, Press Releases, etc.

The District publishes periodic newsletters and issues periodic press releases to the local newspapers (the Marin Independent Journal, the Novato Advance, the Pacific Sun and Novato Patch), the Novato chamber of Commerce, and the Downtown Novato Business Association, to inform the public about its activities. Information on the development and implementation of SSMP elements are included in the District's newsletter. Past newsletters can be found on the District website here:

https://www.novatosan.com/info/posts/category/all/

District staff reports on the progress of SSMP development and implementation periodically at the District's Board Meetings, which are held twice a month (on the second and fourth Mondays)

and are open to the public. Staff also updates the Board as applicable on the status of collection system projects, as they are planned and executed. Board meeting minutes are available on the District website here:

http://www.novatosan.com/board-agendas-and-minutes/agendas-and-minutes.

# 11.2.3 Mailings and Mailing Lists

The District maintains a database (mailing list) of its customers which it utilizes as part of its newsletter mailings. The District also maintains a mailing list of interested entities that request agenda packages for its Board meetings for generic or specific reasons. Board meeting packages are mailed to these parties.

# 11.2.4 Satellite and Tributary Systems

The District owns, operates, and maintains its own collection system. There are small collection systems owned by others that are tributary to the District collection system. These tributary systems are:

- Los Robles Mobile Home Park
- College of Marin Indian Valley Campus
- Coast Guard housing complex

These tributary systems are small, low-flow systems. Communication with these systems is consistent with the approach used for the general public.

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# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) APPENDIX A – PHONE NUMBERS

# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) APPENDIX B – Example Plumber Outreach Flyer



# Plumbers & Sewer Contractors:

# **Help Prevent Sanitary Sewer Overflows!**

# What are Sanitary Sewer Overflows or SSOs?

SSOs discharge untreated human and industrial waste, debris and disease-causing organisms from the sanitary sewer onto the ground and into homes and potentially into creeks, rivers, lakes or streams. SSOs are caused by root balls, debris, grease, wipes blocking the sewer, or by unusually high flows.

# What are the impacts of SSOs?

SSOs may result in property damage, environmental damage and potential liability to you or your company. Allowing sewage to discharge to a gutter, storm drain or waterway may subject you to penalties or out-of-pocket costs to reimburse cities or public agencies for clean-up efforts and regulatory penalties.

# 'ow can you prevent SSOs?

# When clearing plugged sewer laterals:

- Remove root balls, grease blockages and any other debris from the sewer
- If you can't prevent a root ball or grease from entering the sewer main when working in our service area, please call us at (415) 892-1694, so we can work with you (free of charge) to remove the blockage from the sewer main to prevent blockages further downstream.
- Use plenty of water to flush lines.

# When constructing or repairing sewer laterals:

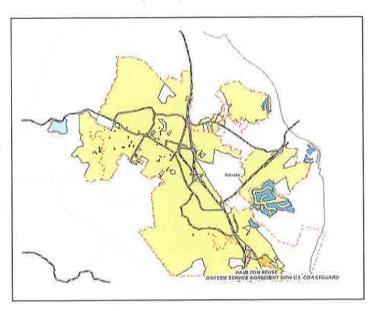
- ☑ In Novato, contact us at 500 Davidson St. Novato CA 94945, (415) 892-1694 for a permit and lateral specifications. For additional details, see our website: www.novatosan.com.
- Check your work area. Gravel, backfill material and test plugs can become lodged in the sewer line and cause blockages. Make sure no debris is left in the sewer line before you backfill.
- Avoid offset joints offset joints make sewer lines vulnerable to root intrusion & grease accumulation, cause debris hang-ups and make lines harder to clean. Properly bed your joints and don't hammer tap.



Who Do I Call If I See a Sanitary Sewer Overflow?

# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT

(415) 892-1694





# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) APPENDIX C – EMERGENCY EQUIPMENT AND REPLACEMENT PARTS

**Table C.1:** Emergency Equipment

Revised 7/17/2020	1		T	
Item	Specifics	Qty	Location/Assigned to	
Escape Breathing Air	EBA Rescue Air Packs	3	Pump Station Service Truck (1) Collections Department Office (2)	
Gas Detectors	RKI Instruments 4-gas meters	8	Collections Department Office	
Portable Pumps	Trailer mounted 4" Screwsucker Pump	1	Novato Treatment Plant	
	4-inch Pump Trailer, Gorman Rupp w/ Deutz Diesel Engine	1	Reclamation Sludge Lagoons	
	Trailer mounted 6-inch Godwin NC150S Pump	1	Novato Treatment Plant	
Air Compressor	Trailer-Mounted Ingersoll-Rand air compressor	1	Novato Treatment Plant (Veolia)	
Generators	Trailer Mounted Kohler MQ 20kW generator	1	Novato Treatment Plant	
	Trailer Mounted Kohler 20 kW generator	1	Novato Treatment Plant	
	Trailer Mounted Kohler 30kW generator	1	Novato Treatment Plant	
	Trailer mounted Kohler 30 kW generator	1	Novato Treatment Plant	
	Trailer mounted Kohler 30kW generator	1	Novato Treatment Plant	
	Trailer mounted MQ power 45 kW generator	1	Novato Treatment Plant	
	Trailer mounted MQ Whisperwatt 40 kW	1	Novato Treatment Plant	
	Trailer mounted Kohler 45 kW generator	1	Novato Treatment Plant	
	Trailer mounted Kohler 45kW generator	1	Novato Treatment Plant	
	Honda EM3500X Generator	1	Novato Treatment Plant	
	Honda E2000i Generator	2	Novato Treatment Plant	
	Honda EU3000i Generator	1	Novato Treatment Plant	
	Honda E1000i Generator	1	Novato Treatment Plant	
	Trailer mounted Kohler 200 kW Generator	1	Olive Street Pump Station,	
Pickup Trucks	2002 Dodge Dakota	1	Laboratory	
-	2006 Chevrolet ½ ton	1	Collections	
	2007 Ford 4X4 Extra Cab	1	Field Services Manager	
	2007 Dodge Dakota	1	Inspection	
	2015 Ford F-252016	1	Collections	
	Ford F-250 3/4 ton w/fuel transfer tank	1	Collections	
	2018 Ford Supercab F-150	1	Collections Superintendent	
	2019 Ford Supercab F-250 w/fuel transfer tank	1	Collections	
	2019 Ford Supercab F-250 w/fuel transfer tank	1	Collections	
	2019 Nissan Frontier	1	E/I Tech.	
Passenger Vehicles	2021 Ford Explorer	1	General Manager	
	2017 Ford European	1	Administration	
	2021 Toyota Rav4	1	Deputy GM	
Utility Truck	2011 Ford F550 Service Truck	1	Collections	
Sewer Maintenance	2014 International Terra Star Sreco Rodder	1	Collections	
Vehicles	2018 Ford F550 Flusher	1	Collections	
	2021 Vactor Combination Sewer Cleaner	1	Collections	
	2022 Vactor Combination Sewer Cleaner	1	Collections	
	2022 vactor Comomation Sewer Cleaner	1	Concetions	

CCTV Inspection Vehicle	2018 Ford Transit	1	Collections
Portable Radios	Motorola	6	Collections Department Office
Confined Space Equipment	DBI/SALA Davit Style Hoist & Winches 3 fall arrest/hoist + 2 winch/hoist only	5	Pump Station Service Truck and Confined Space Trailer.
Miscellaneous	Davit Arm Lift w/Winch (equipment lift)	1	Ignacio

**Table C.2:** Replacement Parts

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Part	Type	Size	Serial Number	Area Designated For Use/PS	Storage location
Spare Pump	Flygt	3hp	3085.190-1070066	Bahia 2, Enfrente, Automart	NTP Generator room
Spare Pump	Flygt	3hp	3085.070-1920024	Bahia 2, Entrente, Automart	NTP Generator room
Spare Pump	Flygt	3.9hp	3102.190-1280010	BMK 10, BMK 9	NTP Generator room
Spare Pump	Flygt	3.9hp	3102.190-1280013	BMK 10, BMK 9	NTP Generator room
Spare Pump	Flygt	5hp	3102.070-2020065	Bayside, Digital, Los Robles, BMK 1,2,3,4,6,7,8	NTP Generator room
		-		Redwood, Deer Island, Bahia 4,	
Spare Pump	Flygt	5hp	3102.070-1830043	Canyon	NTP Generator room
Spare Pump	Flygt	7.5hp	3127.095-1280003	Hanger	NTP Generator room
Spare Pump	Flygt	10hp	3127.095-115006	Scottsdale, Meadow Park, Bahia 1	NTP Generator room
Spare Pump	Flygt	10hp	3127.070-1840037	Scottsdale, Meadow Park, Bahia 1	NTP Generator room
Spare Pump	Flygt	15hp	3153.095-1930071	Blackpoint, Hamilton Meadows	NTP Generator room
				Marin Village, Western Oaks,	
Spare Pump	Flygt	20hp	3153.091-0960152	Rush Creek	NTP Generator room
				Marin Village, Western Oaks,	
Spare Pump	Flygt	20hp	3153.095-S1140002	Rush Creek	NTP Generator room

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# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) APPENDIX D – SANITARY SEWER BACKUP AND OVERFLOW RESPONSE PLAN

# **Novato Sanitary District**



Effective Date: 3/01/14

Revised Date: 8/27/18

Approved by: <u>Sandeep S. Karkal</u>

Signature: Sandeeps Hanking

Date: 8/27/11

Prepared by David Patzer, DKF Solutions Group (707) 373-9709 dpatzer@dkfsolutions.com

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# Novato Sanitary District: Overflow Emergency Response Plan

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# **Appendix E: Contractor Orientation**

# Sanitary Sewer Overflow Emergency Response Plan

(ref. SWRCB Order No. 2006-0003-DWQ Element VI)

# 1. Purpose

The purpose of the Novato Sanitary District's Overflow Emergency Response Plan (OERP) is to support an orderly and effective response to Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs). The OERP provides guidelines for District personnel to follow in responding to, cleaning up, and reporting SSOs that may occur within the District's service area. This OERP satisfies the SWRCB Statewide General Waste Discharge Requirements (GWDR), which require wastewater collection agencies to have an Overflow Emergency Response Plan.

# 2. Policy

The District's employees are required to report all wastewater overflows found and to take the appropriate action to secure the wastewater overflow area, properly report to the appropriate regulatory agencies, relieve the cause of the overflow, and ensure that the affected area is cleaned as soon as possible to minimize health hazards to the public and protect the environment. The District's goal is to respond to sewer system overflows as soon as possible following notification. The District will follow reporting procedures in regards to sewer spills as set forth by the San Francisco Regional Water Quality Control Board (*SFRWQCB*) and the California State Water Resources Control Board (*SWRCB*).

# 3. Definitions As Used In This OERP

**CALIFORNIA INTEGRATED WATER QUALITY SYSTEM (CIWQS):** Refers to the State Water Resources Control Board online electronic reporting system that is used to report SSOs, certify completion of the SSMP, and provide information on the sanitary sewer system.

**FROG** – **Fats**, **Roots**, **Oils**, **and Grease**: Refers to fats, oils, and grease typically associated with food preparation and cooking activities that can cause blockages in the sanitary sewer system. Tree root invasion (R) presents an additional problem. If a mat of root hair forms in the sewer line it slows the flow of wastewater and exacerbates the rate of accumulation of FOG materials.

**LEGALLY RESPONSIBLE OFFICIAL (LRO):** Refers to an individual who has the authority to certify reports and other actions that are submitted through CIWQS.

**MAINLINE SEWER**: Refers to District wastewater collection system piping that is not a private lateral connection to a user.

**MAINTENANCE HOLE OR MANHOLE:** Refers to an engineered structure that is intended to provide access to a sanitary sewer for maintenance and inspection.

**NOTIFICATION OF AN SSO:** Refers to the time at which the District becomes aware of an SSO event through observation or notification by the public or other source.

**NUISANCE** - California Water Code section 13050, subdivision (m), defines nuisance as anything that meets all of the following requirements:

- a. Is injurious to health, or is indecent or offensive to the senses, or an obstruction to the free use of property, so as to interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property.
- b. Affects at the same time an entire community or neighborhood, or any considerable number of persons, although the extent of the annoyance or damage inflicted upon individuals may be unequal.
- c. Occurs during, or as a result of, the treatment or disposal of wastes.

**PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE:** Refers to maintenance activities intended to prevent failures of the wastewater collection system facilities (e.g. cleaning, CCTV, inspection).

**PRIVATE LATERAL SEWAGE DISCHARGES** – Sewage discharges that are caused by blockages or other problems within a privately owned lateral.

**SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOW (SSO)** - Any overflow, spill, release, discharge or diversion of untreated or partially treated wastewater from a sanitary sewer system. SSOs include:

- (i) Overflows or releases of untreated or partially treated wastewater that reach waters of the United States:
- (ii) Overflows or releases of untreated or partially treated wastewater that do not reach waters of the United States; and
- (iii) Wastewater backups into buildings and on private property that are caused by blockages or flow conditions within the publicly owned portion of a sanitary sewer system.

SSOs that include multiple appearance points resulting from a single cause will be considered one SSO for documentation and reporting purposes in CIWQS.

<u>NOTE</u>: Wastewater backups into buildings caused by a blockage or other malfunction of a building lateral that is privately owned are not SSOs.

# **SSO Categories:**

- <u>Category 1</u>: Discharge of untreated or partially treated wastewater of any volume resulting from a sanitary sewer system failure or flow condition that either:
  - Reaches surface water and/or drainage channel tributary to a surface water; or
  - Reached a Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) and was not fully captured and returned to the sanitary sewer system or otherwise captured and disposed of properly.
- <u>Category 2</u>: Discharge of untreated or partially treated wastewater greater than or equal to 1,000 gallons resulting from a sanitary sewer system failure or flow condition that either:
  - Does not reach surface water, a drainage channel, or an MS4, or
  - The entire SSO discharged to the storm drain system was fully recovered and disposed of properly.
- <u>Category 3</u>: All other discharges of untreated or partially treated wastewater resulting from a sanitary sewer system failure or flow condition.

**SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM:** Any publicly-owned system of pipes, pump stations, sewer lines, or other conveyances, upstream of a wastewater treatment plant headworks used to collect and convey wastewater to the publicly owned treatment facility. Temporary storage and conveyance facilities (such as vaults, temporary piping, construction trenches, wet wells, impoundments, tanks, etc.) are considered to be part of the sanitary sewer system, and discharges into these temporary storage facilities are not considered to be SSOs.

**SENSITIVE AREA:** Refers to areas where an SSO could result in a fish kill or pose an imminent or substantial danger to human health (e.g. parks, aquatic habitats, etc.)

**SEWER SERVICE LATERAL:** Refers to the piping that conveys sewage from the building to the District's wastewater collection system.

**UNTREATED OR PARTIALLY TREATED WASTEWATER:** Any volume of waste discharged from the sanitary sewer system upstream of a wastewater treatment plant headworks.

**WATERS OF THE STATE:** Waters of the State (or waters of the United States) means any surface water, including saline waters, within the boundaries of California. In case of a sewage spill, storm drains are considered to be waters of the State unless the sewage is completely contained and returned to the wastewater collection system and that portion of the storm drain is cleaned.

# 4. State Regulatory Requirements for Element 6, Overflow Emergency Response Plan

# General Waste Discharge Requirement (GWDR)

The collection system agency shall develop and implement an overflow emergency response plan that identifies measures to protect public health and the environment. At a minimum, this plan must include the following:

- (a) Proper notification procedures so that the primary responders and regulatory agencies are informed of all SSOs in a timely manner;
- (b) A program to ensure appropriate response to all overflows;
- (c) Procedures to ensure prompt notification to appropriate regulatory agencies and other potentially affected entities (e.g. health agencies, regional water boards, water suppliers, etc.) of all SSOs that potentially affect public health or reach the waters of the State in accordance with the Monitoring and Reporting Program (MRP). All SSOs shall be reported in accordance with this MRP, the California Water Code, other State Law, and other applicable Regional Water Board Waste Discharge Requirements or National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit requirements. The Sewer System Management Plan should identify the officials who will receive immediate notification;
- (d) Procedures to ensure that appropriate staff and contractor personnel are aware of and follow the Emergency Response Plan and are appropriately trained;
- (e) Procedures to address emergency operations, such as traffic and crowd control and other necessary response activities; and
- (f) A program to ensure that all reasonable steps are taken to contain untreated wastewater and prevent discharge of untreated wastewater to Waters of the United States and minimize or correct any adverse impact on the environment resulting from the SSOs, including such accelerated or additional monitoring as may be necessary to determine the nature and impact of the discharge.

The Sewer System Management Plan and critical supporting documents are available to the public at www.novatosan.com.

# 5. Goals

The District's goals with respect to responding to SSOs are:

- Work safely;
- Respond quickly to minimize the volume of the SSO;
- Eliminate the cause of the SSO;
- Prevent sewage system overflows or leaks from entering the storm drain system or receiving waters to the maximum extent practicable;
- Contain the spilled wastewater to the extent feasible;
- Minimize public contact with the spilled wastewater;
- Mitigate the impact of the SSO;
- Meet the regulatory reporting requirements;
- Evaluate the causes of failure related to certain SSOs; and
- Revise response procedures resulting from the debrief and failure analysis of certain SSOs.

# 6. SSO Detection and Notification

ref. SWRCB Order No. 2006-0003-DWQ D.13vi(a)

The processes that are employed to notify the District of the occurrence of an SSO include: observation by the public, receipt of an alarm, or observation by District staff during the normal course of their work.

The District operates 38 wastewater lift stations. In the event of any pump failure, the high-level sensor activates the SCADA alarm system and the District is contacted. To prevent overflow, wastewater from the wet well can either be pumped into a vacuum truck for disposal to a nearby sanitary sewer manhole or bypassed around the station into the sanitary sewer system.

### 6.1 PUBLIC OBSERVATION

Public observation is the most common way that the District is notified of blockages and spills. Contact numbers and information for reporting sewer spills and backups are in the phone book and on the District's website: <a href="http://www.novatosan.com">http://www.novatosan.com</a>. To report sewer problems in the District, customers call (415) 892-1694. After hours the main number directs the caller to call Police Dispatch at (415) 897-1122.

When a report of a sewer spill or backup is made the call is routed to the Collections System Superintendent. If unavailable, the call is routed to the Collections System Leadworker.

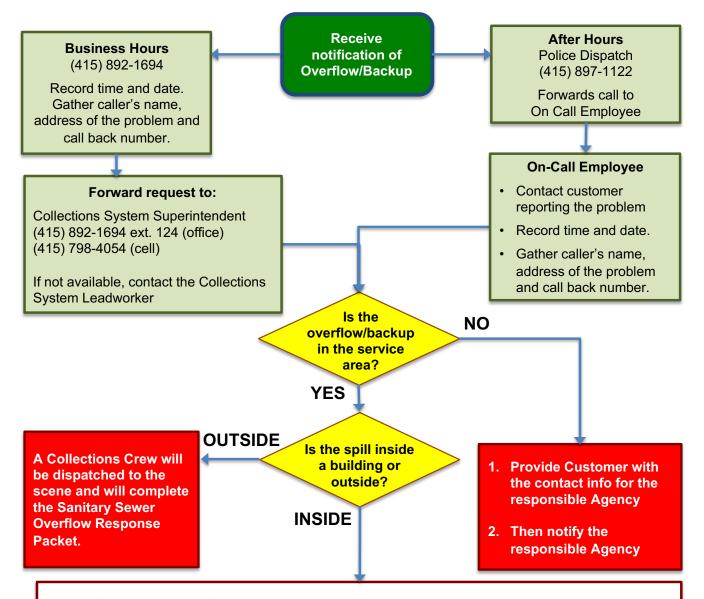
Whoever initially takes the call at the front desk will complete the service call form, regardless of complaint type. This form is routed to Collections System Superintendent or Collections System Leadworker. They will complete the form based on the results of the service call. The Collections System Superintendent or Collections System Leadworker will file the form in the Completed Service Call Binder.

The information collected includes:

- Time and date of call
- Specific location of potential overflow or incident
- Nature of call
- In case of SSO, estimated start time of overflow and how long it has been occurring
- Caller's name, address and telephone number
- Caller's observations (e.g., odor, duration, location on property, known impacts, indication if surface water impacted, appearance at cleanout or manhole)
- Other relevant information

The following (Fig. 6.1) is an overview of receiving a sewage overflow or backup report (see next page):

Fig. 6.1: Overview of Receiving a Sewage Overflow or Backup Report Procedure



# WHAT TO TELL THE CUSTOMER

Clearly communicate who will respond, estimated time they will arrive and what area(s) will need to be accessed.

- Clearly communicate that a blockage in the sewer main line will be promptly cleared, but that the City is **not** allowed to work on a blockage in the property owner's/resident's service lateral line. Use general terms that the caller can understand, and give the caller your name for future reference.
- · Show concern and empathy for the property owner/resident, but do not admit or deny liability.
- Instruct the caller to turn off any appliances that use water and to shut off any faucets inside the home.
- Instruct the caller to keep all family members and pets away from the affected area.
- Instruct the caller to place towels, rags, blankets, etc. between areas that have been affected and areas that have not been affected.
- Instruct the caller to not remove any contaminated items let the professionals do this.
- Instruct the caller to turn off their HVAC system and block floor level vents if applicable.
- Instruct the caller to move any uncontaminated property away from impacted areas.

A Collections Crew will be dispatched to the scene and will complete the Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet.

# 6.2 DISTRICT STAFF OBSERVATION

District staff conducts periodic inspections of its sewer system facilities as part of their routine activities. Any problems noted with the sewer system facilities are reported to appropriate District staff that, in turn, responds to emergency situations. Work orders are issued to correct non-emergency conditions.

# **6.3 CONTRACTOR OBSERVATION**

The following procedures are to be followed in the event that a contractor causes or witnesses a Sanitary Sewer Overflow. If the contractor causes or witnesses an SSO they will:

- 1. Immediately notify the District by calling 911
- 2. Protect storm drains
- 3. Protect the public
- 4. Provide Information to the District Collections Crew such as start time, appearance point(s), suspected cause, weather conditions, etc.
- 5. Direct all media and public relations requests to the General Manager-Chief Engineer

Appendix E includes a handout for Contractors with a flowchart of the above procedures.

# 7. SSO Response Procedures

ref. SWRCB Order No. 2006-0003-DWQ D.13vi(b)

# 7.1 Sewer Overflow/Backup Response Summary

The District will respond to SSOs as soon as feasible following notification of an overflow/backup or unauthorized discharge. The following (Figure 7.1) is an overview of the response activities.

Receive notification of Overflow/Backup or Unauthorized Discharge

Has the overflow impacted private property?

YES

Is it possible that the overflow/backup is due to a failure in the District-owned/maintained sewer lines?

NO

Figure 7.1 Overview of SSO/Backup Response

# **Collections Crew performs the following:**

Follow the instructions on the Sanitary Sewer Overflow Packet (Appendix C):

- Notify Collections Superintendent or designee of the incident
- Relieve blockage and clean impacted areas
- Forward the completed Sanitary Sewer Overflow Packet to the Collections System Superintendent or designee
- Collections System Superintendent or designee: Perform required regulatory reporting in accordance with the Regulatory Notifications Packet (inside the Sewer Overflow Packet)

# Collections Crew performs the following:

Follow the instructions on the Sanitary Sewer Backup Packet (Appendix B):

- Notify Collections System Superintendent or designee of the incident
- · Relieve blockage and clean impacted areas
- · Provide the customer the Customer Service Packet
- Forward the completed Sanitary Sewer Backup Packet to the Collections System Superintendent or designee
- · Collections System Superintendent or designee:
  - Perform required regulatory reporting in accordance with the Regulatory Notifications Packet (inside the Sewer Backup Packet)
  - Notify General Manager-Chief Engineer or Designee of incident

# Collections Crew performs the following:

Follow the instructions on the Sanitary Sewer Backup Packet (Appendix B):

### If customer is not home:

 Complete Door Hanger and leave on customer's door

# If customer is home:

- Explain to customer that the blockage is in their lateral and that the District does not have legal authority to maintain or perform work on privately owned laterals.
- Recommend to customer they hire a contractor to clear their line.
- Give customer the Sewer Spill Reference Guide pamphlet.

# General Manager-Chief Engineer performs the following:

 Review incident reports, claim form and other incident information and forward, as appropriate, to:

> Carl Warren and Co Attention: Alan Dialon

2300 Clayton Road, Concord, CA 94520

Telephone: (855) 763-5898

Email: csrmaclaims@carlwarren.com

- 2. Communicate with claimant as appropriate
- 2. Communicate with Carl Warren and Co. to adjust and administer the claim to closure

# 7.2 First Responder Priorities

The first responder's priorities are:

- To call in a second responder for any potential SSO call-out.
- To follow safe work practices.
- To respond promptly with the appropriate and necessary equipment.
- To contain the spill wherever feasible.
- To restore the flow as soon as practicable.
- To minimize public access to and/or contact with the spilled sewage.
- To promptly notify the Collections System Superintendent of any SSO.
- To return the spilled sewage to the sewer system.
- To restore the area to its original condition (or as close as possible).
- To photograph and document affected and unaffected areas from a spill.

# 7.3 Safety

The first responder is responsible for following safety procedures at all times. Special safety precautions must be observed when performing sewer work. There may be times when District personnel responding to a sewer system event are not familiar with potential safety hazards peculiar to sewer work. In such cases it is appropriate to take the time to discuss safety issues, consider the order of work, and check safety equipment before starting the job. This includes use of gas monitoring detectors for air quality in manholes and traffic controls at the site.

# 7.4 Initial Response

The first responder must respond to the reporting party/problem site and visually check for potential sewer stoppages or overflows.

The first responder will:

- Note arrival time at the site of the overflow/backup.
- Verify the existence of a public sewer system spill or backup.
- Determine if the overflow or blockage is from a public or private sewer.
- Identify and assess the affected area and extent of spill.
- Contact caller if time permits.
- Document the SSO event from start to finish with a time-stamped photographic timeline of the event in addition to narrative documentation.
- Decide whether to proceed with clearing the blockage to restore the flow or to initiate containment measures. The guidance for this decision is:
  - o Small spills (i.e., spills that are easily contained) proceed with clearing the blockage.
  - Moderate or large spill where containment is anticipated to be simple proceed with the containment measures.
  - Moderate or large spills where containment is anticipated to be difficult proceed with clearing the blockage; however, whenever deemed necessary, call for additional assistance and implement containment measures.
- Take steps to contain the SSO. For detailed procedures refer to Appendix B: Sanitary Sewer Backup Procedures, and Appendix C: Sanitary Sewer Overflow Packet.

# 7.6 Initiate Spill Containment Measures

The first responder will attempt to contain as much of the spilled sewage as possible using the following steps:

- Determine the immediate destination of the overflowing sewage.
- Plug storm drains using air plugs, sandbags, and/or plastic mats to contain the spill, whenever appropriate. If spilled sewage has made contact with the storm drainage system, attempt to contain the spilled sewage by plugging downstream storm drainage facilities.
- Contain/direct the spilled sewage using dike/dam or sandbags.
- Pump around the blockage/pipe failure.

For detailed procedures refer to Appendix C: Sanitary Sewer Overflow Packet.

# 7.5 Restore Flow

Using the appropriate cleaning equipment, set up downstream of the blockage and hydro-clean upstream from a clear manhole. Attempt to remove the blockage from the system and observe the flows to ensure that the blockage does not reoccur downstream. If the blockage cannot be cleared within a reasonable time from arrival, or sewer requires construction repairs to restore flow, then initiate containment and/or bypass pumping. If assistance is required, immediately contact other employees, contractors, and equipment suppliers. For detailed procedures refer to Appendix C: Sanitary Sewer Overflow Packet.

# 7.6 Equipment

This section provides a list of specialized equipment that is required to support this Overflow Emergency Response Plan.

- Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) Inspection Unit A CCTV Inspection Unit is required to determine the root cause for all SSOs from gravity sewers.
- Camera -- A digital or disposable camera is required to record the conditions upon arrival, during clean up, and upon departure.
- Emergency Response Trucks -- A utility body pickup truck, or open bed is required to store and transport the equipment needed to effectively respond to sewer emergencies. The equipment and tools will include containment and clean up materials.
- Portable Generators, Portable Pumps, Piping, and Hoses Equipment used to bypass pump, divert, or power equipment to mitigate an SSO.
- Combination Sewer Cleaning Trucks -- Combination high velocity sewer cleaning trucks with vacuum tanks are required to clear blockages in gravity sewers, vacuum spilled sewage, and wash down the impacted area following the SSO event.
- Hand Rods Equipment used in easements and locations inaccessible by vehicles.
- Plugs, Sandbags, Plastic Mats
- Portable Lights
- SSO Sampling Kit

The standard operating procedures for all equipment is located on that piece of equipment as well as on the District server.

# 8. Recovery and Cleanup

ref. SWRCB Order No. 2006-0003-DWQ D.13vi(e)

The recovery and cleanup phase begins immediately after the flow has been restored and the spilled sewage has been contained to the extent possible. The SSO recovery and cleanup procedures are:

# 8.1 Estimate the Volume of Spilled Sewage

Use the methods outlined in the Sanitary Sewer Backup Packet (Appendix B), Sanitary Sewer Overflow Packet (Appendix C), and/or the Field Guide to estimate the volume of the spilled sewage. Wherever possible, document the estimate using photos and/or video of the SSO site before and during the recovery operation.

# 8.2 Recovery of Spilled Sewage

Vacuum up and/or pump the spilled sewage and rinse water and discharge it back into the sanitary sewer system.

# 8.3 Clean-up and Disinfection

Clean up and disinfection procedures will be implemented to reduce the potential for human health issues and adverse environmental impacts that are associated with an SSO event. The procedures described are for dry weather conditions and will be modified as required for wet weather conditions. Where cleanup is beyond the capabilities of District staff, a cleanup contractor will be used.

# Private Property

District crews are responsible for the cleanup when the property damage is minor in nature and is outside of private building dwellings, such as in front, side and backyards, easements, etc. If the District is responsible for the discharge, the Collection System Superintendent or designee will call in an approved water damage restoration company. In all other cases, affected property owners can call a water damage restoration company to complete the cleanup and restoration. In both cases, District claim forms may be issued if requested by the property owners.

# Hard Surface Areas

Remove all signs of sewage solids and sewage-related material either by protected hand or with the use of rakes and brooms, then wash down the affected area with clean water until the water runs clear. The flushing volume will be approximately three times the estimated volume of the spill. Crews will take reasonable steps to contain and vacuum up the wastewater, allow area to dry, and repeat the process if additional cleaning is required.

# Landscaped and Unimproved Natural Vegetation

Collect all signs of sewage solids and sewage-related material either by protected hand or with the use of rakes and brooms. Wash down the affected area with clean water until the water runs clear. The flushing volume will be approximately three times the estimated volume of the spill. Either contain or vacuum up the wash water so that none is released. Allow the area to dry. Repeat the process if additional cleaning is required.

# Natural Waterways

The Department of Fish and Wildlife will be notified by CalOES for SSOs greater than or equal to 1,000 gallons.

Wet Weather Modifications

Omit flushing and sampling during heavy storm events (i.e., sheet of rainwater across paved surfaces) with heavy runoff where flushing is not required and sampling would not provide meaningful results.

# 8.4 Public Notification

Signs will be posted and barricades put in place to keep vehicles and pedestrians away from contact with spilled sewage. County Environmental Health instructions and directions regarding placement and language of public warnings will be followed when directed. Additionally, the Collections System Superintendent will use his/her best judgment regarding supplemental sign placement in order to protect the public and local environment. Signs will not be removed until directed by County Environmental Health, Collections System Superintendent, or designee.

Creeks, streams and beaches that have been contaminated as a result of an SSO will be posted at visible access locations until the risk of contamination has subsided to acceptable background bacteria levels. The warning signs, once posted, will be checked at least every day to ensure that they are still in place. Photographs of sign placement will be taken.

In the event that an overflow occurs at night, the location will be inspected first thing the following day. The field crew will look for any signs of sewage solids and sewage-related material that may warrant additional cleanup activities.

When contact with the local media is deemed necessary, the General Manager-Chief Engineer or their designee will provide the media with all revelvant information.

# 9. Water Quality

ref. SWRCB Order No. 2006-0003-DWQ D.13vi(f)

# 9.1 Water Quality Monitoring Plan

The District Water Quality Monitoring Plan will be implemented immediately (within 48 hours after initial SSO notification) upon discovery of any Category 1 SSO of 50,000 gallons or more in order to assess impacts from SSOs to surface waters.

To comply with subsection D.7(v) of the SSS WDRs, the enrollee shall develop and implement an SSO Water Quality Monitoring Program to assess impacts from SSOs to surface waters in which 50,000 gallons or greater are spilled to surface waters. The SSO Water Quality Monitoring Program, shall, at a minimum:

- 1. Contain protocols for water quality monitoring.
- 2. Account for spill travel time in the surface water and scenarios where monitoring may not be possible (e.g. safety, access restrictions, etc.).
- 3. Require water quality analyses for ammonia and bacterial indicators to be performed by an accredited or certified laboratory.
- 4. Require monitoring instruments and devices used to implement the SSO Water Quality Monitoring Program to be properly maintained and calibrated, including any records to document maintenance and calibration, as necessary, to ensure their continued accuracy.
- 5. Within 48 hours of the enrollee becoming aware of the SSO, require water quality sampling for, at a minimum, the following constituents:

- a. Ammonia
- Appropriate Bacterial indicator(s) per the applicable Basin Plan water quality objective or Regional Board direction which may include total and fecal coliform, enterococcus, and e-coli.

# 9.2 Water Quality Sampling and Testing

Water quality sampling and testing is required whenever there is a Category 1 SSO of 50,000 gallons or more and is performed to determine the extent and impact of the SSO. The water quality sampling procedures must be implemented with 48 hours and include the following:

- The District Collections Staff should collect water samples as soon as possible after the discovery and mitigation of the SSO event.
- The water quality samples should be collected from upstream of the spill, from the spill area, and downstream of the spill in flowing water (e.g. creeks). The water quality samples should be collected near the point of entry of the spilled sewage.
- The samples shall then be brought to the Novato Sanitary District Laboratory or other approved laboratory facility.

Refer to Appendix C and Appendix D for additional information.

# 9.3 SSO Technical Report

The District will submit an SSO Technical Report to the CIWQS Online SSO Database within 45 calendar days of the SSO end date for any SSO in which 50,000 gallons or greater are spilled to surface waters. The Collections System Superintendent will supervise the preparation of this report and certify it. This report, which does not preclude the Water Boards from requiring more detailed analyses if requested, shall include at a minimum, the following:

# Causes and Circumstances of the SSO:

- Complete and detailed explanation of how and when the SSO was discovered.
- Photographs of the three sampling points: point of entry, upstream, and downstream.
- Diagram showing the SSO failure point, appearance point(s), and final destination(s).
- Detailed description of the methodology employed and available data used to calculate the volume of the SSO and, if applicable, the SSO volume recovered.
- Detailed description of the cause(s) of the SSO.
- Copies of original field crew records used to document the SSO.
- Historical maintenance records for the failure location.

# District's Response to SSO:

- Chronological narrative description of all actions taken by the District to terminate the spill.
- Explanation of how the SSMP Overflow Emergency Response Plan was implemented to respond to and mitigate the SSO.
- Final corrective action(s) completed and/or planned to be completed, including a schedule for actions not yet completed.

# Water Quality Monitoring:

- Description of all water quality sampling activities conducted including analytical results and evaluation of the results.
- Detailed location map illustrating all water quality sampling points.

#### 10. Sewer Backup Into/Onto Private Property Claims Handling Policy

It is the policy of the District that a claims form shall be offered to anyone wishing to file a claim. The following procedures will be observed for all sewer overflows/backups into/onto private property:

- District staff will offer a District claim form irrespective of fault whenever it is possible that the sanitary sewer backup may have resulted from an apparent blockage in the District-owned sewer lines or whenever a District customer requests a claim form. The claim may later be rejected if subsequent investigations into the cause of the loss indicate the District was not at fault.
- It is the responsibility of the Collections Crew to gather information regarding the incident and notify the Collections System Superintendent or his/her designee.
- It is the responsibility of the General Manager-Chief Engineer to review all claims and to oversee the adjustment and administration of the claim to closure.

## 11. Notification, Reporting, Monitoring and Recordkeeping Requirements ref. SWRCB Order No. 2006-0003-DWQ D.13vi(c)

In accordance with the Statewide General Waste Discharge Requirements for Sanitary Sewer Systems (SSS GWDRs), the Novato Sanitary District maintains records for each sanitary sewer overflow. Records include:

- Documentation of response steps and/or remedial actions
- Photographic evidence to document the extent of the SSO, field crew response operations, and site
  conditions after field crew SSO response operations have been completed. The date, time, location,
  and direction of photographs taken will be documented.
- Documentation of how any estimations of the volume of discharged and/or recovered volumes were calculated including all assumptions made.
- Regulator required notifications are outlined in Section 11.1 on the following page.

#### 11.1 Requirements Table

ELEMENT	REQUIREMENT	METHOD
NOTIFICATION	Within two hours of becoming aware of any Category 1 SSO greater than or equal to 1,000 gallons discharged to surface water or spilled in a location where it probably will be discharged to surface water, the District will notify the California Office of Emergency Services (CalOES) and obtain a notification control number.	Call Cal OES at: (800) 852-7550
REPORTING	<ul> <li>Category 1 SSO: The District will submit draft report within three business days of becoming aware of the SSO and certify within 15 calendar days of SSO end date.</li> <li>Category 2 SSO: The District will submit draft report within 3 business days of becoming aware of the SSO and certify within 15 calendar days of the SSO end date.</li> <li>Category 3 SSO: The District will submit certified report within 30 calendar days of the end of month in which SSO the occurred.</li> <li>SSO Technical Report: The District will submit within 45 calendar days after the end date of any Category 1 SSO in which 50,000 gallons or greater are spilled to surface waters.</li> <li>"No Spill" Certification: The District will certify that no SSOs occurred within 30 calendar days of the end of the month or, if reporting quarterly, the quarter in which no SSOs occurred.</li> <li>Collection System Questionnaire: The District will update and certify every 12 months</li> </ul>	Enter data into the CIWQS Online SSO Database¹  (http://ciwqs.waterboards.ca.gov/) certified by the Legally Responsible Official(s)².  All information required by CIWQS will be captured in the Sanitary Sewer Overflow Report.  Certified SSO reports may be updated by amending the report or adding an attachment to the SSO report within 120 calendar days after the SSO end date.  After 120 days, the State SSO Program Manager must be contacted to request to amend an SSO report along with a justification for why the additional information was not available prior to the end of the 120 days.
WATER QUALITY MONITORING	The District will conduct water quality sampling within 48 hours after initial SSO notification for Category 1 SSOs in which 50,000 gallons or greater are spilled to surface waters.	Water quality results will be uploaded into CIWQS for Category 1 SSOs in which 50,000 gallons or greater are spilled to surface waters.
RECORD KEEPING	<ul> <li>The District will maintain the following records:</li> <li>SSO event records.</li> <li>Records documenting Sanitary Sewer Management Plan (SSMP) implementation and changes/updates to the SSMP.</li> <li>Records to document Water Quality Monitoring for SSOs of 50,000 gallons or greater spilled to surface waters.</li> <li>Collection system telemetry records if relied upon to document and/or estimate SSO Volume.</li> </ul>	Self-maintained records shall be available during inspections or upon request.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In the event that the CIWQS online SSO database is not available, the Collections System Superintendent will notify SWRCB by phone and will fax or e-mail all required information to the RWQCB office at (510) 622-2460 in accordance with the time schedules identified above. In such an event, the District will submit the appropriate reports using the CIWQS online SSO database when the database becomes available. A copy of all documents that certify the submittal in fulfillment of this section shall be retained in the SSO file.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The District always has at least one LRO. Any change in the LRO(s) including deactivation or a change to contact information, will be submitted to the SWRCB within 30 days of the change by calling (866) 792-4977 or emailing help@ciwqs.waterboards.ca.gov.

For reporting purposes, if one SSO event of whatever category results in multiple appearance points in a sewer system, a single SSO report is required in CIWQS that includes the GPS coordinates for the location of the SSO appearance point closest to the failure point, blockage or location of the flow condition that cause the SSO, and descriptions of the locations of all other discharge points associated with the single SSO event.

#### 11.2 Complaint Records

The District maintains records of all complaints received whether or not they result in sanitary sewer overflows. These complaint records include:

- Date, time, and method of notification
- Date and time the complainant or informant first noticed the SSO or occurrence related to the call
- Narrative description describing the complaint
- A statement from the complainant or informant, if they know, of whether or not the potential SSO may have reached waters of the state
- Name, address, and contact telephone number of the complainant or informant reporting the potential SSO (if not reported anonymously)
- Follow-up return contact information for each complaint received (if not reported anonymously)
- Final resolution of the complaint with the original complainant
- Work service request information used to document all feasible and remedial actions taken

Records will be maintained for a minimum of five years.

#### 12. Post SSO Event Debriefing

ref. SWRCB Order No. 2006-0003-DWQ D.13vi(d)

Every SSO event is an opportunity to evaluate the response and reporting procedures. Each overflow event is unique, with its own elements and challenges including volume, cause, location, terrain, climate, and other parameters.

As soon as possible after Category 1 and Category 2 SSO events, all of the participants, from the person who received the call to the last person to leave the site, will meet to review the procedures used and to discuss what worked and where improvements could be made in preventing or responding to and mitigating future SSO events. The results of the debriefing will be documented and tracked to ensure the action items are completed as scheduled.

#### 13. Failure Analysis Investigation

ref. SWRCB Order No. 2006-0003-DWQ D.13vi(d)

The objective of the failure analysis investigation is to determine the "root cause" of the SSO and to identify corrective action(s) needed that will reduce or eliminate future potential for the SSO to recur or for other SSOs to occur.

The investigation will include reviewing all relevant data to determine appropriate corrective action(s) for the line segment. The investigation will include:

- Reviewing and completing the Sanitary Sewer Overflow Report (in Appendices B and C) and any other documents related to the incident
- Reviewing the incident timeline and other documentation regarding the incident,
- Reviewing communications with the reporting party and witness(es).
- Review volume estimate, volume recovered estimate, volume estimation assumptions and associated drawings,
- Reviewing available photographs,
- Interviewing staff that responded to the spill.
- · Reviewing past maintenance records,
- Reviewing past CCTV records,
- Conducting a CCTV inspection to determine the condition of all line segments immediately following the SSO and reviewing the video and logs,
- Reviewing any FROG related information or results
- Post SSO debrief records
- Interviews with the public at the SSO location

The product of the failure analysis investigation will be the determination of the root cause and the identification and scheduling of the corrective actions. The Overflow Follow Up Form will be used to document the investigation.

#### 14. SSO Response Training

ref. SWRCB Order No. 2006-0003-DWQ D.13vi(d)

This section provides information on the training that is required to support this Overflow Emergency Response Plan.

#### 14.1 Initial and Annual Refresher Training

All District personnel who may have a role in responding to, reporting, and/or mitigating a sewer system overflow will receive training on the contents of this OERP. All new employees will receive training before they are placed in a position where they may have to respond. Current employees will receive annual refresher training on this plan and the procedures to be followed. The District will document all training.

Affected employees will receive annual training on the following topics by knowledgeable trainers:

- The District's Overflow Emergency Response Plan and Sanitary Sewer Management Plan
- Sanitary Sewer Overflow Volume Estimation Techniques
- Researching and documenting Sanitary Sewer Overflow Start Times
- Impacted Surface Waters: Response Procedures
- State Water Resources Control Board Employee Knowledge Expectations
- Employee Core Competency Evaluations on Sanitary Sewer Operations
- Water Quality Sampling Plan

The District will verify that annual safety training requirements are current for each employee, and that employees are competent in the performance of all core competencies. This will be verified through electronic testing, interviews and observations. The District will address, through additional training/instruction, any identified gaps in required core competencies.

Through SWRCB Employee Knowledge Expectations training the employee will be able to answer the following:

- 1. Please briefly describe your name and job title.
- 2. Please describe for us approximately when you started in this field and how long you have worked for your agency.
- 3. Please expand on your current position duties and role in responding in the field to any SSO complaints.
- 4. Please describe your SOPs used to respond/mitigate SSOs when they occur.
- 5. Describe any training your agency provides or sends you to for conducting spill volume estimates
- 6. We are interested in learning more about how your historical SSO response activities have worked in the field. We understand from discussions with management earlier that you use the OERP from the SSMP. Please elaborate on how you implement and utilize the procedures in the plan.
- 7. Historically, before any recent changes, can you please walk us through how you would typically receive and respond to any SSO complaints in the field?
- 8. Can you tell us who is responsible for estimating SSO volumes discharged? If it is you, please describe how you go about estimating the SSO volume that you record on the work order/service request forms?
- 9. What other information do you collect or record other than what is written on the work order form?
- 10. Describe if and when you ever talk with people that call in SSOs (either onsite or via telephone) to further check out when the SSO might have occurred based on what they or others know? If you do this, can you tell us where this information is recorded?
- 11. We understand you may be instructed to take pictures of some sewer spills/backups into structures. Other than these SSOs, when else would you typically take any pictures of an SSO?
- 12. Please walk us through anything else you'd like to add to help us better understand how your field crews respond and mitigate SSO complaints.

#### 14.2 SSO Response Drills

Periodic training drills or field exercises will be held to ensure that employees are up to date on these procedures, equipment is in working order, and the required materials are readily available. The training drills will cover scenarios typically observed during sewer related emergencies (e.g. mainline blockage, mainline failure, force main failure, pump station failure, and lateral blockage). The results and the observations during the drills will be recorded and action items will be tracked to ensure completion.

#### 14.3 SSO Training Record Keeping

Records will be kept of all training that is provided in support of this plan. The records for all scheduled training courses and for each overflow emergency response training event and will include date, time, place, content, name of trainer(s), and names and titles of attendees.

#### 14.4 Contractors Working On District Sewer Facilities

All construction contractors working on District sewer facilities will be required to develop a project-specific OERP, will provide project personnel with training regarding the content of the contractor's OERP and their role in the event of an SSO, and to follow that OERP in the event that they cause or observe an SSO. Emergency response procedures shall be discussed at project pre-construction meetings, regular project meetings and after any contractor involved incidents.

All service contractors will be provided, and required to observe contractor procedures. See Appendix E: Contractor Orientation.

#### 15. Authority

- Health & Safety Code Sections 5410-5416
- CA Water Code Section 13271
- Fish & Wildlife Code Sections 5650-5656
- State Water Resources Control Board Order No. 2006-0003-DWQ
- State Water Resources Control Board Order No. WQ 2013-0058-EXEC effective September 9, 2013

#### 16. References

- Sanitary Sewer Overflow and Backup Response Field Guide, 2013, DKF Solutions Group, LLC
- Appendix A: Regulatory Notifications Packet
- Appendix B: Sanitary Sewer Backup Packet
- Appendix C: Sanitary Sewer Overflow Packet
- Appendix D: Field Sampling Kit
- Appendix E: Contractor Orientation

# Appendix A REGULATORY NOTIFICATIONS PACKET

#### **Regulatory Notifications Packet**

#### Instructions:

- Receive call from on-site crew reporting a Sanitary Sewer Overflow.
- 2. Open this packet.
- 3. Refer to the Regulatory Reporting Guide (A-1) for instructions.
- 4. Use the SSO Reporting Checklist for the appropriate category of spill (A-2a or A-2b) to document that all notifications are made according to the reporting schedule.

#### **Contents:**

<u>Form</u>	<u>Page Number</u>
Regulatory Reporting Guide	A-1
Reporting Checklist: Category 1	2a
Reporting Checklist: Categories 2 and 3	2b
RWQCB Notification Fax	3

Print on 6"x9" envelope

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## Regulatory Notifications Packet Regulatory Reporting Guide

	Reporting Instructions				
Deadline	See reverse side for contact of spills of untreated or partially treated	information and definition wastewater from publically of	s of the categories owned sanitary sewer system	Spill from Private	
	Category 1	Category 2	Category 3	Lateral	
2 hours after awareness of SSO	If the spill is greater than or equal to 1,000 gallons, call CalOES at (800) 852-7550      If the spill is greater than or equal to 1,000 gallons, call CalOES at (800) 852-7550      If the spill is greater than or	Notify Marin County Environmental Health <sup>+</sup>	Notify Marin County Environmental Health <sup>+</sup>	-	
	Notify Marin County Environmental Health				
4 hours after awareness	If this incident includes a sewer bac Carl Warren and Co.	backup into a home or business, contact			
48 Hours after awareness of SSO	If 50,000 gal or more were not recovered, begin water quality sampling and initiate impact assessment	-	-	-	
3 Days after awareness of SSO	Submit Draft Spill Report in the CIWQS* database	Submit Draft Spill Report in the CIWQS* database	-	-	
15 Days after end date	Certify Spill Report in CIWQS*. Update as needed until 120 days after SSO end date	Certify Spill Report in the CIWQS* database. Update as needed until 120 days after SSO end date	-	-	
30 Days after end of calendar month in which SSO occurred	-	-	Certify Spill Report in the CIWQS* database. Update as needed until 120 days after SSO end date	-	
45 days after SSO end date	If 50,000 gal or more were not recovered, submit SSO Technical Report using CIWQS*	-	-	-	

Unless volume/impact is minimal

**Note**: For reporting purposes, if one SSO event results in multiple appearance points, complete one SSO report in the CIWQS SSO Online Database, and report the location of the SSO failure point, blockage or location of the flow condition that caused the SSO, in the CIWQS SSO Online Database, including all the discharge points associated with the SSO event.

<sup>\*</sup> In the event that the CIWQS online SSO database is not available, do the following until the CIWQS online SSO database becomes available: (See contact information on Side B)

<sup>1.</sup> Make required notifications to the San Francisco Regional Water Quality Control Board (SFRWQCB office) using A-3, and

<sup>2.</sup> Notify the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) by phone or email

## Regulatory Notifications Packet Regulatory Reporting Guide

#### **Contact Information**

Contact	Telephone/Email
CalOES:	(800) 852-7550
Carl Warren and Co.	(855) 763-5898
Marin County Environmental Health Department:	Rebecca Ng Email: Rng@co.marin.ca.us Telephone: (415) 499-6907 Fax: (415) 507-4120
San Francisco Regional Water Quality Control Board (SFRWQCB):	Phone: (510) 622-2300 Fax: (510) 622-2460
State Water Resources Control Board	(SWRCB):
Permit/Reporting Information: Gil Va	azquez (916) 322-1400 Gil.Vazquez@waterboards.ca.gov
Inspection/Enforcement Information	: Jim Fischer (916) 341-5548 Jim.Fischer@waterboards.ca.gov

#### **Authorized Personnel**

The following are authorized to perform regulatory reporting:

Title	Contact	Check if LRO*
Collections System Superintendent	(415) 892-1694 Ext. 124	•
Collections System Leadworker	(415) 892-1694 Ext. 126	
Deputy General Manager	(415) 892-1694 Ext. 111	1
General Manager-Chief Engineer	(415) 892-1694 Ext. 106	1

<sup>\*</sup>The District's Legally Responsible Officials (LROs) are authorized to electronically sign and certify SSO reports in CIWQS.

#### **Definitions of SSO Categories**

The response crew will complete the SSO Report form in the SSO Packet to document how the category was determined.

Category	Definition	
Category 1:	Discharge of untreated or partially treated wastewater of any volume resulting from a sanitary sewer system failure or flow condition that either:	
	Reaches surface water and/or drainage channel tributary to a surface water; or	
	<ul> <li>Reached a Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) and was not fully captured and returned to the sanitary sewer system or otherwise captured and disposed of properly.</li> </ul>	
Category 2:	Discharge of untreated or partially treated wastewater greater than or equal to 1,000 gallons resulting from a sanitary sewer system failure or flow condition that either:	
	Does not reach surface water, a drainage channel, or an MS4, or	
	<ul> <li>The entire SSO discharged to the storm drain system was fully recovered and disposed of properly.</li> </ul>	
Category 3:	All other discharges of untreated or partially treated wastewater resulting from a sanitary sewer system failure or flow condition	

## Regulatory Notifications Packet Category 1 SSO Reporting Checklist

**A-2**a

#### **Use this Checklist for Category 1 SSOs only**

STEP 1	1: Receive ca	II from crew.			
STEP 2		ification: If the SSO is greater the agency was notified of the SSO.	nan or equal t	o 1,000 gallons, notify	CalOES within 2 hours
□ No	otify CalOES at (8	300) 852-7550:			
(	o Date Called:				
(	o Time called:	:		□РМ	
(	o CalOES Conti	rol number:			
(	<ul><li>District persor</li></ul>	nnel who called CalOES: Nan Title			
(	<ul> <li>Individual they</li> </ul>	spoke to at CalOES:			
□ No	otify Marin County	Environmental Health. See RN-1	Side B for cor	tact information.	
STEP 3		<b>ification</b> includes a sewer backup into a ho me the District was notified of the S		s, contact Carl Warrer	n and Co. within four
□ No	otify Carl Warren a	and Co. at (855) 763-5898			
STEP 4	4: Within 48-H	Hours after awareness of S	80		
□ <u>Or</u>	nly if 50,000 gallor	ns or more was not recovered, impl	ement Water	Quality Monitoring Plan	٦.
STEP	5: Within 3 Da	ays after awareness of SSO			
□ Si	ıbmit a Draft Spill	Report using the CIWQS online rep	orting databa	se.	
STEP 5	5: Within 15 E	Days after end date			
		e Spill Report using the CIWQS onl 20 days following the conclusion of			ts to the Spill Report may
STEP 6	6: Within 45 <b>D</b>	Days after SSO end date			
		the conclusion of the SSO Respor abase <u>only if 50,000 gallons or mor</u>			t using the CIWQS
This form	n completed by: _			T''.	
Thin for	n oomeleted be	Name		Title	Date
ins iom	n completed by: _	Name	-	Title	 Date

## Regulatory Notifications Packet Category 2 & 3 SSO Reporting Checklist

A-2b

#### Use this Checklist for Category 2 and 3 SSOs only

STEP 1:	Receive call from crew.		
STEP 2:	<b>4-hour Notification</b> If this incident includes a sewer backup into a honhours of the time the District was notified of the St		arren and Co. within four
☐ Notify	Carl Warren and Co. at (855) 763-5898		
STEP 3:	Submit Draft Spill Report (Category 2 of	only)	
	it a Draft Spill Report using the CIWQS online reports 2 SSO.	orting database within 3 days af	fter awareness of
☐ Notify	Marin County Environmental Health for all SSOs	to land. See RN-1 Side B for co	ontact information.
STEP 4:	Certify Spill Report		
	y the Spill Report using the CIWQS online reportin Category 2 SSO: Within 15 days after the conclu- Category 3 SSO: Within 30 days after the end o	usion of the response f the calendar month in which th	
This form c	ompleted by:	 Title	 
This form o	ompleted by:	Title	Date

## Regulatory Notifications Packet Regional Water Quality Control Board Notification Fax

**A-3** 

NOTE TO Novato San Staff: Only use this form in the event that the CIWQS online SSO database is not available

FAX TO:	San Francisco Regio Fax Number: (510) 6		y Contr	ol Board	Date: # Pages:	
FROM:	Novato Sanitary Distr Telephone: (415) 8 Fax: (415) 8	92-1694				
Address of	SSO:		Ci	ity:		
County:			Da	ate/Time:		
SSO Start	Time:		s	SO Stop Time:		
Volume of	SSO:		Vo	olume Recover	ed:	
Final Dispo	sition:					
Affected W	ater Body:					
Samples C	ollected? □YES □N	IO				
Taken to:						
	bers:					
Agencies l	Notified Number(s	)		<u>Contact</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Date</u>
CalOES	(800) 852-	7550 □YES	□NO			
M.C.E.H.S		6907 □YES				
CIQWS		□YES	□NO			

# Appendix B SANITARY SEWER BACKUP RESPONSE PACKET

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet **Table of Contents**

<u>Form</u>	Form Number
Instructions and Chain of Custody	packet envelope
Backup Response Flowchart	B-1
Bubbled Toilets Letter	2
Declination of Cleaning Services (3-copy NCR)	3
First Responder Form	4
Lodging Authorization Form (3-copy NCR)	5
Rejection of Lodging/Relocation Recommendation (3-copy NCR)	6
Service Call Form	7
Overflow Follow-Up Form	8
Sewer Overflow Report	9
Start Time Determination Form	10
Volume Estimation Forms11	la, -11b, -11c, -11d
Claims Submittal Checklist	12
Customer Service Packet Instructions Customer Information Claim Form Sewer Spill Reference Guide	CS-1
Regulatory Notifications Packet InstructionsRegulatory Reporting GuideCategory 1 SSO Reporting ChecklistCategory 2 & 3 SSO Reporting Checklist	A-1 2a
Door Hanger	n/a

# In the event of a **Sewer Backup** into a home/business **READ THIS FIRST**

If this is a Category 1 SSO greater than or equal to 1,000 gallons contact the Collections System Superintendent, Collections System Leadworker or General Manager-Chief Engineer to make the 2-hour notification to CalOES

Notifications Trigger: Contact Immediately:		Telephone:
For all Category 1 SSOs greater than or	Collections System Superintendent	(415) 798-4054
equal to 1,000 gallons	Collections System Leadworker	(415) 892-1694 ext. 126
	General Manager-Chief Engineer	(415) 892-1694 ext. 111
For all backups into/onto private property possibly due to problems in the public sewer	Carl Warren & Co.	(855) 763-5898
For cleaning services	Paul Davis Restoration	(707) 782-1999
(Crew only contact if instructed to do so)	Restoration Management	(800) 400-5058
	PuroClean	(800) 775-7876
For any media requests	General Manager-Chief Engineer or Deputy District Manager/Engineer	(415) 892-1694  Don't forget photos!

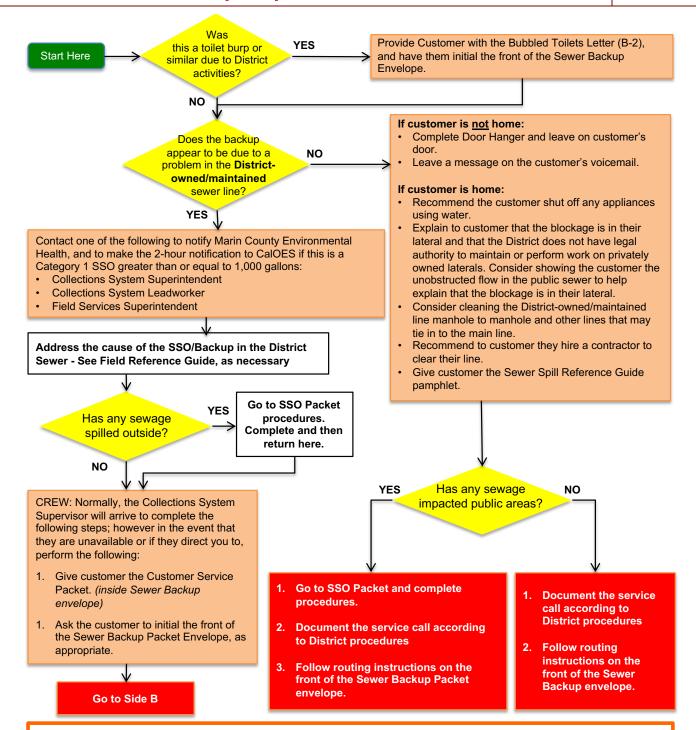
Со	llections Crew:	
	Follow the instructions on the Sewer Backup Response Flowchart (B-1). Note: If multiple dwelling units are affected, use one packet per unit and check here: $\Box$	Print Name:
	If indicated on the flowchart, give the customer the Bubbled Toilets Letter and/or the Customer Service Packet and have them initial here: Customer acknowledges receipt of Bubbled Toilets Letter: Customer acknowledges receipt of Customer Service Packet:	Initial:  Date:
	Place completed forms in this envelope, complete the Chain of Custody record (right) and forward this packet to the Collections System Superintendent.	Time:
Со	llections System Superintendent:	Print Name:
C	Review the enclosed forms.	
[	Complete the Regulatory Notifications Packet.	Initial:
[	Occupated the Oleine Output Hel Observation	
	Complete the Claims Submittal Checklist.	Date:

#### **General Manager-Chief Engineer:**

☐ Refer to the Claims Submittal Checklist.

Novato Sanitary District Overflow Emergency Response Plan Sanitary Sewer Backup Packet

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Backup Response Flowchart



#### MEDIA AND PUBLIC RELATIONS GUIDELINES:

Exercise caution in contacts with the public or media when you respond to a spill. Any information you provide or statements you make may become pertinent in the event of possible court action, it is important to **AVOID THE FOLLOWING**:

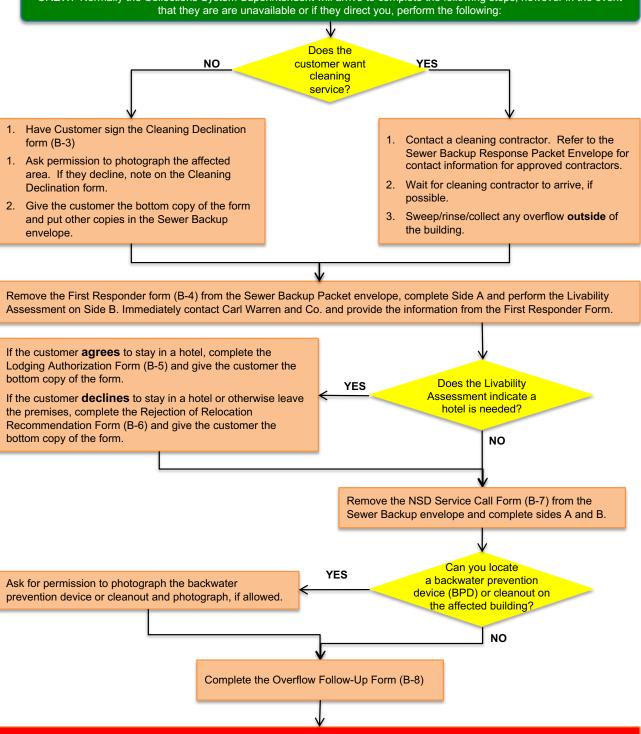
- Giving out the wrong information,
- Making accusations against customers, businesses or other agencies
- Speculating about the situation you are responding to
- Providing incorrect facts about a company or other agency

Be courteous and attempt to provide accurate information to questions within the limits above. In some cases, it may be appropriate to say that we do not have any information, or to delay answering a question and then to say when an answer might be available.

In most cases, refer media requests to the media coordinator indicated on the front of the Sewer Overflow Packet envelope.

#### **Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Backup Response Flowchart**

CREW: Normally the Collections System Superintendent will arrive to complete the following steps; however in the event



- 1. Complete the Sanitary Sewer Overflow Report (B-9) if not already completed as part of the SSO Packet.
- Document the service call according to District procedures.
- Complete the remaining instructions in the Collections Crew box on the front of the Sewer Backup Packet envelope.
- Follow routing instructions as indicated on the front of the Sewer Backup Packet envelope.

### Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Bubbled Toilets Letter

Dear Novato Sanitary District Customer,

Thank you for informing us that your toilet bubbled while our crews were working in proximity of your property. We apologize for the inconvenience and hope that this letter will answer some of your questions about bubbling toilets.

#### 1. Is this a health risk?

The water that came out of your toilet is potable water from the toilet bowl. Unless your toilet was in use when this occurred, this water is no different than that encountered while cleaning your toilet.

#### 2. What is the District doing in the street?

In order to insure reliable sewer service, the District inspects, cleans, and repairs its sewer system on a continuous basis.

#### 3. How does sewer cleaning cause my toilet to bubble?

Typical industry cleaning equipment uses high-pressure water to clean sewers. The first step is to use the high-pressure water jets to propel the hose and cleaning nozzle upstream as far as 800 feet. During this process, air within the main pipe is displaced and sometimes goes up the private lateral pipe and releases though the toilet. This can also happen during the cleaning phase, when high-pressure water is pulled downstream to the cleaning truck.

#### 4. What causes the air to come from my toilet?

Over the years, District crews have found that the bubbling of toilets have many causes, some of which are:

- Obstructed vent pipes;
- Vent pipes that are positioned too far from the toilet;
- Lateral pipes that may be in use as the crew is cleaning (e.g. draining washing machine, draining bathtub, etc.);
- Lateral pipes that may have obstructions that are causing them to hold water (e.g. roots, grease, etc.).

#### 5. What does District staff do, once informed of a bubbling toilet?

Once notified of a bubbling toilet, the crew leader explains to the customer what has happened, and checks to see if there is a clean-out in the customer's yard. The crew leader then makes notes and completes paperwork instructing the District's Construction Inspector to send a Backflow Prevention Device (BPD) installation letter to the homeowner. It is the owner's responsibility to install a BPD once the problem has been identified.

#### 6. What can I do to prevent my toilet from bubbling?

When a sewer begins to drain slowly, it may be a sign that it needs to be cleaned or repaired. Trees and shrubs may have root structures that are entering the lateral pipe. The homeowner needs to make sure to have a clean-out for accessing the line. It is the homeowner's responsibility to keep the sewer lateral pipe in good working condition.

It is always a good idea to keep the toilet lid down when not in use, and not install carpets in the bathroom unless they can be easily removed and cleaned. For more information please call the District office at (415) 892-1694.

Sincerely,

**Novato Sanitary District** 

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Carta de Inodoros Burbujeados

B-2 Spanish

Estimado Cliente de la Novato Sanitary District:

Gracias por habernos informado que su lavabo burbujeó mientras que nuestros empleados estaban trabajando en proximidad a su propiedad. Le pedimos perdón por la inconveniencia y esperamos que esta carta le contestará algunas de sus preguntas acerca de inodoros burbujeantes.

#### 1. ¿Es riesgo de salud esto?

El agua que salió de su inodoro es agua potable de la taza del inodoro. Menos que su inodoro estaba en uso cuando esto ocurrió, esa agua no es diferente de aquella encontrada mientras que limpia su inodoro.

#### 2. ¿Qué está haciendo la Distrito en la calle?

Para asegurar servicio de alcantarilla confiable, la Distrito inspecciona, limpia, and repara su Sistema de alcantarillado en una forma continua.

#### 3. ¿Cómo causa la limpieza de la alcantarilla que burbujee mi inodoro?

El equipamiento industrial de limpieza típico usa agua de alta presión para limpiar alcantarillas. La primer medida es de usar chorros de agua de alta presión para propulsar a la manguera y a la boquilla de limpieza contracorriente tan lejos como ochocientos (800) pies. Durante este proceso, el aire dentro la tubería principal es desplazada y a veces camina para arriba de la tubería lateral privada y se libera por el inodoro. Esto también puede ocurrir durante la fase de limpieza, cuando agua de alta presión es jalada corriente abajo al camión de limpieza.

#### 4. ¿Qué causa al aire que venga de mi inodoro?

A lo largo de los años, los empleados de la Distrito han encontrado que el burbujeo de inodoros tiene muchas causas, algunas de cuales son:

- Tubería de ventilación obstruida;
- Tubería de ventilación que está posicionada muy lejos del inodoro;
- Tubería lateral que pueda estar en uso mientras que los empleados estén limpiando (por ej., vaciando la máquina de lavar, vaciando el baño, etcétera);
- Tubería lateral que podrá tener obstrucciones que están causándola a contener agua (por ej., raíces, grasa, etcétera).

#### 5. ¿Qué hace el personal de la District, una vez informados de un inodoro burbujeante?

Una vez notificado de un baño burbujeante, explica el líder del equipo al cliente lo que ha sucedido y comprueba si hay un limpio-hacia fuera en el patio del cliente. El contratista/capataz luego hace notas y completa papeles instruyendo a Inspector de construcción del distrito para enviar una carta de instalación de dispositivo de prevención de contraflujo (BPD) para el dueño de casa. Es responsabilidad del propietario para instalar un BPD una vez que el problema ha sido identificado.

#### 6. ¿Qué puede hacer para impedir a mi inodoro de burbujeando?

Cuando una alcantarilla empieza a desaguar lentamente, puede que sea un indicio que se necesita limpiar o reparar. Puede que los árboles y arbustos tengan estructuras de raíces que estén entrando a la tubería lateral. El dueño/la dueña de casa necesita asegurar de tener una limpieza general para acceder la línea. Es la responsabilidad del dueño/la dueña de mantener la tubería de alcantarilla lateral en buena condición operativa.

Siempre es buena idea de mantener la tapa del inodoro bajada cuando no esté el inodoro en uso, y no instalar alfombra en el cuarto de baño menos que esa se pueda quitar y limpiar. Para más información, por favor llame a la oficina de la Distrito por medio del número de teléfono (831) 624-1248.

Atentamente, Novato Sanitary District

**B-3** 

#### Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Declination of Sewage Cleaning Services

			Customer Information			
NAME:			ADDRESS:	TELEPHONE:		
ON	AT	Approximately	GALLONS OF:			
(date)	(time)	(quantity)	☐ Sewage ☐ Grey Water	☐ Toilet Bowl Water ☐ Odor		
			☐ Other (describe):			
Overflowed	from (or ode	or emanating fro	m) The overflow	w affected the following areas:		
□ Toil		or omanating no	,	throom		
☐ Sho	wer/Tub		□ Hal	llway □ Garage		
□ Was			□ Kito	·		
	er (describe):			ner (specify):		
	w affected th	e following floo				
□ Tile		□ Wood Floorin		☐ Towels		
☐ Linole	um (specify):	☐ Carpet	☐ Clothing	☐ Other (specify):		
L Other	(specify).					
Were photo	s taken?: □	Yes □ No	f yes, where are photos stored?			
This Form (	Completed B	y: Name:		Date:		
(Writ	e legibly)	Title:		Time:		
		d the following a				
				provide professional cleaning and decontamina		
				that we declined the offer. We further understand		
				ties will be conducted without District assistance, or than those engaged by the District. The District		
				t usual and customary. Please refer to the Custo		
			ave any questions.	t doddi dila daetemary. I lodee foldi te tilo daete		
Customer Signature*: Date:						
Customers	oignature .			Date.		
	tion above wa		:	Title:		
following em	the customer	Signa Signa	ture:	Date:		
Tollowing employee.						
*Note to resi	ponders: if cu	stomer declines to	sign this form, then have a co-worker	r sign here as a witness:		

#### Recommendations to customer to clean up the spill:

- · Keep pets and children out of the affected area
- Turn off heating/air conditioning systems and block floor level heating/air conditioning ducts to prevent contamination.
- Wear rubber boots, rubber gloves, and goggles during cleanup of the affected area.
- Remove and discard items that cannot be washed and disinfected (such as: mattresses, rugs, cosmetics, baby toys, etc.)
- · Remove and discard drywall and insulation that has been contaminated with sewage or flood waters.
- Thoroughly clean all hard surfaces (such as flooring, concrete, molding, wood and metal furniture, countertops, appliances, sinks and other plumbing fixtures) with hot water and laundry or dish detergent.
- Help the drying process with fans, air conditioning units, and dehumidifiers.
- After completing cleanup, wash your hands with soap and water. Use water that has been boiled for 1 minute (allow water to cool before washing your hands.) OR use water that has been disinfected (solution of 1/8 teaspoon of household bleach per 1 gallon of water). Let it stand for 30 min. If water is cloudy, use ½ teaspoon of household bleach per 1 gallon of water.
- Wash all clothes worn during the cleanup in hot water and detergent (wash separately from uncontaminated clothes).
- Wash clothes contaminated with flood or sewage water in hot water and detergent. Use a laundromat for washing large
  quantities of clothes and linens until your onsite wastewater system has been professionally inspected and services.
- Seek immediate attention if you become injured or ill.

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet First Responder Form

B-4 Side A

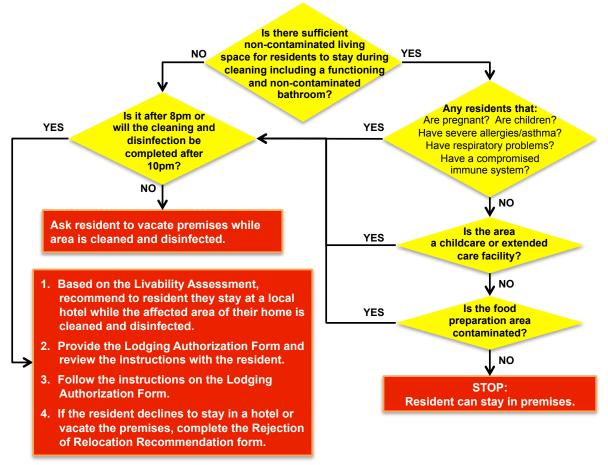
Fill out this form as completely as possible.

Ask customer if you may enter the home. If so, take photos of all damaged and undamaged areas.

PERSON COMPLETING THIS FORM:				PHONE:			
Name:				DATE:			
Title:			TIN	1E:			
TIME STAFF ARRIVED ON-SITE:		<u>'</u>					
DID CUSTOMER CALL CLEANING CONTRACTOR? ☐ Yes ☐ No If YES, name of contractor:							
RESIDENT NAME:		F RENT,					
☐ Owner		PROPERTY MANAGER	R(S):				
☐ Renter	(	OWNER:					
STREET ADDRESS:	;	STREET ADDRESS:					
CITY, STATE AND ZIP:	(	CITY, STATE AND ZIP:					
PHONE:	ı	PHONE:					
Is nearest upstream manhole visibly higher than th	e drai	n/fixture that overflowed	? 🗆	Yes 🗆	l No		
# OF PEOPLE LIVING AT RESIDENCE:							
Approximate Age of Home:	# of E	Bathrooms:		# of Rooms Affected:			
Approximate Amount of Spill (gallons):	Appro	oximate Time Sewage H	e Has Been Sitting (hrs/days):				
Numbers of Photographs or Videos Taken: ☐ Photographs ☐ Video		Where are photos/vide	eo st	ored?			
Does property have a Property Line Cleanout or B	PD?			☐ YES	□NO	□ Unknown	
If yes, was the Property Line Cleanout/BPD operational at the time of the overf			w?	☐ YES	□NO	□ Unknown	
Have there ever been any previous spills at this location?				☐ YES	□ NO	□ Unknown	
Has the resident had any plumbing work done rece  If YES, please describe:	ently?		] YE	S 🗆 NO			

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet First Responder Form

#### LIVABILITY ASESSMENT



#### SANITARY SEWER LINE BLOCKAGE LOCATION On the diagram below, indicate the location of the sewer line PLEASE CHECK THE BOXES THAT and where the problem occurred. **DESCRIBE YOUR OBSERVATIONS: Customer Cleanout Was:** Public Cleanout was: ☐ Non-Existent ■ Non-Existent ☐ Full ☐ Full ■ Empty ☐ Empty Upstream Affected House House Recommended Follow-Up Action(s):

				_
Did sewage go under buildings?	☐ Yes	□No	☐ Unsure	

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Lodging Authorization Form

**B-5** 

#### **INSTRUCTIONS TO EMPLOYEE:**

- 1. Contact the Collections System Superintendent at 415.892.1694 ext. 124 and explain the circumstances of the backup. Request permission to offer alternate lodging to the customer. If they agree, ask the customer which hotel identified below they prefer and relay this information to the Collections System Superintendent. The Collections System Superintendent will contact the hotel and make the necessary arrangements.
- Review this form with the customer and instruct them to read the Instructions to Resident section below.
- 3. Instruct the customer that this emergency authorization is for LODGING ONLY NO FOOD, MINIBAR, MOVIE, PHONE or Other Charges).
- 4. Explain to customer that if circumstances require additional nights' lodging and other incidentals, the District Manager or the District's Claims Adjustor will address them.
- 5. Have the customer sign the Acknowledgement section of this form.
- 6. Complete this Authorization Form and sign.
- 7. Give the bottom copy of this form to the customer.

**INSTRUCTIONS TO RESIDENT:** Novato Sanitary District recommends that you temporarily relocate to a local hotel for your safety and convenience while your residence is being cleaned. Please note that this emergency authorization is granted under the following conditions:

- 1. This authorization provides for one (1) nights' lodging at the hotel selected below.
- 2. The authorization is good for **room and tax ONLY**.
- 3. Additional nights, other allowances, and special circumstances may be discussed by contacting the Novato Sanitary District's District Manager at 415.892.1694

# CUSTOMER ACKNOWLEDGEMENT: I/we have read and understood the terms and conditions governing this offer of temporary relocation and agree to abide by them as described above. Customer Name (please print): Customer Address: Phone # where customer may be reached: Customer Signature: Date: Good for one (1) night's stay on (date): Novato Sanitary District Representative's Name: Novato Sanitary District Representative's Phone Number: This voucher is valid at the following hotels:

Day's Inn (pets allowed)

8141 Redwood Blvd, Novato Phone: 415.897.7111 **Best Western** (kitchenettes available) 215 Alameda del Prado, Novato Phone: 415.883.4400

Courtyard by Marriott 1400 N Hamilton Pkwy, Novato Phone: 415.883.8950

Distribution: Top Copy to: District records Middle Copy to: Carl Warren and Co. Bottom Copy to Customer

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Rejection of Relocation Recommendation

**B-6** 

On	, a sewer backup into a residence occurr	ed at
(date)	· '	(Address)
Resident's Name:		
	(Please Print)	
include remediation		as sewage to be cleaned up/mitigated, which may also d by Novato Sanitary District that the residents of the required remediation is completed.
Resident(s) determi	ined that they did not want to relocate and will	remain in the structure.
PROPERTY OWNE	ER/RESIDENT RELEASE OF LIABILITY ANI	D ASSUMPTION OF RISK
remediation. I have inherent risks with potential for coming cause pathogens. require medical trea- know, understand, a such risks that may	e received all the materials listed above fror exposure to sewage and the associated cless into contact with sewage through breathing, Risks may range from (1) minor temporary catment, (3) very serious illness that could research appreciate these and other risks inherer	ess listed above during any cleanup/mitigation and/on Novato Sanitary District. I understand that there are anup/mitigation and/or remediation process due to the swallowing, or cuts and abrasions in the skin that may iscomfort and illness, (2) more serious illness that may sult in life threatening conditions and including death, at in being exposed to sewage. I knowingly assume all regligence of others, and the condition of the structure
District, its respective action, demands, ri	ve Boards, officers, employees, agents and ights, damages, costs, loss of service, expe or related to my remaining in the structure w	y release, discharge and hold harmless Novato Sanitary contractors from any and all claims, actions, causes of nses, legal expenses, including subrogation or liens of thile cleanup/mitigation and/or remediation is performed
Resident Signature		Date
Novato Sanitary Dis	strict Witness	
Comments:		

## **B-7** Side 1

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Novato Sanitary District Sewer Service Call Form

<u>Novato</u>	Sanitary District Sewer S	ervice C	all Form				Date:		Page 1 of 2
									Page 1 01 2
A.	Initial Notification:	Receive Referre	ed by: d via: pho	ne/fax/email (ci	Re	ferred to:		·	
B.	Caller Information:								
Name:				Phone:			Time:		(AM/PM)
Address	S:					Call Type: □ E	Emergency [	☐ Complaint	☐ Other
Cross S	Street:			Structu	re Up:		Structure	Down:	
Caller I									
C.	Details of Initial Respon	se:							
Arrival <sup>-</sup>	Γime:(AM/PM)	Depai	rture time:	(AM	/PM) V	Veather Condition	ons:		
Personi	nel (XX/XX)				Pay Co	de (circle one):	Regular	Time & ½	√₂ Comp
Personi	nel (XX/XX)				Pay Co	de (circle one):	Regular	Time & ½	√₂ Comp
D.	Problem Information:								
Proble	n type(s): (circle all that a	pply)	Pump Sta	tion Alarm	Collection	on System	Stoppage	Overflow	Odor
			Other						
	m In: (circle one)		Mainline	Private Latera	l* Manh	ole Dry Well	Wet Well	Force Main	Water Main
*if private lateral problem only, go to Part E. If no overflow, go to Part E-1		Other							
Proble	m Causes: (circle all that a	apply)	Debris F	Roots Grease	Pipe Fa	ilure Surcharge	e Storm Dra	ain MH Cove	er Unknown
Activity	v: (circle all that apply)		Rodding	Hydroflush	Hai	ndRod None	Other		
Photo's	Taken: Yes (ple	ease attac	ch)	No					
Comme	ents:								
E.	Overflow – Initial Assess	sment:							
Overflo	w Type: (circle one)Capacit	у	Stoppage						
Overflo	w Location: (circle one)	Pump S	tation N	Manhole	Rodhole	e Later	al Cleanout		
E-1.	Notified Customer who is	the □ (	Owner [	□ Tenant		☐ In Person	☐ By Pho	one 🗆 🗆	eft door tag
						0.00.1	_ 2,		wy
Note: _									<del></del>

#### **Novato Sanitary District Sewer Service Call Form**

Novato Sanitary District Sewer Service Call Form			Date:								
										Р	age 2 of 2
F. Im	nmediate F	Reportir	ng – Check	Agencies Notifie	d by Inc	ident C	ommander				
□ Novato F			cy: 897-112		'-4361	☐ CalOES: <b>800-852-7550</b> OES Control#:		☐ Fish and Game Dispatch 916-358-1300			
□ NMWD	В	usiness	: 897-4133						3	10-000-1000	
□ Marin Co 49	ounty PW: 99-6528			Novato, Public Wol 99-8246	rks	Time:	tor Name:		County	ounty Dept o Comm Cntr 99-7235	
G. Ov	verflow In	formatio	on (Initial E	estimates):							
Amou GPI		Total	Time of Sp	ill Total Galle	ons	_	allons to en Ground		ons to reet	Gallor Storm	
0, 5	. 5		0 1/5		10	•	1/814				
				River / Pond / Lage				Name:	15	16 14/ 1	5.
Time spill	was stopp	oed:	lotali	time of cleanup, n	nın	total g	ved from Stori al:	n drain,		l from Wate able), total g	
GSP Coord	dinates:								·		
										_	
H. Di	strict Crev	w/Equip	ment Deta	ils							
Crew name	es		Hours	Reg/Time & 1/2	Comp	Time	Equipment				Hours
I. Addition	nal Informa	ation/Co	omments:								
	-	_	-	ng: Completed by							
K. Se	ervice Call	Form (	Closeout:	Completed by							
У С		\ <b>a4!</b> a :	To be fill	Approved by				la at! a : C			
			: 10 DE TILLE	ed out by Collection						ervisor ony!	
☐ Clean aff		115		☐ Upgrade cle	aning 11	equenc	у	L	∃ TV main		

NOTE: This report must be approved by a District supervisor within 24 hours of the spill.

#### **B-8**

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Overflow Follow Up Form

DATE	
LOCATION	
UP DN	
#1 THE SEWER LINE NEEDS TO BE C.C.T.V'D TO DETERMINE THE CAUSE OF TH IF POSSIBLE HAVE JETTER OR RODDER CREW READY ON SITE TO CLEAN A BEING DONE.	
#2 THE SEWER LINE NEEDS TO HAVE COMPLETE C.C.T.V. FROM MANHOLE TO	MANHOLE.
#3 IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO COMPLETE C.C.T.V. GIVE REASON WHY AND TURN PAPERWORK SO THE LEADWORKER CAN HAVE IT COMPLETED.	IN
#4 DESCRIPTION IF NOT COMPLETED AND A SOLUTION:	

#### B-9 Side A

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Sanitary Sewer Overflow Report

#### INSTRUCTIONS: Complete all items **EXCEPT** those that are shaded gray

SSO Category (d	check one):			
Category 1:	Discharge of untreated or partially treated wastewater of any vacondition that either (1) Reaches surface water and/or drainage Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) and was not fully capture and disposed of properly.	ge channel tributary to a surface v	vater; OR (2)	Reached a Municipal
Category 2:	Discharge of untreated or partially treated wastewater greater system failure or flow condition that either (1) Does not reach SSO discharged to the storm drain system was fully recovered	surface water, a drainage channe		
Category 3:	All other discharges of untreated or partially treated wastewater	er resulting from a sanitary sewer	system failu	re or flow condition
Spill from Priv	ate Lateral (specify): ☐ Single Family Home ☐ Multi-Family I☐ Food Service Establishment (FSE) ☐ Mixed Use Property☐ Public quasi-public institution (hospital, schools, fire depart	y 🛘 Industrial Property 🗘 Cor		perty
IMMEDIATE NOT	TIFICATION: If this is a Category 1 SSO ≥1,000 gallon	s, contact CalOES within 2	hours at (8	00) 852-7550.
A. SSO LOCAT	ION			
SSO Location Na	ame:			
Latitude Coordina	ates*: Longitude	e Coordinates:		
Street Name and	Number:			
Nearest Cross St	treet: City:	Zip	Code:	
County:	SSO Location Description:			
B. SSO DESCR	IPTION (Complete Volume Estimation Worksheets a	nd/or refer to Field Guide as	needed fo	r estimations.)
☐ Lateral Cl ☐ Lower Lat	e Point (check one or more): ☐ Combined Sewer D.I. (Cleanout (Private) ☐ Lateral Cleanout (Public) ☐ Inside teral (Private) ☐ Lower Lateral (Public) ☐ Upperwer System Structure (specify):	Building or Structure □ Man		☐ Gravity Mainline ☐ Pump Station Public)
Were there multip	ple appearance points? $\square$ No $\square$ Yes, number of appe	earance points:		
Did the SSO read	ch a drainage channel and/or surface water? $\Box$ Yes (Ca	ategory 1) □No		
	ed a storm sewer, was it fully captured and returned to t	•	□No (Cate	gory 1)
	m a private lateral? ☐ Yes ☐ No If YES, name of resp			
☐ Other:	ation: ☐ Ocean/ocean beach* ☐ Surface waters of m drain ☐ Combined storm drain ☐ Paved surface ) of affected drainage channels, beach, etc.:	ner than ocean ☐ Drainage☐ Unpaved		☐ Building/structure ☐ Street/curb/gutter
Total Estimated	SSO volume (in gallons – 1,000gal or more = Category 1	():		gallons
Est. volume that rea	ached a separate storm drain that flows to a surface water body	/: gal	Recovered:	gal
Est. volume that re	ached a drainage channel that flows to a surface water body:	gal	Recovered:	gal
Est. volume discha	rged directly to a surface water body:	gal	Recovered:	gal
Est. volume discha	<u> </u>	gal	Recovered:	gal
Calc. Methods: [ □Other (describe	□Eyeball □Photo Comparison □Upstream Lat. Connece):	ctions □Area/Volume (includ	e sketch/ph	oto with dimensions)
C. SSO OCCUR	RRING TIME (complete Start Time Determination Form	n and then complete inform	ation belov	v)
Estimated SSO s		Estimated SSO start time:		,
Date SSO report	ed to sewer crew:	Time SSO reported to sewe	r crew:	
Date sewer crew		Time sewer crew arrived:		
Who was intervie	ewed to help determine start time?	•		
Estimated SSO e	end date:	Estimated SSO end time:		

<sup>\*</sup> If multiple appearance points, use the GPS coordinates for the location of the SSO appearance point closest to the failure point/blockage.

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#### City of Concord: Overflow Emergency Response Plan

#### B-9 Side B

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Sanitary Sewer Overflow Report

D. CAUSE OF SSO		
Where did failure occur? (Check all that apply): ☐ Air Relief of	or Blow-Off Valve □ Force M	Iain □ Gravity Mainline □ Siphon
☐ Lower Lateral (public) ☐ Lower Lateral (private) ☐ I	Manhole ☐ Pump Station (	specify): OControls OMechanical OPower
☐ Upper Lateral (public) ☐ Upper Lateral (private) Oth	ner:	
SSO cause (check all that apply):   Air Relief or Blow-Off Va		on Diversion Failure
☐ Damage by others ☐ Debris (specify): ○from Cons		
☐ FROG (Fats, roots, oil, grease) ☐ Inappropriate Disc	charge   Natural Disaster	
☐ Pipe Structural Problem/Failure ☐ Pipe Structural Pr		☐ Rainfall Exceeded Design
☐ Pump Station Failure (specify): ○Controls ○Mechan		☐ Siphon Failure ☐ Vandalism
☐ Surcharged Pipe ☐ Non - Dispersible Wipes ☐ C		
Diameter (in inches) of pipe at point of blockage/spill cau	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Sewer pipe material at point of blockage/spill cause (if ap	. ,	
Estimated age of sewer asset at the point of blockage or	failure (if applicable):	
Description of terrain surrounding point of blockage/spill	cause: ☐ Flat ☐ Mixed	☐ Steep
E. SSO RESPONSE		
SSO response activities (check all that apply):		
☐ Restored Flow ☐ Returned All Spill to Sanitary Sew ☐ Property Owner Notified ☐ Other Enforcement Age		ortion of Spill to Sanitary Sewer System
SSO response completed (date & time):	ncy Notined (specify) 🗀 C	
. , , , , ,		
Visual inspection result of impacted waters (if applicable)		
	joing investigation? ☐ Yes	□ No
Were health warnings posted? ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes,	provide health warning/bea	ch closure posting/details:
Was there a beach closure? ☐ Yes ☐ No If yes,	name of closed beach(es):	
	l No Bacteria    □ pH    □ Temp	erature □ Other:
Recommended corrective actions: (check all that apply		
☐ Add sewer to preventive maintenance program	,	
☐ Adjust schedule/method of preventive maintenance		
☐ Enforcement action against FROG source		
☐ Inspect Sewer Using CCTV to Determine Cause		
☐ Plan rehabilitation or replacement of sewer☐ Repair Facilities or Replace Defect		
☐ Other (specify)		
What major equipment was used in the response?		
List all agency personnel involved in the response includ	ing name, title and their role	in the response:
F. NOTES		
G. NOTIFICATION DETAILS		
CalOES contacted date and time (if applicable):		
CalOES Control Number (if applicable):	Spo	oke to:
This form prepared by: NAME:	TITLE:	DATE:
This form reviewed by: NAME:	TITLE:	DATE:

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Start Time Determination Form

**B-10** 

SSO Start Date:	Location:				
being even one minute of	mination is an essential part of can have a huge impact on increments. Start time must sponders, etc.)	the volume est	timation. Be as pre	cise as possible	. Do
What time was the agenc	y notified of the SSO?			🗆 AM	□РМ
Who notified the agency?					
Did they indicate what tim	ne they noticed the SSO?	∕ES □ NO If ye	s, what time?		□РМ
Who at the agency receiv	ed the notification?				
What time did the crew a	rive at the site of the SSO?		_		□РМ
Who was interviewed reg statement they provided:	arding the start time of the SS	SO? Include the	eir name, contact in	nformation, and	the
Name	Contact Information	Statement			
Describe in detail how yo	u determined the start time fo	r this particula	r SSO:		
SSO Start Date:	ssc	Start Time:		□ AM □ PM	
SSO End Date:	SSC	End Time:		_	
	sso	Duration:		_ minutes	
This form completed by:					
Name:		Signature:			
Job Title:	_	Date:			

**B-11a** 

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Volume Estimation: Eyeball Estimation Method

Use this method only for small SSOs of less than 200 gallons.

SSO Date:		Location:		
STEP 1: Po	osition yourself so that you h	nave a vantage p	oint where you can see	e the entire SSO.
se				ding on the size of the SSO, essary to use more than one
th	stimate how many of each s ose numbers in Column A c zes you are using as a fram	of the row in the ta		ke an equivalent spill. Enter bonds to the bucket/barrel
STEP 4: M	ultiply the number in Colum	n A by the multip	lier in Column B. Ente	r the result in Column C.
		А	В	С
	Size of bucket(s) or barrel(s)	How many of this size?	Multiplier	Estimated SSO Volume (gallons)
	1 gallon water jug		x 1 gallons	
	5 gallon bucket		x 5 gallons	
	32 gallon trash can		x 32 gallons	
	55 gallon drum		x 55 gallons	
	Other: gallons		x gallons	
		Estimated 1	Γotal SSO Volume:	
If y	rainfall a factor in the SSO? es, what volume of the obse es, describe how you detern	erved spill volume		
STEP 6: Ca	Iculate the estimated SSO v	olume by subtrac	cting the rainfall from th	ne SSO volume:
Es	gallons – timated SSO Volume	gallo Rainfall	ons = Total Estima	gallons ted SSO Volume
If no, you M		s to estimate the	entire SSO. If yes, it is	s advisable to use additional as not estimated the entire SS
	eet completed by:		Signature: Date:	

# **B-11b** Side 1

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Volume Estimation: Duration and Flow Rate Comparison Method

SSO Date:	Location:
STEP 1:	Compare the SSO to reference images on Side 2 to estimate flow rate of the current overflow. Describe which reference photo(s) were used and any additional factors that influenced applying the reference photo data to the actual SSO:
	Flow Rate Based on Photo Comparison:gallons per minute (gpm)
STEP 2:	Complete the <b>Start Time Determination Form</b> to provide a detailed description of how start time was determined. Copy the SSO Duration from the Start Time Determination Form here:
	SSO Duration:minutes
STEP 3:	Multiply the flow rate by the SSO duration to calculate the estimated SSO volume.
	gpm Flow RateXminutes SSO Duration=gallons Estimated SSO Volume
STEP 4:	Did the SSO occur during a period of consistent flow in this portion of the system? $\Box$ Yes $\Box$ No If no, explain how, based on this portion of the collection system and its users, you believe it may have impacted the estimated SSO volume:
	By what percentage are you adjusting the estimation? □ increase □ decrease
	Translate the percentage into gallons: gallons
STEP 5:	Calculate the adjusted SSO volume estimate:
	gallons + or - gallons = gallons
	Estimated SSO Volume Adjustment Estimated SSO volume
If no, you I	lieve that this method has estimated the entire SSO? □Yes □No MUST use additional methods to estimate the entire SSO. If yes, it is advisable to use additional of support the estimation. Explain why you believe this method has/has not estimated the entire SSO:
This works	heet completed by: Signature:
Job Title:	Date:

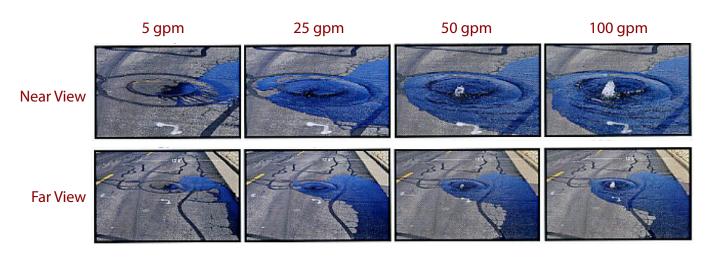
#### **Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Volume Estimation: Duration and Flow Rate Comparison Method**

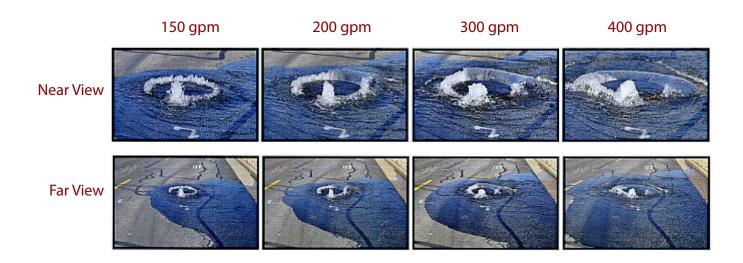
#### **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

These photographs are provided as examples only and will change with many factors.

#### **SSCSC Manhole Overflow Gauge**

**CWEA Southern Section Collections Systems Committee Overflow Simulation courtesy of Eastern Municipal Water District** 





#### B-11c

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Volume Estimation: Upstream Lateral Connections Method

SSO Date:			Loca	ation:				
STEP 1:	Determine the number of Equivalent Dwelling Units (EDUs) for this SSO: EDUs NOTE: A single-family residential home = 1 EDU. For commercial buildings, refer to agency documentation.							
STEP 2:	This volume estimation method utilizes daily usage data based on flow rate studies of several jurisdictions in California. Column A shows how an average daily of usage of 180 gallons per day is distributed during each 6-hour period. Adjust the table as necessary to accurately represent the actual data.							
	Complete Column E by entering the number of minutes the SSO was active during each 6-hour time period. Multiply column D times Column E to calculate the gallons spilled during each time period. Add the numbers in Column F together for the Total Estimated SSO Volume per EDU.							
			Flow Rate Per EDU			SSO		
		Α	В	С	D	E	F	
	Time Period	Gallons per Period	Hours per period	A÷B = Gallons per Hour	C÷60 = Gallons per Minute	Minutes SSO was active during period	D × E = Gallons spilled per period	
	6am-noon	72	6	12	0.20			
	noon-6pm	36	6	6	0.10			
	6pm-midnight	54	6	9	0.15			
	midnight-6am	18	6	3	0.05			
	Total Estimated SSO Volume per EDU:							
STEP 3: STEP 4:	Multiply the Estimated SSO Volume per EDU from Step 2 by the number of EDUs from Step 1.							
	Estimated SSO Volume: gallons							
If no, you !		onal method	ds to estin	nate the enti	re SSO. If yes	, it is advisable to	o use additional ted the entire SSO:	
This works Name: Job Title:	heet completed	•		Sign				

**B-11d** Side 1

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Volume Estimation: Flow Out of Manhole Vent or Pick Hole

SSO Date	e: Location:						
STEP 1:	Measure the water height flowing out of the vent or pick hole in inches: <u>inches</u> Note: Be as precise as possible. A small difference in spout height can make a major difference in estimated spill volume!						
	Describe how the spout height was determined:						
	Height to be measured						
STEP 2:	Determine the Spill Rate by referring to the table on Side 2. Find the height measured in Step 1 in the left column. Read the Spill Rate in the next column (gpm = gallons per minute).						
	Spill Rate = gpm						
STEP 3:	Complete the Start Time Determination Form to provide a detailed description of how start time was determined. Copy the SSO Duration from the Start Time Determination Form here:						
	SSO Duration:minutes						
STEP 4:	Multiply the spill rate by the spill duration to calculate the estimated spill volume.						
	gpm     X     minutes     =     gallons       Spill Rate     Spill Duration     Estimated Spill Volume						
If no, you	elieve that this method has estimated the entire SSO? □Yes □No MUST use additional methods to estimate the entire SSO. If yes, it is advisable to use additional to support the estimation. Explain why you believe this method has/has not estimated the entire SSO:						
This work Name: Job Title:	sheet completed by: Signature: Date:						

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Volume Estimation: Flow Out of Manhole Vent or Pick Hole

NOTE: This table is provided for general reference. Use site-specific data if available.

### This table is based on a 7/8-inch diameter pick hole

Height of spout above M/H cover	SSO FLOW Q
H in inches	in gpm
1/8	1.0
1/4	1.4
3/8	1.7
1/2	1.9
5/8	2.2
3/4	2.4
7/8	2.6
1	2.7
1 1/8	2.9
1 1/4	3.1
1 3/8	3.2
1 1/2	3.4
1 5/8	3.5
1 3/4	3.6
1 7/8	3.7
2	3.9
2 1/8	4.0
2 1/4	4.1
2 3/8	4.2
2 1/2	4.3
2 5/8	4.4
2 3/4	4.5
2 7/8	4.6
3	4.7
3 1/8 3 1/4	4.8
3 3/8	4.9 5.0
3 1/2	5.1
3 5/8	5.2
3 3/4	5.3
3 7/8	5.4
4	5.5
4 1/8	5.6
4 1/4	5.6
4 3/8	5.7
4 1/2	5.8
4 5/8	5.9
4 3/4	6.0
4 7/8	6.0
5	6.1

Height of spout above M/H cover H in inches	SSO FLOW Q in gpm	
5 1/8 5 1/4	6.2 6.3	
5 3/8	6.3	
5 1/2	6.4	
5 5/8	6.5	
5 3/4	6.6	
5 7/8	6.6	
6	6.7	
6 1/8	6.8	
6 1/4	6.8	
6 3/8	6.9	Unrestrained MH cover
6 1/2	7.0	will start to lift
6 5/8	7.0	
6 3/4	7.1	
6 7/8	7.2	
7	7.2	
7 1/8	7.3	
7 1/4	7.4	
7 3/8	7.4	
7 1/2	7.5	
7 5/8	7.6	
7 3/4	7.6	
7 7/8	7.7	
8	7.7	
8 1/8	7.8	
8 1/4	7.9	
8 3/8	7.9	
8 1/2	8.0	
8 5/8	8.0	
8 3/4	8.1	
8 7/8	8.1	
9	8.2	
9 1/8	8.3	
9 1/4	8.3 -	
9 3/8	8.4	
9 1/2	8.4	
9 5/8	8.5	
9 3/4	8.5	
9 7/8	8.6	
10	8.7	

#### Disclaimer:

This sanitary sewer overflow table was developed by Ed Euyen, Civil Engineer, P.E. No. 33955, California, for County Sanitation District 1. This table is provided as an example. Other Agencies may want to develop their own estimating tables.

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Claims Submittal Checklist

Col	lections	Superi	ntendent

1.	Complete the follow	ing information:
	Title:	
	Name:	
	Phone:	
	Today's Date:	
2.	Copy the items liste	d below and retain originals for internal archiving purposes.
3.	Place the copies in	the Backup Response Envelope and forward to the General Manager:
	Form B-3:	Declination of Cleaning Services
	Form B-4:	First Responder Form
	Form B-5:	Lodging Authorization Form
	Form B-6:	Rejection of Relocation Recommendation
	Form B-7:	Service Call Form
	Form B-8:	Overflow Follow-Up Form
	Form B-9:	Sanitary Sewer Overflow Report
	☐ Form B-10:	Start Time Determination Form
	☐ Form B-11:	Volume Estimation Forms (a, b, c and/or d)
	☐ Form B-12:	Claims Submittal Checklist (this form)
	☐ All photos ta	aken. Check here if digital photographs will be forwarded separately $\Box$
	☐ Any other in	formation you feel is important in this claim
4.	Go to Regulatory No	otifications Packet and make all appropriate notifications.

## **General Manager-Chief Engineer**

1. Verify claims packet is complete and forward to

Carl Warren and Co Attention: Alan Dialon

2300 Clayton Road, Concord, CA 94520

Telephone: (855) 763-5898

Email: csrmaclaims@carlwarren.com

2. Coordinate with Carl Warren and Co. as they administer the claim to closure

## **Customer Service Packet**

#### Contents:

<u>Form</u>	Form Number
Customer Information Letter	CS-1
Claim Form	2
Sewer Spill Reference Guide	pamphlet

#### Instructions:

- 1. Review the Customer Information letter to determine actions that need to be taken <u>immediately</u>.
- 2. See the Customer Information letter for information about filing a claim.
- 3. Review the Sewer Spill Reference Guide pamphlet.

If you have any questions contact the General Manager-Chief Engineer at (415) 892-1694

This packet provided by:	(name)
	(title)
	(phone)

## Paquete de Servicio de Atención al Cliente

#### Contenido:

<u>Formulario</u>	Número de formulario
Carta de Información al Cliente	CS-1
Formulario de Demanda	2
Guía de Referencia para Derrame de Alcantaril	laFolleto

#### Instrucciones:

- 1. Repasé la Carta de Información al Cliente para determinar las acciones que se necesitan que llevar a cabo <u>inmediatamente</u>.
- 2. Lea la Carta de Información para el Cliente que explica como presentar una demanda.
- 3. Repasé el Folleto-Guía de Referencia para Derrame de Alcantarilla.

Si usted tiene cualquier pregunta, llame el Distrito Gerente/Ingeniero al (415) 892-1694

Print on 6" x 9" envelope © 2004-2018 DKF Solutions Group, LLC. All rights reserved.

## CS-1

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Customer Information Regarding Sewer Backup Claims

#### Dear Resident:

We recognize that sewer back flow incidents can be stressful and require immediate response when all facts concerning how an incident occurred are unknown. Rest assured that we do all we can to prevent this type of event from occurring. Nevertheless, occasionally tree roots or other debris in the sewer lines cause a backup into homes immediately upstream of the blockage. At this time the District is investigating the cause of this incident.

If the District is found to be responsible for the incident, we are committed to cleaning and restoring your property, and to protecting the health of those affected during the remediation process.

The cleaning contractor provided by the District has been selected because of their adherence to established protocols that are designed to assure all parties thorough, cost-effective and expeditious cleaning services. You also have the right to select your own cleaning contractor, but the District does not guarantee payment of fees/expenses incurred and reserves the right to dispute fees/expenses deemed not usual and customary.

The General Manager-Chief Engineer has the responsibility for processing any claims for damages that are submitted. If you wish to discuss this matter, or submit a claim for damages, please contact the <u>General Manager-Chief Engineer</u> at **(415) 892-1694**.

### What you need to do now:

The District has prepared this brief set of instructions to help you minimize the impact of the loss by responding promptly to the situation.

- Do not attempt to clean the area yourself; let the cleaning and restoration company handle this.
- Keep people and pets away from the affected area(s).
- Turn off all appliances that use water.
- Turn off heating/air conditioning systems and block floor level vents to prevent contamination.
- Do not remove items from the area the cleaning and restoration company will handle this.
- If you had recent plumbing work, contact your plumber or contractor and inform them of this incident.
- If you intend to file a claim, do so as soon as practical in order to have your claim considered. To obtain a claim form contact the District Office at (415) 892-1694.
  - Please Note: The general provisions for the filing of claims against public entities are contained in Part 3 (commencing at Section 900) of Division 3.6 of the Government code. Certain claims are not governed by these provisions, including tax and assessment matters, liens, employee compensations, workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, welfare, securities, and others.
  - The form and contents of a claim are specified by Section 910, et seq. A claim relating to a cause of action for death or for injury to person or to personal property or growing crops shall be presented not later than six months after accrual of the cause of action; other claims shall be presented within one year (Section 911.2).
  - Claims are to be presented by delivery or mailing to General Manager-Chief Engineer, 500 Davidson Street, Novato, CA 94945 (Section 915).
  - It is suggested that the claimant refer to claims law and be fully advised with respect to the exceptions and further provisions contained therein.

Important Legal Notice: For your protection, read carefully, obtain a reliable translation, and/or consult your attorney.

**Noticia Legal Importante:** Para su protección lea cuidadosamente, obtenga una traducción confiable, y/o consulte con su abogado.

#### Ciudad de Concord: Desbordamiento plan de respuesta de emergencia

#### Paquete de Respuesta a Desbordamiento de Alcantarilla Sanitaria Información de Cliente Acerca de Demandas de Desbordamiento de Alcantarilla

CS-1

#### Estimado Residente:

Nosotros reconocemos que los incidentes de pueden ser estresante y requieren respuesta inmediata cuando los hechos acerca de cómo un incidente ocurrió son desconocidos. Tenga por seguro que nosotros hacemos todo lo que podemos hacer para impedir este tipo de evento de ocurrir. Sin embargo, de vez en cuando las raíces de los árboles u otra basura en las líneas de la alcantarilla causan un desbordamiento para dentro de hogares situados inmediatamente contracorriente del bloqueo. A este tiempo el Distrito está investigando la causa de este incidente.

Si el Distrito es encontrada ser responsable por el incidente, nosotros estaremos comprometidos a limpiar y restaurar su propiedad, y a proteger la salud de aquellos quienes fueron afectados durante el proceso de remedio.

El contratista de limpieza proveída de parte del Distrito ha sido escogido debido a su adherencia de establecer protocolos que son diseñados para asegurar a todos los partes con servicios de limpieza completos, económicos, y expeditivos. Usted también tiene el derecho to escoger su propio contratista de limpieza, pero el Distrito no garantiza pago de tarifas/gastos incurridos y reserva el derecho de disputar las tarifas/gastos considerados no ser usuales o de costumbre.

El Distrito Gerente/Ingeniero tiene la responsabilidad para el procesamiento de las reclamaciones por daños y perjuicios que se presentan. Si usted desea discutir este asunto, o presentar una reclamación por daños y perjuicios, por favor póngase en contacto con el Distrito Gerente/Ingeniero al (415) 892-1694.

#### Lo Que Usted Necesita Hacer Inmediatamente:

El Distrito ha preparado este juego de instrucciones breve para ayudarle a usted a minimizar el efecto de la pérdida por medio de respondiendo rápidamente a la situación.

- No intenta de limpiar el área usted mismo; permita que la compañía de limpieza y restauración maneje esto.
- Mantenga a las personas y a las mascotas lejos de la(s) área(s) afectada(s).ú
- Apagué todos los electrodomésticos que usan agua.
- Apagué todos los sistemas de calefacción y aire acondicionado.
- No remueva artículos del área—la compañía de limpieza y restauración manejará esto.
- Si usted ha tenido trabajo de plomería llevado a cabo recientemente, póngase en contacto con su plomero u
  contratista para avisarles de este incidente.
- Si usted tiene la intención de presentar una demanda, hágalo tan pronto como sea práctico para que se le considere su demanda. Para obtener un formulario de demanda, póngase en contacto con el Distrito Gerente/Ingeniero esignado al (415)892-1694.
  - Favor de Notar: Las provisiones generales para presentar demandas contra entidades públicas están contenidas en la Parte 3 (empezando en la Sección 900) de la División 3.6 del Código de Gobierno. Ciertas demandas no son gobernadas por estas provisiones, incluyendo asuntos de impuestos y valoraciones, gravámenes, compensación de empleados, compensación de trabajadores, subsidio por incapacidad laboral, beneficios sociales, títulos valores, y otros.
  - La forma y el contenido de una demanda son especificados por la Sección 910 y subsiguientes. Una demanda relacionada a un derecho de acción por muerte o por lesión a persona u a propiedad privada, o cosechas en pie será presentada no más tarde que seis (6) meses después de acrecimiento de la causa de acción; otras demandas serán presentadas dentro de un (1) año (Sección 911.2).
  - Las demandas serán presentadas por medio de entrega o correo el Distrito Gerente/Ingeniero al 500 Davidson Street, Novato, CA 94945. (Sección 915).
  - Se recomienda que el demandante se refiera a las leyes de demandas y que sea completamente aconsejado con respecto a las excepciones y estipulaciones adicionales contenidas dentro de esas.

<u>Noticia Legal Importante:</u> Para su protección lea cuidadosamente, obtenga una traducción confiable, y/o consulte con su abogado

## Sanitary Sewer Backup Response Packet Claim Form

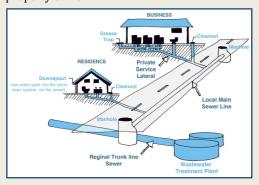
CS-2

Name:	Date of Incident:	
Address:		
Telephone:	Date Reported:	
Property Owner:	No	
Briefly describe what occurred:		
Describe Damage: (if any)		
Insurance Contacted?	☐ Yes ☐ No	
Clean up Agency contacted?	□ Yes □ No	
I certify the above information in the telephone number listed above.	s true and correct to the best of my knowledge. I may ove.	be contacted at
Signature		ate
Return completed form to:	Novato Sanitary District	
	ATTN: General Manager-Chief Engineer	
	500 Davidson Street	

Novato, CA 94945

### How a Sewer System Works

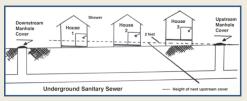
A property owner's sewer pipes are called *service laterals* and are connected to larger local main and regional trunk lines. Service laterals run from the connection at the home to the connection with the public sewer. These laterals are the responsibility of the property owner and must be maintained by the property owner.



## Is my home required to have a backflow prevention device?

Section 710.1 of the Uniform Plumbing Code (U.P.C.) states: "Drainage piping serving fixtures which have flood level rims located below the elevation of the next upstream manhole cover or private sewer serving such drainage piping **shall** be protected from backflow of sewage by installing an approved type of backwater valve." The intent of Section 710.1 is to protect the building interior from mainline sewer overflows or surcharges.

Additionally, U.P.C. 710.6 states: "Backwater valves <u>shall</u> be located where they will be accessible for inspection and repair at all times and, unless continuously exposed, shall be enclosed in a masonry pit fitted with an adequately sized removable cover."



Discharge of untreated or partially treated sewage is prohibited by law. If you would like more information on this prohibition, please contact any of the following:

#### **Novato Sanitary District**

(415) 892-1694

## **Marin County Environmental Health** (415) 499-6907

California Health and Safety Code, Sections 5410-5416 requires:

- No person shall discharge raw or treated sewage or other waste in a manner that results in contamination, pollution, or a nuisance.
- Any person who causes or permits a sewage discharge to any state waters:
  - $\circ\quad$  Must immediately notify the local health agency of the discharge.
  - Shall reimburse the local health agency for services that protect the public's health and safety.
  - Who fails to provide the required notice to the local health agency is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine (between \$500-\$1,000) and/or imprisonment for less than one year.

## San Francisco Regional Water Quality Control Board

(510) 622-2300

Requires the prevention, mitigation, response to, and reporting of sewage spills.

## California Governor's Office of Emergency Services (CalOES)

(800) 852-7550

California Water Code, Article 4, Chapter 4, Sections 13268-13271 & California Code of Regulations, Title 23, Division 3, Chapter 9.2, Article 2, Sections 2250-2260 require:

- Any person who causes or permits sewage in excess of 1,000 gallons to be discharged to state waters shall immediately notify the Office of Emergency Services.
- Any person who fails to provide the notice required by this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine (less than \$20,000) and/or imprisonment for not more than one year.

## Sewer Spill Reference Guide

## Your Responsibilities as a Private Property Owner

Provided to you by:

**Novato Sanitary District** 

500 Davidson Street Novato, CA 94945 (415) 892-1694

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#### How do sewage spills happen?

Sewage spills occur when the wastewater in underground pipes overflows through a manhole, cleanout, or broken pipe. Most spills are relatively small and can be stopped and cleaned up quickly, but left unattended they can cause health hazards, damage to homes and businesses, and threaten the environment, local waterways, and beaches.

#### **CAUTION!**

When trying to locate a sewer problem, never open manholes or other public sewer structures. Only our crews are allowed to open & inspect these structures.

#### Common causes of sewage spills

- Grease build-up
- Tree roots
- Broken/cracked pipes
- Missing or broken cleanout caps
- Undersized sewers
- Groundwater/rainwater entering the sewer system through pipe defects and illegal connections

## Prevent most sewage backups with a Backflow Prevention Device

This type of device can help prevent sewage backups into homes and businesses. If you don't already have a Backflow Prevention Device, contact a professional plumber or contractor to install one as soon as possible.

#### **Protect the environment!**

If you let sewage from your property discharge to a gutter or storm drain, you may be subject to penalties and/or out-of-pocket costs for clean-up and enforcement efforts. A property owner may be charged for costs incurred by agencies responding to spills from private properties.

#### What to look for:

Sewage spills can be a very noticeable gushing of water from a manhole or a slow water leak that may take time to be noticed. Don't dismiss unaccounted-for wet areas. Look for:

- Drain backups inside the building.
- Wet ground and/or water leaking around manhole lids onto your street.
- Leaking water from cleanouts or outside drains
- Unusual odorous wet areas: sidewalks, external walls, ground/landscape around a building.

The following are indicators of a possible obstruction in your sewer line:

- Water comes up in floor drains, showers or toilets.
- Toilets, showers or floor drains below ground level drain very slowly.

#### What to do if there is a spill:

Immediately notify the Novato Sanitary District. Our crews locate the blockage and determine if it is in the public sewer; if it is the crew removes the blockage and arranges for cleanup.

If the backup is in your private internal plumbing or in the private service laterals, you are required to immediately:

- Control and minimize the spill by shutting off or not using the water
- Keep sewage out of the storm drain system using sandbags, dirt and/or plastic sheeting
- Call a plumbing professional to clear blockages and make repairs as needed. Look in the yellow pages under "Plumbing Drain & Sewer Cleaning" or "Sewer Contractors."
- Always notify your sewer/public works department or public sewer district of sewage spills.

#### Spill cleanup inside the home:

For large clean ups, a professional cleaning firm should be contacted to clean up impacted areas, You can locate local firms by looking in the Yellow Pages under "Water Damage" or "Fire Damage." If you hire a contractor, it is recommended to get estimates from more than one company. Sometimes, homeowner's insurance will pay for the necessary cleaning due to sewer backups. Not all policies have this coverage, so check with your agent.

If you decide to clean up a small spill inside your home, protect yourself from contamination by observing the following safety measures. Those persons whose resistance to infection is compromised should not attempt this type of clean up.

#### Other Tips:

- Keep children and pets out of the affected area until cleanup has been completed.
- Turn off heating/air conditioning systems
- Wear rubber boots, rubber gloves, and goggles during cleanup of the affected area.
- Discard items that cannot be washed and disinfected (such as: mattresses, rugs, cosmetics, baby toys, etc.)
- Remove and discard drywall and insulation that has been contaminated with sewage or flood waters.

- Thoroughly clean all hard surfaces (such as flooring, concrete, molding, wood and metal furniture, countertops, appliances, sinks and other plumbing fixtures) with hot water and laundry or dish detergent.
- Help the drying process with fans, air conditioning units, and dehumidifiers.
- After completing cleanup, wash your hands with soap and water. Use water that has been boiled for 1 minute (allow the water to cool before washing your hands) OR use water that has been disinfected (solution of 1/8 teaspoon of household bleach per 1 gallon of water). Let it stand for 30 min. If water is cloudy, use ¼ teaspoon of household bleach per 1 gallon of water.
- Wash clothes worn during cleanup in hot water and detergent (wash apart from uncontaminated clothes).
- Wash clothes contaminated with sewage in hot water and detergent. Consider using a Laundromat until your onsite wastewater system has been professionally inspected and serviced.
- Seek immediate attention if you become injured or ill.

#### Spill cleanup outside the home:

- Keep children and pets out of the affected area until cleanup has been completed.
- Wear rubber boots, rubber gloves, and goggles during cleanup of affected area.
- Clean up sewage solids (fecal material) and place in properly functioning toilet or double bag and place in garbage container.
- On hard surfaces areas such as asphalt or concrete, it is safe to use a 2% bleach solutions, or ½ cup of bleach to 5 gallons of water, but don't allow it to reach a storm drain as the bleach can harm the environment.
- After cleanup, wash hands with soap and water. Use water that has been boiled for 1 minute (allow to cool before washing your hands) OR use water that has been disinfected (solution of 1/8 teaspoon of household bleach per 1 gallon of water). Let it stand for 30 min. If water is cloudy, use ¼ teaspoon of household bleach per 1 gallon of water.
- Wash clothes worn during cleanup in hot water and detergent (wash apart from uncontaminated clothes).
- Wash clothes contaminated with sewage in hot water and detergent. Consider using a Laundromat until your onsite wastewater system has been professionally inspected and serviced.
- Seek immediate attention if you become injured/ill.

## NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT COURTESY NOTICE

## WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM PHONE 892-1694

 $\square$  Responded to call.

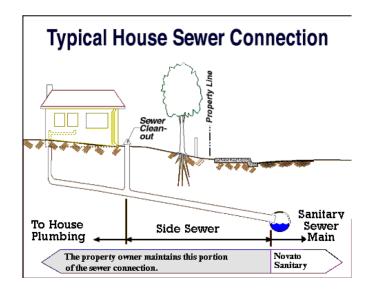
☐ The sewer main is clear.
□ Problem was in the sewer main and the problem has been corrected.
□ Problem is in your lateral and you should get a plumber to clear the blockage.
□ Other
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

<u>District Ordnance No. 70 Sections 146 and 510.</u> dated February 28, 1994 state: <u>Side sewer</u> shall mean the sewer line beginning at a point two (2) feet outside the foundation wall of any building and terminating at the main sewer and includes the building sewer and lateral sewer together.

<u>Maintenance of side sewer.</u> Side sewers shall be maintained by the owner of the property served thereby.

Date:	Time:
Danwagantatiwa	

## NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT Sewer Lateral Maintenance Areas of Responsibility



## To House Plumbing/Side Sewer-

**Property Owner Responsible For Repairs and Maintaining Clear Pipe.** 

### Sanitary Sewer Main-

**District Responsible For Repairs and Maintenance** 

# Appendix C SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOW RESPONSE PACKET

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Table of Contents

<u>Form</u>	<u>Form Number</u>
Instructions and Chain of Custody	envelope label
Responding to a Sanitary Sewer Overflow	
Sewer Overflow Report	2
Start Time Determination Form	3
Volume Estimation Forms	4a, -4b, -4c, -4d
Service Call Form	5
CCTV Work Order	6
Overflow Follow-Up Form	7
Regulatory Notifications Packet InstructionsRegulatory Reporting GuideCategory 1 SSO Reporting ChecklistCategory 2 & 3 SSO Reporting Checklist	RN-1 2a
Public Posting	n/a
Door Hanger	n/a
Sewer Spill Reference Guide	pamphlet

## In the event of a **Sanitary Sewer Overflow READ THIS FIRST**



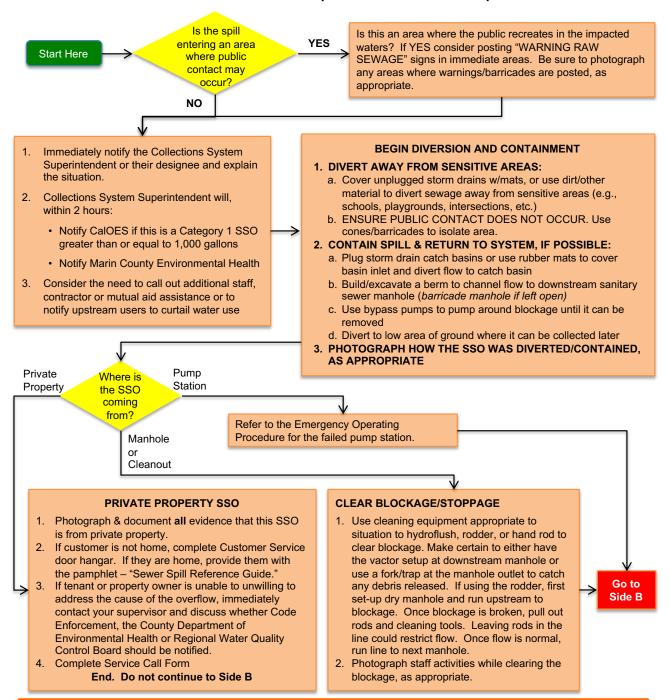
☐ If this is a Category 1 SSO greater than or equal to 1,000 gallons contact the Collections System Superintendent, Collections System Leadworker or General Manager-Chief Engineer to make the 2-hour notification to CalOES.		
☐ Check here if you believe that fats, roots, oils and/grease (FROG) caused or contributed to the SSO.		
<ul> <li>Contact the General Manager-Chief Engineer or Deputy District Manager/Engineer at (415) 892-1694 for any media requests.</li> </ul>		
Instructions	Don't forget photos!	
<ul> <li>Collections Crew:</li> <li>□ Follow the instructions on the Sewer Overflow Response Flowchart (C-1).</li> <li>□ Refer to the Field Guide as necessary.</li> <li>□ Place completed forms in this envelope, complete the Chain of Custody record (right) and forward this packet to the Collections System Superintendent or designee.</li> </ul>	Print Name:  Initial:  Date:  Time:	
Collections System Superintendent:  Review the enclosed forms.  Complete the Regulatory Notifications Packet.  Archive this packet and all other information regarding this overflow incident according to District policy.	Print Name:  Initial: Date: Time:	

Novato Sanitary District Overflow Emergency Response Plan Sanitary Sewer Overflow Packet

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## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Overflow Response Flowchart

#### NOTE: Ensure that all photos are date/time stamped



#### MEDIA AND PUBLIC RELATIONS GUIDELINES:

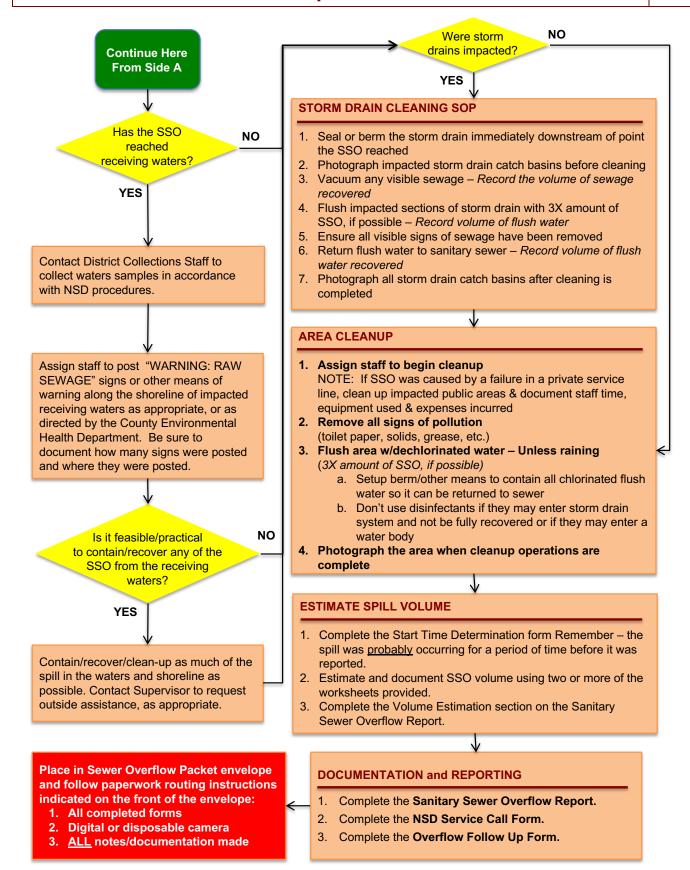
Exercise caution in contacts with the public or media when you respond to a spill. Any information you provide or statements you make may become pertinent in the event of possible court action, it is important to **AVOID THE FOLLOWING**:

- Giving out the wrong information including providing incorrect facts about a company or other agency
- Making accusations against customers, businesses or other agencies
   Speculating about the situation you are responding to

Be courteous and attempt to provide accurate information to questions within the limits above. In some cases, it may be appropriate to say that we do not have any information, or to delay answering a question and then to say when an answer might be available.

In most cases, refer media requests to the media coordinator indicated on the front of the Sewer Overflow Packet envelope.

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Overflow Response Flowchart



## C-2 Side A

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Sanitary Sewer Overflow Report

INSTRUCTIONS: Complete all items EXCEPT those that are shaded gray

SSO Ca	ategory <i>(cl</i>	neck one):						
_	tegory 1:	Discharge of untreated or partially treated wastewater of any that either (1) Reaches surface water and/or drainage channe Storm Sewer System (MS4) and was not fully captured and redisposed of properly.	I tributary to a surface water; OR (	(2) Reached a Municipal Separate				
☐ Cat	tegory 2:	Discharge of untreated or partially treated wastewater greater failure or flow condition that either (1) Does not reach surface discharged to the storm drain system was fully recovered and	water, a drainage channel, or an N					
☐ Cat	tegory 3:	All other discharges of untreated or partially treated wastewater	er resulting from a sanitary sewer	system failure or flow condition				
☐ Spil	☐ Spill from Private Lateral (specify): ☐ Single Family Home ☐ Multi-Family Home ☐ High Density Residential (5+ units) ☐ Food Service Establishment (FSE) ☐ Mixed Use Property ☐ Industrial Property ☐ Commercial Property ☐ Public quasi-public institution (hospital, schools, fire department, etc.)							
IMMEDIA	ATE NOTI	FICATION: If this is a Category 1 SSO ≥1,000 gallon	s, contact CalOES within 2 h	ours at (800) 852-7550.				
A. SSC	D LOCATI	ON						
SSO Lo	ocation Na	me:						
Latitude	e Coordina	tes*: Longitude	e Coordinates:					
Street N	Name and	Number:						
Nearest	t Cross St	reet: City:	Zip (	Code:				
County:	:	SSO Location Description:	<u>'</u>					
D 000	) DECCDI	RTION (Complete Valuma Fatimation Workshoots or	adlan mafan ta Field Cuide as	manded for estimations \				
		PTION (Complete Volume Estimation Worksheets an						
	Lateral Cle Lower Late	Point (check one or more): ☐ Combined Sewer D.I. (Canout (Private) ☐ Lateral Cleanout (Public) ☐ Inside eral (Private) ☐ Lower Lateral (Public) ☐ Upper er System Structure (specify):	Building or Structure   Manh	,				
		le appearance points? ☐ No ☐ Yes, number of appe	arance points:					
Did the	SSO read	h a drainage channel and/or surface water? ☐ Yes (Ca	ntegory 1) □No					
If the S	SO reache	ed a storm sewer, was it fully captured and returned to the	ne Sanitary Sewer? □ Yes I	□No ( <i>Category 1)</i>				
Was thi	is spill fron	n a private lateral? □ Yes □No If YES, name of resp	oonsible party:					
☐ Sepa	er:	tition: ☐ Ocean/ocean beach* ☐ Surface waters often drain ☐ Combined storm drain ☐ Paved surface  of affected drainage channels, beach, etc.:	ner than ocean ☐ Drainage☐ Unpaved					
Total Es	stimated S	SO volume (in gallons – 1,000gal or more = Category 1	'):	gallons				
Est. volu	ıme that rea	ched a separate storm drain that flows to a surface water body	r: gal	Recovered: gal				
Est. volu	ıme that rea	ched a drainage channel that flows to a surface water body:	gal	Recovered: gal				
Est. volu	ıme dischar	ged directly to a surface water body:	gal	Recovered: gal				
Est. volu	ıme dischar	ged to land:	gal	Recovered: gal				
	lethods: E r (describe	lEyeball □Photo Comparison □Upstream Lat. Connection:	ctions □Area/Volume (include	e sketch/photo with dimensions)				
C. SSC	OCCUR	RING TIME (complete Start Time Determination Forr	n and then complete informa	ation below)				
Estimat	ted SSO st	art date:	Estimated SSO start time:					
Date SS	SO reporte	ed to sewer crew:	Time SSO reported to sewe	r crew:				
	ewer crew		Time sewer crew arrived:					
Who wa	as intervie	wed to help determine start time?	<del></del>					
Estimat	ted SSO e	nd date:	Estimated SSO end time:					

<sup>\*</sup> If multiple appearance points, use the GPS coordinates for the location of the SSO appearance point closest to the failure point/blockage.

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## City of Concord: Overflow Emergency Response Plan

## C-2 Side B

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Sanitary Sewer Overflow Report

D. CAUSE OF SSO		
Where did failure occur? (Check all that apply): ☐ Air Reli		
☐ Lower Lateral (public) ☐ Lower Lateral (private)		specify): OControls OMechanical OPower
☐ Upper Lateral (public) ☐ Upper Lateral (private)		
SSO cause (check all that apply):   Air Relief or Blow-Off		
, , , , , , ,	onstruction Ofrom Lateral OG	
☐ FROG (Fats, roots, oil, grease) ☐ Inappropriate ☐		
☐ Pipe Structural Problem/Failure ☐ Pipe Structural ☐ Pump Station Failure (specify): ○Controls ○Mech		☐ Rainfall Exceeded Design ☐ Siphon Failure ☐ Vandalism
☐ Surcharged Pipe ☐ Non - Dispersible Wipes ☐		□ Sipriori Fallure □ Varidalisiri
Diameter (in inches) of pipe at point of blockage/spill of		
Sewer pipe material at point of blockage/spill cause (if		_
Estimated age of sewer asset at the point of blockage	,	
		Chan
Description of terrain surrounding point of blockage/sp	oill cause: ☐ Flat ☐ Mixed	□ Steep
E. SSO RESPONSE		
SSO response activities (check all that apply):   Cle	eaned-Up	s of Spill
☐ Restored Flow ☐ Returned All Spill to Sanitary S		ortion of Spill to Sanitary Sewer System
☐ Property Owner Notified ☐ Other Enforcement A	gency Notified (specify)	Other (specify):
SSO response completed (date & time):		
Visual inspection result of impacted waters (if applicate	ole):	
Any fish killed? ☐ Yes ☐ No Any o	ongoing investigation? ☐ Yes	□ No
Were health warnings posted? ☐ Yes ☐ No If y	es, provide health warning/bea	ach closure posting/details:
Was there a beach closure? ☐ Yes ☐ No If y	es, name of closed beach(es):	
Were samples of impacted waters collected? ☐ Yes		
	□ Bacteria □ pH □ Temp	erature   Other:
Recommended corrective actions: (check all that app	ly and provide detail)	
☐ Add sewer to preventive maintenance program ☐ Adjust schedule/method of preventive maintenance	1	
☐ Enforcement action against FROG source	•	
☐ Inspect Sewer Using CCTV to Determine Cause		
☐ Plan rehabilitation or replacement of sewer		
☐ Repair Facilities or Replace Defect		
☐ Other (specify)		
What major equipment was used in the response?		
		:- 4
List all agency personnel involved in the response inc	luding name, title and their role	in the response:
F. NOTES		
G. NOTIFICATION DETAILS		
CalOES contacted date and time (if applicable):		
· -	-0-	aka ta
CalOES Control Number (if applicable):	Spo	oke to:
This form prepared by: NAME:	TITLE:	DATE:
This form reviewed by: NAME:	TITLE:	DATE:

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Start Time Determination Form

**C-3** 

SSO Start Date:	Location:				
Accurate start time determinat being even one minute off can not round to quarter hour incre neighbors, emergency respon	n have a huge impact on the must be the mu	he volume estim	ation. Be as pred	cise as possible	. Do
What time was the agency not	tified of the SSO?			🗆 AM	□ PM
Who notified the agency?			_		
Did they indicate what time the	ey noticed the SSO? ☐ Y	ES □ NO If yes, v	vhat time?	🗆 AM	□ PM
Who at the agency received th	ne notification?				
What time did the crew arrive	at the site of the SSO? _				□ PM
Who was interviewed regardin statement they provided:	g the start time of the SS	O? Include their	name, contact in	formation, and	the
Name Con	tact Information	Statement			
		_			
Describe in detail how you det	ermined the start time for	this particular S	SO:		
SSO Start Date:	SSO	Start Time:		□ AM □ PM	
SSO End Date:	SSO	End Time:		□ AM □ PM	
	sso	Duration:		minutes	
This form completed by:					
Name:		Signature:			
Job Title:		Date:			

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Volume Estimation: Eyeball Estimation Method

**C-4**a

Use this method only for small SSOs of less than 200 gallons.

SSO Date:		Location:		
STEP 1: F	Position yourself so that you	nave a vantage p	oint where you can se	e the entire SSO.
5	magine one or more buckets select a bucket or barrel size bucket/barrel size.			ding on the size of the SSO, essary to use more than one
t	Estimate how many of each s hose numbers in Column A o ou are using as a frame of re	of the row in the ta		ke an equivalent spill. Enter bonds to the bucket/barrel sizes
STEP 4: N	Multiply the number in Colum	n A by the multip	lier in Column B. Ente	r the result in Column C.
		А	В	С
	Size of bucket(s) or barrel(s)	How many of this size?	Multiplier	Estimated SSO Volume (gallons)
	1 gallon water jug		x 1 gallons	
	5 gallon bucket		x 5 gallons	
	32 gallon trash can		x 32 gallons	
	55 gallon drum		x 55 gallons	
	Other: gallons		x gallons	
		Estimated 1	Total SSO Volume:	
lf If	rainfall a factor in the SSO? yes, what volume of the obse yes, describe how you deter	erved spill volume mined the amoun	t of rainfall in the obse	rved spill?
STEP 6: C	alculate the estimated SSO v	-	_	
_ E	gailons stimated SSO Volume	<u>gallo</u> Rainfall	ns = Total Estima	gallons ted SSO Volume
If no, you N	ieve that this method has est MUST use additional method support the estimation. Exp	s to estimate the	entire SSO. If yes, it is	s advisable to use additional as not estimated the entire SSC
This works Name: Job Title:	heet completed by:	_	Signature: Date:	

C-4b Side 1

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Volume Estimation: Duration and Flow Rate Comparison Method

SSO Date:	Location:
STEP 1:	Compare the SSO to reference images on Side 2 to estimate flow rate of the current overflow. Describe which reference photo(s) were used and any additional factors that influenced applying the reference photo data to the actual SSO:
	Flow Rate Based on Photo Comparison:gallons per minute (gpm)
STEP 2:	Complete the <b>Start Time Determination Form</b> to provide a detailed description of how start time was determined. Copy the SSO Duration from the Start Time Determination Form here:
	SSO Duration:minutes
STEP 3:	Multiply the flow rate by the SSO duration to calculate the estimated SSO volume.
	gpm Flow RateXminutes SSO Duration=gallons Estimated SSO Volume
STEP 4:	Did the SSO occur during a period of consistent flow in this portion of the system? $\ \square \ $ Yes $\ \square \ $ No
	If no, explain how, based on this portion of the collection system and its users, you believe it may have impacted the estimated SSO volume:
	By what percentage are you adjusting the estimation? □ increase □ decrease
	Translate the percentage into gallons: gallons
STEP 5:	Calculate the adjusted SSO volume estimate:
	gallons + or - gallons = gallons
	Estimated SSO Volume Adjustment Estimated SSO volume
If no, you I	lieve that this method has estimated the entire SSO? □Yes □No MUST use additional methods to estimate the entire SSO. If yes, it is advisable to use additional support the estimation. Explain why you believe this method has/has not estimated the entire SSO:
This works	heet completed by: Signature:
Job Title:	Signature: Date:

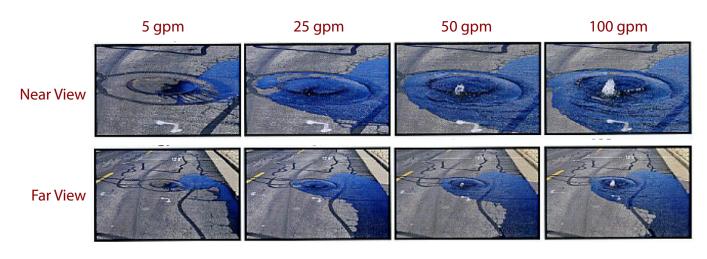
## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Volume Estimation: Duration and Flow Rate Comparison Method

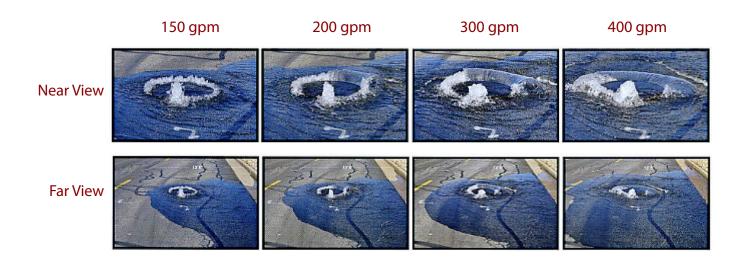
#### **IMPORTANT NOTE:**

These photographs are provided as examples only and will change with many factors.

## **SSCSC Manhole Overflow Gauge**

CWEA Southern Section Collections Systems Committee Overflow Simulation courtesy of Eastern Municipal Water District





## **C-4c**

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Volume Estimation: Upstream Lateral Connections Method

SSO Date:	·		Locat	ion:							
STEP 1:						nis SSO: Idings, refer to age	EDUs ency documentation.				
STEP 2:	This volume estimation method utilizes daily usage data based on flow rate studies of several jurisdictions in California. Column A shows how an average daily of usage of 180 gallons per day is distributed during each 6-hour period. Adjust the table as necessary to accurately represent the actual data.										
	Complete Column E by entering the number of minutes the SSO was active during each 6-hour time period. Multiply column D times Column E to calculate the gallons spilled during each time period. Add the numbers in Column F together for the Total Estimated SSO Volume per EDU.										
			Flow Ra	te Per EDU		S	so				
		Α	В	С	D	E	F				
	Time Period	Gallons per Period	Hours per period	A÷B = Gallons per Hour	C÷60 = Gallons per Minute	Minutes SSO was active during period	D × E = Gallons spilled per period				
	6am-noon	72	6	12	0.20						
	noon-6pm	36	6	6	0.10						
	6pm-midnight	54	6	9	0.15						
	midnight-6am	18	6	3	0.05						
	Total Estimated SSO Volume per EDU:										
STEP 3: STEP 4:	Volume per ED	g <u>allons</u> X U ume as nece	# of ED	= Us E sidering othe	stimated SSO	Volume  as activity that	would cause a				
	fluctuating flow rate (doing laundry, taking showers, etc.). Explain rationale below and indicate adjusted SSO estimate (attach a separate page if necessary):										
	Estimated SSO	Volume:			gallons						
If no, you N		onal method	ds to estima	ate the entire	e SSO. If yes,	it is advisable to	use additional ed the entire SSO:				
This works Name:	heet completed	•		Signa	ture:						

## C-4d Side 1

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Volume Estimation: Flow Out of Manhole Vent or Pick Hole

SSO Date	e: Location:							
STEP 1:	Measure the water height flowing out of the vent or pick hole in inches: inches Note: Be as precise as possible. A small difference in spout height can make a major difference in estimated spill volume!							
	Describe how the spout height was determined:							
	Height to be measured							
STEP 2:	Determine the Spill Rate by referring to the table on Side 2. Find the height measured in Step 1 in the left column. Read the Spill Rate in the next column (gpm = gallons per minute).							
	Spill Rate = gpm							
STEP 3:	Complete the Start Time Determination Form to provide a detailed description of how start time was determined. Copy the SSO Duration from the Start Time Determination Form here:							
	SSO Duration:minutes							
STEP 4:	Multiply the spill rate by the spill duration to calculate the estimated spill volume.							
	gpm     X     minutes     =     gallons       Spill Rate     Spill Duration     Estimated Spill Volume							
If no, you	elieve that this method has estimated the entire SSO? □Yes □No MUST use additional methods to estimate the entire SSO. If yes, it is advisable to use additional to support the estimation. Explain why you believe this method has/has not estimated the entire SSO:							
This work Name:	sheet completed by: Signature: Date:							

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Volume Estimation: Flow Out of Manhole Vent or Pick Hole

NOTE: This table is provided for general reference. Use site-specific data if available.

### This table is based on a 7/8-inch diameter pick hole

Height of spout above M/H cover H in inches	SSO FLOW Q in gpm
1/8	1.0
1/4	1.4
3/8	1.7
1/2	1.9
5/8 3/4	2.2
3/4 7/8	2.4 2.6
1	2.7
1 1/8	2.9
1 1/4	3.1
1 3/8	3.2
1 1/2	3.4
1 5/8	3.5
1 3/4	3.6
1 7/8	3.7
2	3.9
2 1/8	4.0
2 1/4	4.1
2 3/8	4.2
2 1/2	4.3
2 5/8	4.4
2 3/4	4.5
2 7/8	4.6
3	4.7
3 1/8	4.8
3 1/4	4.9
3 3/8	5.0
3 1/2	5.1
3 5/8	5.2
3 3/4	5.3
3 7/8	5.4
4	5.5
4 1/8	5.6
4 1/4	5.6
4 3/8	5.7
4 1/2	5.8
4 5/8	5.9
4 3/4	6.0
4 7/8	6.0
5	6.1

Height of spout above M/H cover H in inches	SSO FLOW Q in gpm	
5 1/8 5 1/4	6.2 6.3	
5 3/8	6.3	
5 1/2	6.4	
5 5/8	6.5	
5 3/4	6.6	
5 7/8	6.6	
6	6.7	
6 1/8	6.8	
6 1/4	6.8	
6 3/8	6.9	Unrestrained MH cover
6 1/2 ←	7.0	will start to lift
6 5/8	7.0	
6 3/4	7.1	
6 7/8	7.2	
7	7.2	
7 1/8	7.3	
7 1/4	7.4	
7 3/8	7.4	
7 1/2	7.5	
7 5/8	7.6	
7 3/4	7.6	
7 7/8	7.7	
8	7.7	
8 1/8	7.8	
8 1/4	7.9	
8 3/8	7.9	
8 1/2	8.0	
8 5/8	8.0	
8 3/4	8.1	
8 7/8 9	8.1 8.2	
9 1/8	8.3	
9 1/4	8.3 -	
9 3/8	8.4	
9 1/2	8.4	
9 5/8	8.5	
9 3/4	8.5	
9 7/8	8.6	
10	8.7	

#### Disclaimer

This sanitary sewer overflow table was developed by Ed Euyen, Civil Engineer, P.E. No. 33955, California, for County Sanitation District 1. This table is provided as an example. Other Agencies may want to develop their own estimating tables.

## **C-5** Side 1

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Novato Sanitary District Sewer Service Call Form

Novato Sanitary District Sewer Service	e Call Form		Date:	
				Page 1 of 2
A. Initial Notification: Rec	eived by:	Referred to:		
	rred via: phone/fax/email (circle			_
B. Caller Information:				
Name:	Phone:		Time:	(AM/PM)
Address:				
Cross Street:				
	Structure	ор	Structure Down	
Caller Info: C. Details of Initial Response:				
Arrival Time:(AM/PM) De	eparture time:(AM/PI	M) Weather Conditio	ons:	
Personnel (XX/XX)		Pay Code (circle one):	3.	e & ½ Comp
Personnel (XX/XX)  D. Problem Information:	F	Pay Code (circle one):	Regular Time	e & ½ Comp
Problem type(s): (circle all that apply)	Pump Station Alarm (	Collection System	Stoppage Ove	rflow Odor
r robiem type(s). (circle all that apply)		·	•	mow Odoi
	Other			
Problem In: (circle one) *if private lateral problem only, go to Part	Mainline Private Lateral*	Manhole Dry Well	Wet Well Force Ma	ain Water Main
If no overflow, go to Part E-1	Other			
Problem Causes: (circle all that apply)	Debris Roots Grease F	Pipe Failure Surcharge	e Storm Drain MH	Cover Unknown
Activity: (circle all that apply)	Rodding Hydroflush	HandRod None	Other	
Photo's Taken: Yes (please a	ttach) No			
	·			
Comments:				<del> </del>
E. Overflow – Initial Assessment				
Overflow Type: (circle one)Capacity	Stoppage			
Overflow Location: (circle one) Pum	p Station Manhole F	Rodhole Later	al Cleanout	
		<b>—</b> . –		
<b>E-1.</b> Notified Customer who is the	□ Owner □ Tenant	☐ In Person	☐ By Phone	☐ Left door tag
Note:				

#### **Novato Sanitary District Sewer Service Call Form**

Novat	Novato Sanitary District Sewer Service Call Form					Date:					
										Pa	ige 2 of 2
F.	Immediate	Reportir	ng – Check	Agencies Notified	d by Inc	ident C	ommander				
□ Nov	vato Police	Emergen	cy: 897-112	22 Business: 897-	-4361		OES: <b>800-852-</b> Control#:	7550	☐ Fish and Game Dispatch 916-358-1300		itch
□ NM	lWD	Business	s: 897-4133					910	)-336-1300		
□ Ma	rin County PW <b>499-6528</b>			Novato, Public Wor <b>99-8246</b>	·ks	Operator Name:  □ Marin County Dept of County Comm Cntr D 499-7235					
G.	Overflow I	nformati	on (Initial E	stimates):							
Amount, GPM Total Time of Spill Total Gallons			_	allons to en Ground		lons to treet	Gallor Storm				
C40 mm	Drain Diagha		Crook / E	Divor / Dond / Lone	/ Or	C+-	und / NA	Namai			
	Storm Drain Discharges to: Creek / River / Pond / Lagoon / Open Ground / NA Name:  Time spill was stopped: Total time of cleanup, min Retrieved from Storm drain, Retrieved from Water Body										
Tille	spili was stop	peu.	Total	ine of cleanup, in		total		ii uraiii,		ible), total g	
GSP (	Coordinates:								•		
										_	
H.	District Cre	ew/Equip									
Crew	names		Hours	Reg/Time & ½	Comp	Time	Equipment				Hours
I. Add	ditional Inform	nation/Co	omments:								
			_								
_											
_											
_											
_											
_											
J.	-	_	-	ng: Completed by					<del></del>		
K.	Service Ca	ıll Form (	Closeout:	Completed by Approved by:							
K.	Corrective	Actions	: To be fille	d out by Collection			worker, or Coll			rvisor onvi	
	an affected ma			☐ Upgrade cle					J TV main	Only:	
	ner (describe):			_ 579.440 010	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 4-0110	,	_			

NOTE: This report must be approved by a District supervisor within 24 hours of the spill.

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet CCTV Work Order

2 1 1 1 1 1 3	ovato Sanitary				
STRIC	CTV Work Ord	ier		#	
BASIN: CO4 STATUS: Issued	ASSIGNED ROUTE:	TO: CCTV Crew		DATE ISSUED: 05/6 PLAN DUE DATE:	5/2009
Activity: Description of Work: Special Instructions:					
LOGGED W/	PICAX OTHER	2	☐ Traffic Control	O IN STREET	O IN EASEMENT
ADDRESS/LOCATION 2382 RICE	RD		Required	O PRIVATE PROPERTY	O OTHER
YPE OF REQUEST  TV LATERAL TV MAIN OTHER  ATE COMPLETED			TV SUPER	VISOR	
ine Segments -25-11-I-25-12	VCP	322.00	8	COMPLETED / NOTES	
PROBLEMS ROOTS GR	EASE DEBRIS PIPE DA	MAGE PIPE SA	G VERMIN OTHE	R NOTES IF OTHER	
FOLLOW HEAVY CLEANING	☐ DEBRIS REMOVAL ☐ GRE	ASE REMOVAL	ROOT TREATMENT R	EPAIR ROACH CONT	TROL OTHER

## C-6 Side B

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet CCTV Work Order

2	Novato Sanitary District				
	CCT	/ Work Order	#		
BASIN:	CO4	ASSIGNED TO: CCTV Crew	DATE ISSUED: 05/6/2009		
STATUS:	Issued	ROUTE:	PLAN DUE DATE:		

Fill Operators	Date	Reg. Hours	OT Hours	DT Hours	Total Time	Cost	
0							
0							
	,					Sum = 0	
Equipment							
Fill Equipment	Date		Hours		Cost	Cost	
0							
0							
					Sum = 0	367 6.13 5.11	
					Sum = 0		
					Sum = 0		
Materials							
Fill Materials	Description	Unit Cost	QTY	ı	Sum = 0	Cost	
Fill Materials	Description	Unit Cost	QTY	9		Cost	
Fill Materials	Description	Unit Cost	QTY	ı		Cost	
Fill Materials	Description	Unit Cost	QTY			Cost	
Fill Materials	Description	Unit Cost	QTY	8		Cost	
Fill Materials	Description	Unit Cost	QTY	9			
Fill Materials	Description	Unit Cost	QTY				
Fill Materials	Description	Unit Cost	QTY Unit Cost	QTY			
Fill Materials  O  Services					20	Sum = 0	
Fill Materials  Services  Fill Services Provider List					20	Sum = 0	

## Map Corrections / Comments

☐ Map Changes Requested

	APPROVAL
Approved By:	
Approval Date:	

## **C-7**

## Sanitary Sewer Overflow Response Packet Overflow Follow Up Form

DATE		
LOCATION		
UP	DN	
#1		
		O DETERMINE THE CAUSE OF THE OVERFLOW EW READY ON SITE TO CLEAN AS C.C.T.V. IS
#2		
THE SEWER L	INE NEEDS TO HAVE COMPLET	TE C.C.T.V. FROM MANHOLE TO MANHOLE.
#3		
	NABLE TO COMPLETE C.C.T.V. WORKER CAN HAVE IT COMPL	. GIVE REASON WHY AND TURN IN PAPERWOR LETED.
#4		
DESCRIPTION	I IF NOT COMPLETED AND A SC	OLUTION:



# WARNING! SEWAGE OVERFLOW AVOID WATER CONTACT

# PRECAUCION! AGUA DE DESPERDICIO MANTENGASE FUERA DEL AGUA



NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT 415-892-1694

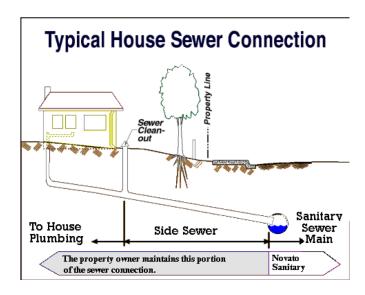
## NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT COURTESY NOTICE

## WASTEWATER COLLECTION SYSTEM PHONE 892-1694

 $\square$  Responded to call.

☐ The sewer main is clear.
☐ Problem was in the sewer main and the problem has been corrected.
☐ Problem is in your lateral and you should get a plumber to clear the blockage.
□ Other
<u>District Ordnance No. 70 Sections 146 and 510.</u> dated February 28, 1994 state: <u>Side sewer</u> shall mean the sewer
line beginning at a point two (2) feet outside the
foundation wall of any building and terminating at the main sewer and includes the building sewer and lateral sewer together.
Maintenance of side sewer. Side sewers shall be maintained by the owner of the property served thereby.
Date:Time:
Representative:

## NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT Sewer Lateral Maintenance Areas of Responsibility



## To House Plumbing/Side Sewer-

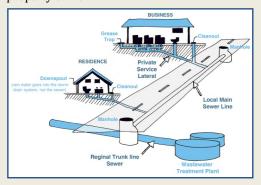
Property Owner Responsible For Repairs and Maintaining Clear Pipe.

## Sanitary Sewer Main-

District Responsible For Repairs and Maintenance

### How a Sewer System Works

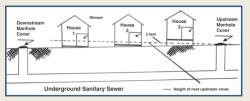
A property owner's sewer pipes are called *service laterals* and are connected to larger local main and regional trunk lines. Service laterals run from the connection at the home to the connection with the public sewer. These laterals are the responsibility of the property owner and must be maintained by the property owner.



## Is my home required to have a backflow prevention device?

Section 710.1 of the Uniform Plumbing Code (U.P.C.) states: "Drainage piping serving fixtures which have flood level rims located below the elevation of the next upstream manhole cover or private sewer serving such drainage piping **shall** be protected from backflow of sewage by installing an approved type of backwater valve." The intent of Section 710.1 is to protect the building interior from mainline sewer overflows or surcharges.

Additionally, U.P.C. 710.6 states: "Backwater valves <u>shall</u> be located where they will be accessible for inspection and repair at all times and, unless continuously exposed, shall be enclosed in a masonry pit fitted with an adequately sized removable cover."



Discharge of untreated or partially treated sewage is prohibited by law. If you would like more information on this prohibition, please contact any of the following:

#### **Novato Sanitary District**

(415) 892-1694

## **Marin County Environmental Health** (415) 499-6907

California Health and Safety Code, Sections 5410-5416 requires:

- No person shall discharge raw or treated sewage or other waste in a manner that results in contamination, pollution, or a nuisance.
- Any person who causes or permits a sewage discharge to any state waters:
  - $\circ\quad$  Must immediately notify the local health agency of the discharge.
  - Shall reimburse the local health agency for services that protect the public's health and safety.
  - Who fails to provide the required notice to the local health agency is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine (between \$500-\$1,000) and/or imprisonment for less than one year.

## San Francisco Regional Water Quality Control Board

(510) 622-2300

Requires the prevention, mitigation, response to, and reporting of sewage spills.

## California Governor's Office of Emergency Services (CalOES)

(800) 852-7550

California Water Code, Article 4, Chapter 4, Sections 13268-13271 & California Code of Regulations, Title 23, Division 3, Chapter 9.2, Article 2, Sections 2250-2260 require:

- Any person who causes or permits sewage in excess of 1,000 gallons to be discharged to state waters shall immediately notify the Office of Emergency Services.
- Any person who fails to provide the notice required by this section is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine (less than \$20,000) and/or imprisonment for not more than one year.

## Sewer Spill Reference Guide

## Your Responsibilities as a Private Property Owner

Provided to you by:

**Novato Sanitary District** 

500 Davidson Street Novato, CA 94945 (415) 892-1694

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#### How do sewage spills happen?

Sewage spills occur when the wastewater in underground pipes overflows through a manhole, cleanout, or broken pipe. Most spills are relatively small and can be stopped and cleaned up quickly, but left unattended they can cause health hazards, damage to homes and businesses, and threaten the environment, local waterways, and beaches.

#### **CAUTION!**

When trying to locate a sewer problem, never open manholes or other public sewer structures. Only our crews are allowed to open & inspect these structures.

#### Common causes of sewage spills

- Grease build-up
- Tree roots
- Broken/cracked pipes
- Missing or broken cleanout caps
- Undersized sewers
- Groundwater/rainwater entering the sewer system through pipe defects and illegal connections

## Prevent most sewage backups with a Backflow Prevention Device

This type of device can help prevent sewage backups into homes and businesses. If you don't already have a Backflow Prevention Device, contact a professional plumber or contractor to install one as soon as possible.

#### **Protect the environment!**

If you let sewage from your property discharge to a gutter or storm drain, you may be subject to penalties and/or out-of-pocket costs for clean-up and enforcement efforts. A property owner may be charged for costs incurred by agencies responding to spills from private properties.

#### What to look for:

Sewage spills can be a very noticeable gushing of water from a manhole or a slow water leak that may take time to be noticed. Don't dismiss unaccounted-for wet areas. Look for:

- Drain backups inside the building.
- Wet ground and/or water leaking around manhole lids onto your street.
- Leaking water from cleanouts or outside drains
- Unusual odorous wet areas: sidewalks, external walls, ground/landscape around a building.

The following are indicators of a possible obstruction in your sewer line:

- Water comes up in floor drains, showers or toilets.
- Toilets, showers or floor drains below ground level drain very slowly.

#### What to do if there is a spill:

Immediately notify the Novato Sanitary District. Our crews locate the blockage and determine if it is in the public sewer; if it is the crew removes the blockage and arranges for cleanup.

If the backup is in your private internal plumbing or in the private service laterals, you are required to immediately:

- Control and minimize the spill by shutting off or not using the water
- Keep sewage out of the storm drain system using sandbags, dirt and/or plastic sheeting
- Call a plumbing professional to clear blockages and make repairs as needed. Look in the yellow pages under "Plumbing Drain & Sewer Cleaning" or "Sewer Contractors."
- Always notify your sewer/public works department or public sewer district of sewage spills.

#### Spill cleanup inside the home:

For large clean ups, a professional cleaning firm should be contacted to clean up impacted areas, You can locate local firms by looking in the Yellow Pages under "Water Damage" or "Fire Damage." If you hire a contractor, it is recommended to get estimates from more than one company. Sometimes, homeowner's insurance will pay for the necessary cleaning due to sewer backups. Not all policies have this coverage, so check with your agent.

If you decide to clean up a small spill inside your home, protect yourself from contamination by observing the following safety measures. Those persons whose resistance to infection is compromised should not attempt this type of clean up.

#### Other Tips:

- Keep children and pets out of the affected area until cleanup has been completed.
- Turn off heating/air conditioning systems
- Wear rubber boots, rubber gloves, and goggles during cleanup of the affected area.
- Discard items that cannot be washed and disinfected (such as: mattresses, rugs, cosmetics, baby toys, etc.)
- Remove and discard drywall and insulation that has been contaminated with sewage or flood waters.

- Thoroughly clean all hard surfaces (such as flooring, concrete, molding, wood and metal furniture, countertops, appliances, sinks and other plumbing fixtures) with hot water and laundry or dish detergent.
- Help the drying process with fans, air conditioning units, and dehumidifiers.
- After completing cleanup, wash your hands with soap and water. Use water that has been boiled for 1 minute (allow the water to cool before washing your hands) OR use water that has been disinfected (solution of 1/8 teaspoon of household bleach per 1 gallon of water). Let it stand for 30 min. If water is cloudy, use ¼ teaspoon of household bleach per 1 gallon of water.
- Wash clothes worn during cleanup in hot water and detergent (wash apart from uncontaminated clothes).
- Wash clothes contaminated with sewage in hot water and detergent. Consider using a Laundromat until your onsite wastewater system has been professionally inspected and serviced.
- Seek immediate attention if you become injured or ill.

#### Spill cleanup outside the home:

- Keep children and pets out of the affected area until cleanup has been completed.
- Wear rubber boots, rubber gloves, and goggles during cleanup of affected area.
- Clean up sewage solids (fecal material) and place in properly functioning toilet or double bag and place in garbage container.
- On hard surfaces areas such as asphalt or concrete, it is safe to use a 2% bleach solutions, or ½ cup of bleach to 5 gallons of water, but don't allow it to reach a storm drain as the bleach can harm the environment.
- After cleanup, wash hands with soap and water. Use
  water that has been boiled for 1 minute (allow to cool
  before washing your hands) OR use water that has been
  disinfected (solution of 1/8 teaspoon of household
  bleach per 1 gallon of water). Let it stand for 30 min. If
  water is cloudy, use ¼ teaspoon of household bleach per
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- Seek immediate attention if you become injured/ill.

# Appendix D FIELD SAMPLING KIT

## Field Sampling Kit **Table of Contents**

<u>Form</u>	<u>Form Number</u>
Procedures for Sampling Receiving Waters and Posting	
Warnings after a Sewage Spill	D-1
Sample Collection Chain of Custody Record	2

## The Field Sample Kit contains:

- Cooler w/ice pack
- Latex gloves
- Safety glasses
- Water quality sample bottles
- Waterproof Pen (i.e. Sharpie®)
- Coliform sample bottles
- Combination temperature/pH meter
- Extra batteries for temperature/pH meter
- Chain of Custody form

#### **Field Sampling Kit** Side A Procedures for Sampling Receiving Waters and Posting Warnings after a Sewage Spill Get Field Don the PPE Get ice pack from a Determine point spill entered waterway Sampling Kit convenience store - photograph this location (include a from the and place in cooler reference point in the photo) Sampling Kit Collect all samples against the direction of the water flow! (face upstream) Collect downstream sample first and work your way upstream! Collect samples well away from the bank (preferably where water is visibly flowing) and 6" below the surface Avoid sampling debris or scum layer from the surface. Photograph evidence of dead fish! Move 10' downstream of point where spill entered waterway (reference sample). Attach a map of sampling points. Take out the temp/pH meter. Calibrate it. Take temperature and pH of the water at that sample location. Record those results on the chain of custody form. Remove the seal from the enterococcus sample container (100ml) just prior to collecting your sample. A chemical has been added to the sample container. Leave the chemical in the bottle and do not rinse. 1. Remove the cap immediately before collecting each sample. 2. Do not allow the inside of the cap to touch anything 3. Holding the bottle in one hand, face upstream and lower the bottle 6" below the water surface. Then sweep the bottle upstream and out of the water. Be careful not to disturb the bottom sediment. Pour a little water out so that bottle is filled to the line. Immediately replace the cap. Open the ammonia-nitrogen sample container and follow collection process above (steps 1-3) to fill to just below the neck of the jar. NOTE: The ammonia-nitrogen sample bottle contains sulfuric acid - LEAVE THE ACID IN THE BOTTLE AND DO NOT ALLOW IT TO TOUCH YOUR SKIN! Label all of the samples with Place samples Take a photo of this sample their location and note the date in cooler on location (include a reference and time collected the ice pack point in the photo) Move at 50' upstream of point where spill entered Complete the Chain of Custody form waterway and repeat sampling steps (red boxes). from the Sampling Kit.

Novato Sanitary District: Overflow Emergency Response Plan

**D-1** 

Post warning signs as directed by the County Environmental Health Department or the Collections System Superintendent. (Remove Warning Signs and lift restrictions when authorized by County Environmental Health.)

Immediately contact: Linda Candelaria, NSD at (415)

892-1694 and inform her that the following samples

require processing: Ammonia-Nitrogen and

Enterococcus.

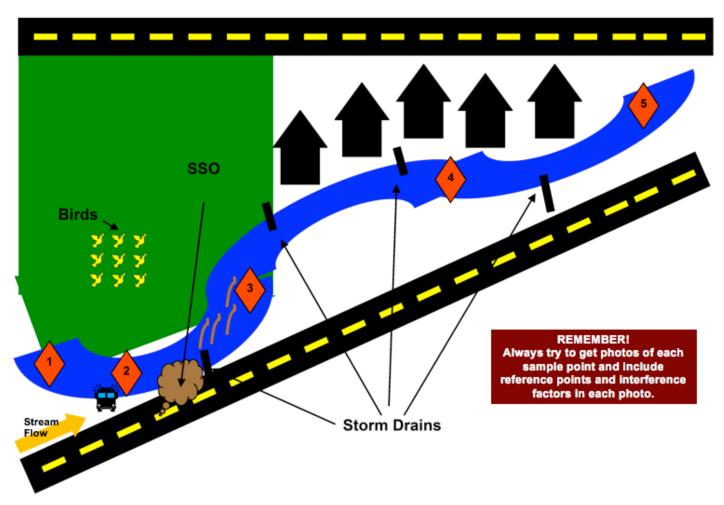
Repeat sampling daily from time the spill is known until the results of two consecutive sets of samples indicate the return to the normal level or cessation of monitoring is authorized by the County Environmental Health Department.

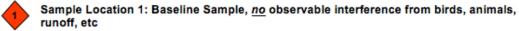
Take cooler containing the samples and completed

chain of custody to the NSD Lab. Samples should

be taken to lab within 6 hours of collection time.

## Field Sampling Kit Procedures for Sampling Receiving Waters and Posting Warnings after a Sewage Spill





Sample Location 2: Baseline Sample, <u>observable</u> interference from birds, animals, runoff, etc

NOTE: Only collect this sample if you observe any possible interfering factors upstream from the spill location

Sample Location 3: Immediately downstream of SSO entry point

Sample Location 4: Further downstream of SSO entry point – note any possible interfering factors

Sample Location 5: Further downstream of SSO entry point – note any possible interfering factors

**NOTE:** This example is provided for illustrative purposes <u>only!</u> Base each sampling event on the geography, drainage and interference factors (*i.e. birds, animals, runoff, etc.*) of the area impacted.

#### Novato Sanitary District: Overflow Emergency Response Plan

### Field Sampling Kit Sample Collection Chain of Custody Record

_

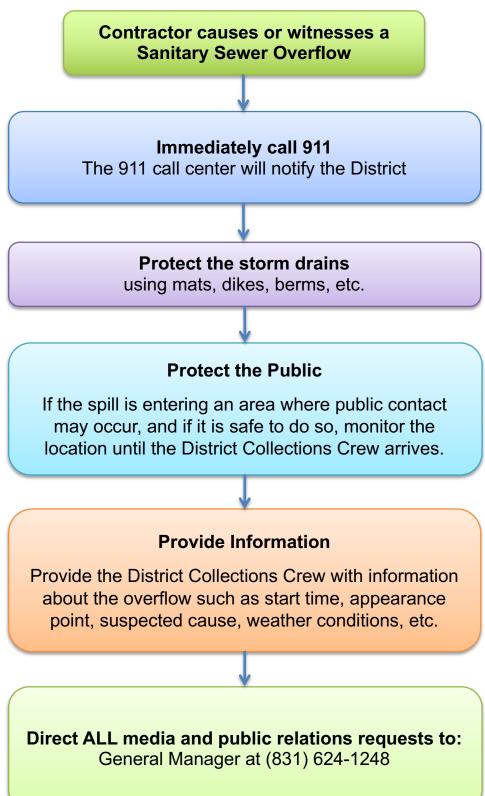
Customer Name								Hazar	dous \	Naste	<del></del>		Р	O#		
Customer Address	ì							Unkn	own M	ateria	al		V	VO#		
Customer Telephor	ne				Mail Code		CON	ITRACT	LAB	NFO	RMA	ΓΙΟΝ	Т	urna	round Re	equirement
Program Name					<u> </u>		Ship	to:						] Nori	mal (21 d	ays)
Lab Program Coord	dinator				Phone #		Ship	Date:							h:	
Sampled By					·		Cou	rier:						] Oth	er:	
			CAMDI	F 601	LECTION INFORMATION							ia Da		la al	04/06	. Daminamanta
			SAMPL	E COL	LECTION INFORMATION					A	nalys	IS Re	quesi	ea		Requirements  Standard
			Т	/ре												ecial (see attached)
					-		-	#								eciai (see attacheu)
	Date	Time	Cor		Sample Location	<u> </u>	Field Temp	Containers	_	Þ	Enterococcus					
			Composite	Grab		Field pH	Te		Matrix*	Ammonia	.0000				Rei	marks/Notes
LIMS# (Issued by Lab)			6			모	퓰	ers	X.	nia	cus					
(10000000)				X	Upstream			2	Α	X	X					
				X	Entry Point			2	Α	X	X					
				X	Downstream			2	Α	X	X					
								2								
								2								
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								2								
*Matrix: F	P = Potable	e Water, W =	Wastew	ater, A	A = Ambient Water, G = Gro	oundwater,	S = Soi	I, B = Bi	osolids,	I = Ind	dustria	al, O =	Othe	r (spe	cify in rem	arks)
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Cooled?			•		☐ Yes ☐ No ( °C)	Commen						D:	0000	b. "		/imite \
Sample distribution:			iest ⊔	vvaik-li		Disposal		ar 🗆	Lob Dr	og Co	ord		osed		rior 🗆	(inits.)
C-O-C Distribution	Date:	Ву:			☐ Lab Admin File	e □ Prog	yproj ivi	gr. ⊔	Lab Pr	og. Co	ord.	шL	elive	ry cou	ner ⊔	Pick-up courier

# Appendix E CONTRACTOR ORIENTATION

#### Novato Sanitary District: Overflow Emergency Response Plan

#### **CONTRACTOR ORIENTATION**

The following procedures are to be followed in the event that you cause or witness a Sanitary Sewer Overflow.



### Sanitary Sewer Overflows

#### How to avoid them and what to do if you don't

#### What?

A sanitary sewer overflow (SSO) is a discharge of untreated human and industrial waste before it reaches the wastewater treatment facility.

#### Where?

SSOs usually occur through manholes, plumbing fixtures and service cleanouts.

### Why?

SSOs are usually caused by grease, debris, root balls, or personal hygiene products blocking the sewer lines, or by unusually high flow volume.

#### How to prevent SSOs:

#### ...when clearing plugged sewer laterals:

- Remove root balls, grease blockages and any other debris from the sewer
- If you can't prevent root balls, grease or debris from entering the sewer main, call us at (415) 892-1694, so we can work with you to remove the blockage and prevent blockages further downstream
- Use plenty of water to flush lines.

#### ...when constructing or repairing sewer laterals:

- Contact Building Permit Information at (415) 892-1694 for a permit and lateral specifications.
- Check your work area. Make sure there is no debris left in the sewer line before you backfill.
- Avoid offset joints, which may make sewer lines vulnerable to root intrusion and grease or debris accumulation. Properly bed your joints and don't hammer tap.

If you cause or witness an SSO, immediately contact:

Novato
Sanitary District
at
(415) 892-1694

**Novato Sanitary District** 

500 Davidson Street Novato, CA 94945

www.novatosan.com

# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) APPENDIX E – SEWER SERVICE CALL FORM

Name:	Nova	<u>to Sanitary Distric</u>	et Sewer Service Call Form	D	ate:
Name:	<b>A.</b>	Initial Notification:	•		
Address:	B.	<b>Caller Information:</b>			
Contact details:  C. Details of Initial Response: Referred to:  Arrival time:  (AM) (PM)  Departure time:  (AM) (PM)  Personnel (XX/XX)  Problem Information:  Problem Information:  Problem type(s): (circle all that apply)  Mainline  Private Lateral*  Manhole  Dry Well  Wet Well  Force Main  Water M  *#I private lateral problem only, go to Part E-1  Problem Causes: (circle all that apply)  Problem Storm Causes: (circle all that apply)  Rodding  Hydroflush  HandRod  None  Other  Problem (Circle only Storm Drain  MH Cover  Unknown  Activity: (circle all that apply)  Rodding  Hydroflush  HandRod  None  Other  Comments:   E. Overflow – Initial Assessment:  Overflow Type: (circle one)  Capacity  Stoppage	Name:		Phone:		(AM) (PM)
C. Details of Initial Response: Referred to:  Arrival time:(AM) (PM) Departure time:(AM) (PM) Weather Conditions:	Address:		Call Type	Emergency	Urgent Complaint
C. Details of Initial Response: Referred to:  Arrival time:	Cross Stre	eet:	Structure Up:	S	tructure Down:
C. Details of Initial Response: Referred to:  Arrival time:	Contact de	etails:			
Arrival time:(AM) (PM) Departure time:(AM) (PM) Weather Conditions:					
Arrival time:(AM) (PM) Departure time:(AM) (PM) Weather Conditions:					
Arrival time:(AM) (PM) Departure time:(AM) (PM) Weather Conditions:					
Arrival time:(AM) (PM) Departure time:(AM) (PM) Weather Conditions:					
Arrival time:(AM) (PM) Departure time:(AM) (PM) Weather Conditions:					
Personnel (XX/XX)	C.	<b>Details of Initial Res</b>	ponse: Referred to:		
Personnel (XX/XX)  D. Problem Information:  Problem type(s): (circle all that apply) Pump Station Alarm Collection System Stoppage Overflow Other  Other  Problem In: (circle one) Mainline Private Lateral* Manhole Dry Well Wet Well Force Main Water Manhole Part E. If no overflow, go to Part E-1  Problem Causes: (circle all that apply) Debris Roots Grease Pipe Failure Surcharge Storm Drain MH Cover Unknown Activity: (circle all that apply) Rodding Hydroflush HandRod None Other  Photo's Taken: Yes (please attach) No  Comments:  E. Overflow – Initial Assessment:  Overflow Type: (circle one) Capacity Stoppage	Arrival tin	me:(AM) (PM)	Departure time:(AM) (PM)	Weather Conditions:	
D. Problem Information:  Problem type(s): (circle all that apply) Pump Station Alarm Collection System Stoppage Overflow Other  Other  Problem In: (circle one) Mainline Private Lateral* Manhole Dry Well Wet Well Force Main Water Manhole Dry	Personnel	(XX/XX)	Personnel (XX/XX)		
Problem type(s): (circle all that apply)  Pump Station Alarm  Collection System  Stoppage  Overflow  Other  Problem In: (circle one)  Mainline  Private Lateral*  Manhole  Dry Well  Wet Well  Force Main  Water M.  *if private lateral problem only, go to Part E. If no overflow, go to Part E-1  Problem Causes: (circle all that apply)  Rodding  Hydroflush  HandRod  None  Other  Photo's Taken:  Yes (please attach)  No  Comments:   E. Overflow — Initial Assessment:  Overflow Type: (circle one)  Capacity  Stoppage	Personnel	(XX/XX)	Personnel (XX/XX)		
Other	D.	<b>Problem Informatio</b>	n:		
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*if private lateral problem only, go to Part E. If no overflow, go to Part E. If no overflow and that apply to Debris Roots Grease Pipe Failure Surcharge Storm Drain MH Cover Unknown  Activity: (circle all that apply) Rodding Hydroflush HandRod None Other  Photo's Taken: Yes (please attach) No  Comments:  E. Overflow — Initial Assessment:  Overflow Type: (circle one) Capacity Stoppage			Other		
Part E. If no overflow, go to Part E-1  Problem Causes: (circle all that apply) Debris Roots Grease Pipe Failure Surcharge Storm Drain MH Cover Unknown  Activity: (circle all that apply) Rodding Hydroflush HandRod None Other  Photo's Taken: Yes (please attach) No  Comments:  E. Overflow – Initial Assessment:  Overflow Type: (circle one) Capacity Stoppage	Problem 1	In: (circle one)	Mainline Private Lateral* Manhole Dr	y Well Wet Well	Force Main Water Main
Activity: (circle all that apply)  Rodding Hydroflush HandRod None Other  Photo's Taken: Yes (please attach)  No  Comments:  E. Overflow – Initial Assessment:  Overflow Type: (circle one)  Capacity Stoppage			Other		
Photo's Taken: Yes (please attach) No  Comments:  E. Overflow – Initial Assessment:  Overflow Type: (circle one) Capacity Stoppage	Problem	Causes: (circle all that apply)	Debris Roots Grease Pipe Failure Surch	arge Storm Drain	MH Cover Unknown
Comments:  E. Overflow – Initial Assessment:  Overflow Type: (circle one) Capacity Stoppage	Activity:	(circle all that apply)	Rodding Hydroflush HandRod None	Other	
E. Overflow – Initial Assessment:  Overflow Type: (circle one) Capacity Stoppage	Photo's T	Yes (please attach)	No		
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Overflow Type: (circle one) Capacity Stoppage					
Overflow Type: (circle one) Capacity Stoppage					
Overflow Type: (circle one) Capacity Stoppage	E.	Overflow – Initial A	ssessment.		
. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		-		Lateral Cleanout	
<b>E-1</b> Notified Customer who is the □ Owner □ Tenant □ In person □ By phone □ Left do	E-1	Notified Customer who is	the Owner Tenant	☐ In person ☐	By phone
Note:	Note:				

Last revised: 11/03/15 by JulieS

Novato Santary	District	<u>sewer S</u>	ervice Ca	<u> </u>	<u>FOTIII</u>			Date:		
F. Immediate	Reporting -	Check A	Agencies No	otifi	ied by Incid	lent	Command	der		
_	gency: 897-1122 ess: 897-4133	2 Business	s: 897-4361	CAL - EMA 800-852-7550 Control #:				Fish & Game Dispatch 916-358-1300 Time:		
☐ Marin County PW: 499-6528	-	vato, Public 9-8246	Works	Operator Name: Time:				Marin County Dept of Health 499-7235 Time:		
G. Overflow In	formation (	(Initial F	Estimates):							
Amount, GPM	Total Time of		Total Gallor	ns	Gallons To C Ground,	)pen	Gallons	To Street	Gallons To Stor	rm
Storm Drain Discharges Time spill was stopped?					n Ground / NA		Name:	om Water De	ody (if applicable)	total
Time spin was stopped:	Total time o	n cleanup,	total gal:	11011	n Storm dram,		gal:	m water bo	очу (п аррпсавіе)	, totai
GPS Coordinates:	Zaninmont l	Dataila								
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Crew names	Hou	urs Re	eg/Time & 1/2	+	Comp Time	Equi	ipment			Hours
				+						
				+						
				+						
						<u></u>				
I. Additional	Information	ı/Comme	ents:							
J. Follow-up F		-	_		·					
K. Service Call	l Form Clos	eout:	Comple Approv							
K. Corrective Act	ions: To be	filled out				adwo	orker, or (	Collection	s System	
Supervisor only!		Ι					I —			
Clean affected mains			Upgrade clean	iing f	frequency		│ ∐ TV	main		
Other (describe)										

Note: This report must be approved by a District supervisor within 24 hours of the spill.

# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) APPENDIX F – FOG BMP Factsheet

#### A FACT SHEET FOR

# Best Management Practices for Fats, Oils and Grease

Residual fats, oils and grease (FOG) are by-products that food service establishments must constantly manage. Typically, FOG enter a facility's plumbing system from ware washing, floor cleaning, and equipment sanitation. Sanitary sewer systems are neither designed nor equipped to handle the FOG that accumulates on the interior of the sewer collection system pipes. The best way to manage FOG is to keep the material out of the plumbing systems. The following are suggestions for proper FOG management.

#### **Dry Clean-Up**

Practice dry cleanup. Remove food waste with "dry" methods such as scraping, wiping, or sweeping before using "wet" methods that use water. Wet methods typically wash the water and waste materials into the drains where it eventually collects on the interior walls of the drainage pipes. Do not pour grease, fats or oils from cooking down the drain and do not use the sinks to dispose of food scraps. Likewise it is important to educate kitchen staff not to remove drain screens as they may allow paper or plastic cups, straws, and other utensils to enter the plumbing system during clean up. The success of dry clean up is dependent upon the behavior of the employee and availability of the tools for removal of food waste before washing. To practice dry clean up:

- Use scrapers to remove fats, oils and grease from cookware, utensils, chafing dishes, and serving ware.
- Use food grade paper to soak up oil and grease under fryer baskets.
- Use paper towels to wipe down work areas.
   Cloth towels will accumulate grease that will eventually end up in your drains from towel washing/rinsing.

#### **Spill Prevention**

Preventing spills reduces the amounts of waste on food preparation and serving areas that will require clean up. A dry workplace is safer for employees in avoiding slip, trips, and falls. For spill prevention:

- Empty containers before they are full to avoid spills.
- Use a cover to transport interceptor contents to rendering barrel.
- Provide employees with the proper tools (ladles, ample containers, etc.) to transport materials without spilling.

#### Maintenance

Maintenance is key to avoiding FOG blockages. For whatever method or technology is used to collect, filter and store FOG, ensure that equipment is regularly maintained. All staff should be aware of and trained to perform correct cleaning procedures, particularly for under-sink interceptors that are prone to break down due to improper maintenance. A daily and weekly maintenance schedule is highly recommended.

Contract with a company to professionally clean large hood filters. Small hoods can be hand-cleaned with spray detergents and wiped down with cloths for cleaning. Hood filters can be effectively cleaned by routinely spraying with hot water with little or no detergents over the mop sink that should be connected to a grease trap. After hot water rinse (separately trapped), filter panels can go into the dishwasher. For hoods to operate properly in the removal of grease-laden vapors, the ventilation system will also need to be balanced with sufficient make-up air.

- Skim/filter fryer grease daily and change oil when necessary. Use a test kit provided by your grocery distributor rather than simply a "guess" to determine when to change oil. This extends the life of both the fryer and the oil. Build-up of carbon deposits on the bottom of the fryer act as an insulator that forces the fryer to heat longer, thus causing the oil to break down sooner.
- Collect fryer oil in an oil rendering tank for disposal or transport the oil to a bulk oil rendering tank instead of discharging it into a grease interceptor or waste drain.
- Cleaning intervals depend upon the type of food establishment involved. Some facilities require monthly or once every two months cleaning. Establishments that operate a large number of fryers or handle a large amount of fried foods such as chicken, along with ethnic food establishments may need at least monthly cleanings. Full-cleaning of grease traps/interceptors (removing all liquids and solids and scraping the walls) is a worthwhile investment. Remember, sugars, starches and other organics accumulate from the bottom up. If sediment is allowed to accumulate in the trap/interceptor, it will need to be pumped more frequently.
- Develop a rotation system if multiple fryers are in use. Designate a single fryer for products that are particularly high in deposits, and change that one more often.

### Oil & Grease Collection/Recycling & Food Donations

FOG are commodities that if handled properly can be treated as a valuable resource.

- Begin thinking of oil and grease as a valuable commodity. Some rendering companies will offer services free-of-charge and others will give a rebate on the materials collected. Note that these companies must be properly permitted.
- Use rendering barrels with covers for onsite collection of oil and grease other than from fryers. Educate kitchen staff on the importance of keeping outside barrels covered at all times. During storms, uncovered or partially covered barrels allow storm water to enter the barrel resulting in oil running onto the ground and

- possibly into storm drains, and can "contaminate" an otherwise useful by-product.
- Use a 3-compartment sink for ware washing.
   Begin with a hot pre-wash, then a scouring sink with detergent, then a rise sink.
- Make sure all drain screens are installed.
- Prior to washing and rinsing use a hot water ONLY (no detergent) pre-rinse that is separately trapped to remove non-emulsified oils and greases from ware washing. Wash and rinse steps should also be trapped.
- Empty grill top scrap baskets or scrap boxes and hoods into the rendering barrel.
- Easy does it! Instruct staff to be conservative about their use of fats, oils and grease in food preparation and serving.
- Ensure that edible food is not flushed down your drains. Put into the trash or compost.

#### **Grease Traps/Interceptors**

- For grease traps/interceptors to be effective, the units must be properly sized, constructed, and installed in a location to provide an adequate retention time for settling and accumulation of the FOG. If the units are too close to the FOG discharge and do not have enough volume to allow amassing of the FOG, the emulsified oils will pass through the unit without being captured.
- Ensure all grease-bearing drains discharge to the grease trap/interceptor. These include mop sinks, woks, wash sinks, prep sinks, utility sinks, pulpers, dishwashers, prerinse sinks, can washes, and floor drains in food preparation areas such as those near a fryer or tilt/steam kettle. No toilet wastes should be plumbed to the grease trap/interceptor.

#### **Consumer Tip**

<u>Buyer beware!</u> When choosing a method of managing your oil and grease, ensure that it does what the vendor says it will do. Some technologies or "miracle cures" don't eliminate the problem but result in grease accumulations further down the sewer line. "Out of sight" is not "out of mind." Check the vendor's references.

# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) APPENDIX G – FOG Educational/Outreach Brochures

### What Restaurant and Building Owners Need to Know About Grease Traps or Interceptors

Restaurants, large buildings, such as apartment complexes; and other commercial establishments may have grease traps or interceptors that keep grease out of the sewer system. For a grease trap or interceptor to work correctly, it must be properly

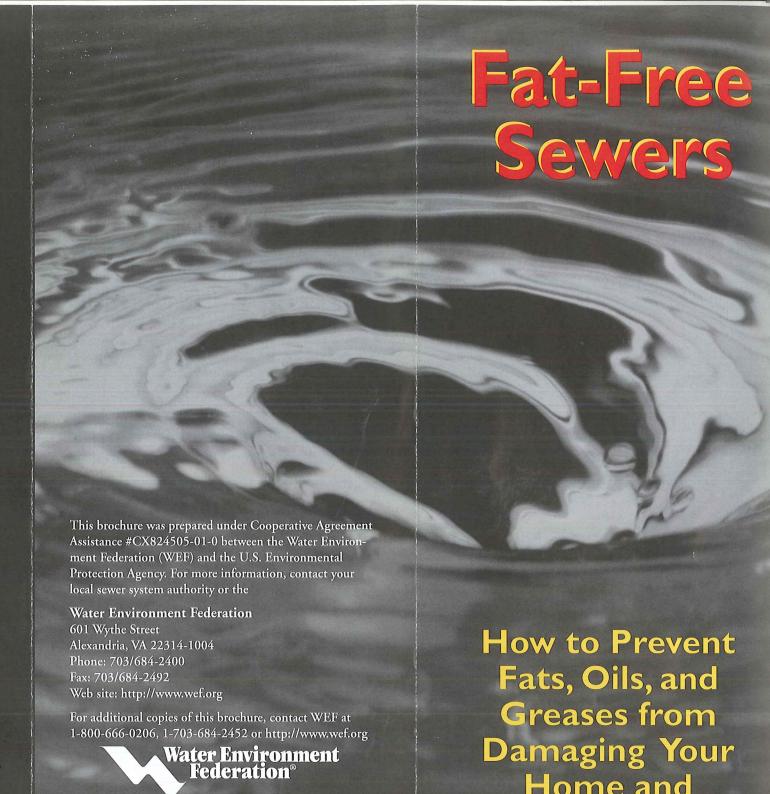
Designed (sized and manufactured to handle the amount that is expected),

Installed (level, vented, etc.), and

Maintained (cleaned and serviced on a frequent basis).

Solids should never be put into grease traps or interceptors. Routine, often daily, maintenance of grease traps and interceptors is needed to ensure that they properly reduce or prevent blockages.

Be cautious of chemicals and additives (including soaps and detergents) that claim to dissolve grease. Some of these additives simply pass grease down pipes where it can clog the sewer lines in another area.



# Fats, Oils, and Greases aren't just bad for your arteries and your waistline; they're bad for sewers, too.

Sewer overflows and backups can cause health hazards, damage home interiors, and threaten the environment. An increasingly common cause of overflows is sewer pipes blocked by grease. Grease gets into the sewer from household drains as well as from poorly maintained grease traps in restaurants and other businesses.

### Where does the grease come from?

Most of us know grease as the byproduct of cooking. Grease is found in such things as:

Food scraps

Sauces

Baking goods

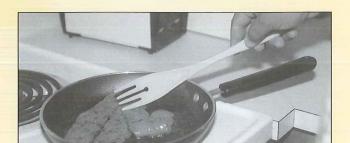
Dairy products

- Meat fats
- Lard
- Cooking oil
- Shortening
- Butter and margarine

Too often, grease is washed into the plumbing system, usually through the kitchen sink. Grease sticks to the insides of sewer pipes (both on your property and in the streets). Over time, the grease can build up and block the entire pipe.

Home garbage disposals do not keep grease out of the plumbing system. These units only shred solid material into smaller pieces and do not prevent grease from going down the drain.

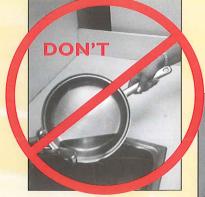
Commercial additives, including detergents, that claim to dissolve grease may pass grease down the line and cause problems in other areas.

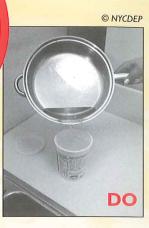




#### The results can be:

- Raw sewage overflowing in your home or your neighbor's home;
- An expensive and unpleasant cleanup that often must be paid for by **you**, **the homeowner**;
- Raw sewage overflowing into parks, yards, and streets;
- Potential contact with disease-causing organisms; and
- An increase in operation and maintenance costs for local sewer departments, which causes higher sewer bills for customers.





# What we can do to help

The easiest way to solve the grease problem and help prevent overflows of raw sewage is to keep this material out of the sewer system in the first place.

#### There are several ways to do this.

- 1) Never pour grease down sink drains or into toilets.
- Scrape grease and food scraps from trays, plates, pots, pans, utensils, and grills and cooking surfaces into a can or the trash for disposal (or recycling where available).
- 3) Do not put grease down garbage disposals. Put baskets/strainers in sink drains to catch food scraps

and other solids, and empty the drain baskets/strainers into the trash for disposal.

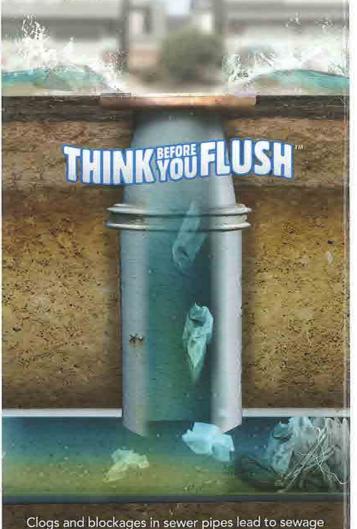
4) Speak with your friends and neighbors about the problem of grease in the sewer system and how to keep it out. Call your local sewer system



# "Flushable" does not mean "flushable".

#### Flushable wipes are clogging sewer pipes!

Flushable wipes do not dissolve in the sewer system. Even if you just flush one, eventually wipes will collect in sewer pipes, pumps and equipment causing clogs and blockages.



spills and overflows. Help us avoid sewage spills and

overflows and protect our local environment.



#### Central Marin Sanitation Agency

1301 Andersen Drive, San Rafael, CA 94901 415-459-1455 cmsa.us



#### Las Gallinas Valley Sanitary District

300 Smith Ranch Road, San Rafael, CA 94903 415-472-1734 Igvsd.org



#### Novato Sanitary District,

500 Davidson Street, Novato, CA 94945 415-892-1694 novatosan.com



Sanitary District No.5 of Marin Count

#### Sanitary District No.5 of Marin County

Tiburon and Belvedere, 2001 Paradise Drive Tiburon, CA 94920 415-435-1501 sani5.org



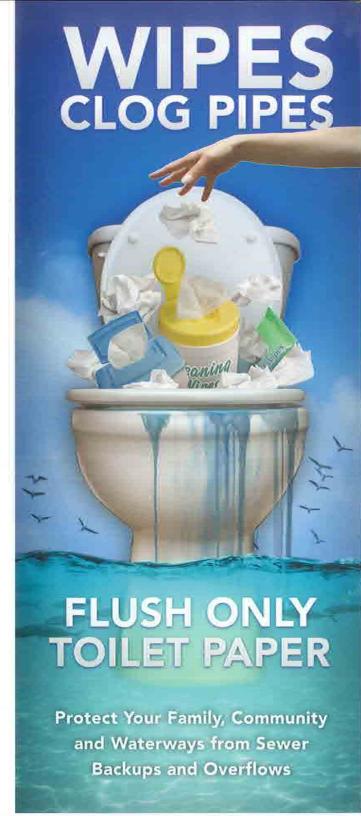
#### Sausalito-Marin City Sanitary District

1 Fort Baker Road, Sausalito, CA 94965 415-332-0244 sausalitomarincitysanitarydistrict.com



#### Sewerage Agency of Southern Marin

450 Sycamore Ave., Mill Valley, CA 94941 415-388-2402 cityofmillvalley.org



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# NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT SEWER SYSTEM MANAGEMENT PLAN (SSMP) APPENDIX H – SSMP AUDIT REPORT



### **Novato Sanitary District**

# **Sewer System Management Plan** (SSMP) – 2022 BIENNIAL AUDIT

**July 2022** 

#### **NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT**

#### **2022 BIENNIAL SSMP AUDIT**

#### July 2022

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#### **Appendices**

Appendix A: December 2020 and December 2021 District Board of Directors Wastewater Operations Committee reports (Collection System related portions only)

Appendix B: 2022 Biennial SSMP Audit Checklist

#### **NOVATO SANITARY DISTRICT**

#### **2022 BIENNIAL SSMP AUDIT**

**July 2022** 

#### **List of Abbreviations**

CY Calendar Year FY Fiscal Year

NSD, District Novato Sanitary District

GWDR General Waste Discharge Requirement SSMP Sewer System Management Plan

SSO Sanitary Sewer Overflow

SWRCB State Water Resources Control Board

#### 1. Introduction

The purpose of the Sewer System Management Plan (SSMP) Audit is to evaluate the effectiveness of Novato Sanitary District's (NSD or District) SSMP and to identify deficiencies, if any, and steps to correct them. The audit is prepared pursuant to the requirements included in the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) Order No. 2006-0003-DWQ (also called General Waste Discharge Requirements, or GWDR),

A summary of compliance with the SWRCB Order is presented in check list form as Appendix B of this document.

#### 2. Regulatory Requirements for SSMP Audits

The summarized requirements for SSMP Audits element of the SSMP are:

#### **SWRCB Requirement:**

The SWRCB's SSMP audit requirements mandate that the District shall conduct periodic internal audits, appropriate to the size of its system and the number of sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs). At a minimum, these audits must occur every two years and a report must be prepared and kept on file. This audit shall focus on evaluating the effectiveness of the SSMP and the District's compliance with the SSMP requirements, including identification of any deficiencies in the SSMP and steps to correct them.

#### 3. 2022 Biennial SSMP Audit

The District conducts periodic audits of its SSMP consistent with regulatory requirements. The goal of the audit is to determine whether the SSMP complies with current requirements of the GWDR, whether the SSMP reflects current practices, and whether the SSMP is effective in controlling SSOs.

Program effectiveness is evaluated by a review of performance indicators and discussion of SSMP and sewer system improvements. An Audit Checklist is also used as part of this evaluation.

#### 4. SSMP Effectiveness

#### **Performance**

Performance indicators, collected as part of Element IX (Monitoring, Measurement, and Program Modifications) of the SSMP are reviewed to identify patterns and areas needing improvement. A description of the performance over the past two years is included below.

#### Program Effectiveness:

A history of SSOs is shown in Table 1, SSOs by volume history are shown in Table 2, and SSOs by cause are shown in Table 3, for Calendar Years (CY) 2017 through 2021. Table 4 and Table 5 compare NSD's number of SSOs and spill volume against state and regional averages.

As shown in Table 1, the total number of SSOs has remained relatively stable since CY2017, although there was an increase in CY2021. The SSO in CY2020 was due to roots, as were three of the SSOs in CY2021. The overall number of SSOs was well below regional and state averages in both years.

Two SSOs reached waters of the State in CY2021 but none in CY2020. The SSO volumes were also both well below regional and state averages in CY2020 and CY2021.

Response time is defined as the elapsed time between when NSD is notified about a SSO and when a NSD employee or representative arrives at the SSO location to assess and start to establish controls. The response time for the single recorded SSO in CY2020 was 50 minutes and the average response time in CY2021 was 13 minutes.

#### **Productivity Comparisons:**

Productivity comparisons since the implementation of the SSMP in 2008 are tracked annually. NSD utilizes total feet cleaned and the rate of cleaning as indicators for productivity. The data is presented graphically in Figures 1 and 2. Since the inception of the program, there have been significant productivity gains and an increase in overall effectiveness. The past several years show that those gains are leveling out but remain at a high level.

#### SSMP Effectiveness Reporting:

Staff reports the Collection Systems department's performance to the District Board of Directors monthly at a regularly scheduled Board meeting, typically the 2<sup>nd</sup> Monday of the month.

Copies of the monthly reports for December 2020 and December 2021 are provided in **Appendix** A for sample purposes. As can be seen from these reports, they also provide tracking information on a monthly basis for performance indicators and metrics for the entire year, as well as comparative information for these parameters against the prior year. In addition to sewer main maintenance, the reports also provide information relating to sewer pump station operations and maintenance and include similar performance indicators and metrics, and present similar effectiveness tracking.

#### **Program and System Improvements**

The data summarized in this audit indicates that the implementation of the SSMP is largely effective at controlling SSOs. There were only one SSO due to grease in CY2020 and none in CY2021, which demonstrates the effectiveness of the District's FOG control program.

The District completed a comprehensive update of its Collection System Master Plan (CSMP) in 2019. The CSMP identified several sewer improvement projects needed to address potential capacity deficiencies in the system under peak wet weather flows. The District is in the process of constructing two of the recommended capacity improvement projects identified in the CSMP, and has prepare a detailed plan to guide implementation of the capacity improvement projects, as well as high priority sewer rehabilitation/replacement projects, over the next 20 years.

The District has a well-funded Capital Improvements Program (CIP) that addresses identified capacity and condition related improvements to its collection system, a summary of which is available through the District's Annual Budget document on its website.

In addition, as shown in Table 6, since FY2020 the District completed or currently has in design or construction approximately \$10.9 million in collection system and pump station improvement and repair projects which ranged from small spot repairs to major sewer main replacements.

#### 5. SSMP Compliance

The District uses an Audit Checklist that is based on the GWDR and a checklist developed by another Bay Area sanitary district. The Audit Checklist indicates whether each SSMP element is compliant and current. It describes recent revisions or updates and recommends future actions to maintain effective SSMP elements that reflect current District practices. The Audit Checklist, completed for the two years CY2020 and CY2021, is included in **Appendix B**.

**Table 1: Number of SSOs – CY 2017-21** 

Sino of SSO (gallons)	Number							
Size of SSO (gallons)	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017			
Greater than or equal to 1,000	1	0	1	0	2			
From 100 to 999	3	1	0	1	1			
From 1 to 99	1	0	0	0	1			
Total	5	1	1	1	4			

**Table 2: Volume of SSOs – CY 2017-21** 

	Volume (gallons)							
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017			
Total volume contained and returned to sewer system for treatment	648	160	9,602	500	650			
Total volume reaching waters of the State	1,590	0	0	0	8,200			
Total volume not contained but not reaching waters of State (everything else)	10	220	500	250	266			
Total	2,248	380	10,102	750	9,116			

**Table 3: Causes of SSOs – CY 2017-21** 

Cause of SSO			Number		
Cause of SSO	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Blockage:					
Roots	3		1		
Grease		1			1
Debris	1				1
Debris from Laterals					
Pipe failure					
Vandalism					1
Multiple Causes					
Subtotal for Blockage	4	1	1	0	3
Infrastructure Failure					
Cleaning/Maintenance Operations	1				
Contractor Error				1	
By-Pass Pump/Pump Station Failure					
Flow Capacity Deficiency					
Natural Disaster					
Excessive I&I					1
Operator Error					
Construction damage					
Cause Unknown					
Total	5	1	1	1	4

Table 4: 2020 NSD, Regional, and State SSO and Spill Volumes

# of Spills/100 mi/year						Net Volume in gal/1,000 capita/year						
	Mainlines	3	N	ot Specifi	ed	Mainlines			Not Specified			
NSD	Region	State	NSD	Region	State	NSD	Region	State	NSD	Region	State	
	Category 1			Category	1	Category 1			Category 1			
0	4.33	3.57	0	2.29	1.39	0	782	5,988	0	117	63	
	,		,					,				
	Category 2	2		Category 2	2		Category 2	2		Category 2		
0	1.23	2.45	0	0	7.76	0	60	349	0	0	815	
	,		,					,				
	Category 3	3		Category 3	3	Category 3			Category 3			
0.43	5.17	4.85	0	3.36	1.85	3.67	18	28	0	13	5	

Source: CIWQS Operational Report for 2020 Novato and Ignacio CS

Table 5: 2021 NSD, Regional, and State SSO and Spill Volumes

# of Spills/100 mi/year						Net Volume in gal/1,000 capita/year						
	Mainlines	S	N	ot Specifi	ed	Mainlines			N	Not Specified		
NSD	Region	State	NSD	Region	State	NSD	Region	State	NSD	Region	State	
	Category 1	1		Category 1	1	Category 1			Category 1			
.85	8.75	4.54	0	3.83	4.43	27	4,674	2,376	0	7,428	3,720	
	Category 2	2		Category 2	2		Category	2	Category 2			
0	2.83	3.39	0	0.05	4.17	0	418	981	0	0	3,153	
	Category 3	3		Category 3	3	Category 3			Category 3			
1.28	7.48	5.84	0	2.12	1.43	.17	24	103	0	2.79	7.82	

Source: CIWQS Operational Report for 2021 Novato and Ignacio CS

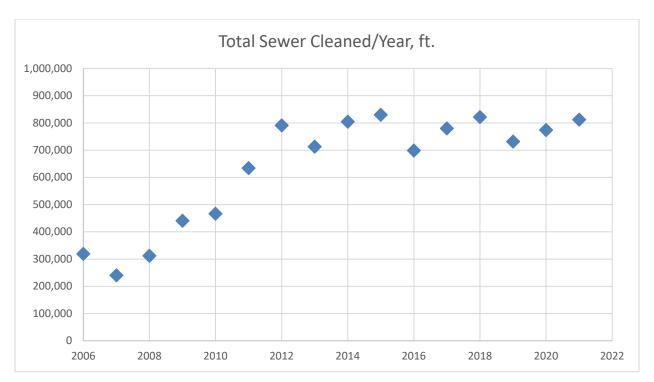


Figure 1: Length of Sewer Cleaned

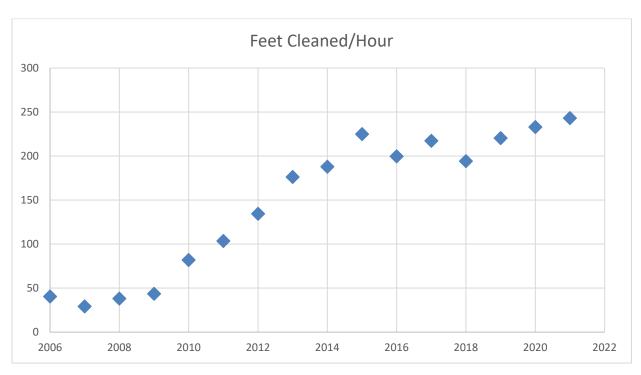


Figure 2: Rate of Sewer Cleaning

**Table 6: Collection System Capital Projects, FY20 - FY22 - Construction Costs** 

Year/ Status	Project Name	Project Description	Linear Feet	Construction Cost
FY2020	,			•
Complete	Vineyard Creek Lining	CIPP Rehab of 268 8" VCP	268	\$29,212
Complete	Redwood Blvd. Sewer Rehab	Pipe burst approx 1,900 LF 12" VCP with new HDPE	1,900	\$981,510
Complete	Golden Gate Rush Creek Sewer Rehab Phase II	Replacement of approx. 940 LF 6" sewer with 190 LF 8" and 750 10" PVC	940	\$734,732
Complete	Bel Marin Keys Sewer Rehab	CIPP Rehab of 1410 8" and 900 LF of 10" Sewer and Rehab of 10 Manholes	2,310	\$309,862
Complete	Annual Collection System Repairs (Spot Repairs)	5 Repair Contract for Various Locations in the Collection System	n/a	\$58,223
Complete	Annual Pump Station Improvements	1 Repair Contract for force main ARV replacement.	n/a	\$3,889
Complete	Lateral Replacement Program	Lateral Replacement Grant Program- 16 Grants Issued	na	\$32,000
FY2021				
Complete	Air Relief Valves & Structures Improvements	Upgrade 11 ARVs and vaults on various force main systems.	n/a	\$412,074
Complete	Redwood Blvd. & Golden Gate Paving	Final Paving of approx 15,000 SF to support Redwood Blvd. and Golden Gate Sewer Replacement Projects.	n/a	\$124,672
Complete	Annual Pump Station Improvements	1 repair contract for the Bahia Pump Station	n/a	\$43,650
Complete	Lateral Replacement Program	Lateral Replacement Grant Program- 22 Grants Issued	n/a	\$44,000
FY2022	•			•
Complete	Lines E&F Pipeburst Project	Pipeburst approx 234 feet of 6" VCP and 300 feet of 8" VCP with new HDPE	534	\$192,794
Complete	Vineyard Creek Bank Stabilization	Stabilization of approx 90-feet of creek bank to ensure stability of	n/a	\$214,740

Year/ Status	Project Name	Project Description	Linear Feet	Construction Cost				
		existing 8-inch sewer that had been exposed due to erosion.						
Complete	Bel Marin Keys Sewer Rehab Phase II	Replacement of approx. 300 feet of 10" ACP with new PVC.	300	\$275,647				
Construction	Del Mar Sewer Improvements	Replacement of approx 1,400 feet of 8" VCP with 10" PVC and approx 600 feet of new pipe for alignment change	2,000	\$1,348,000				
Construction	Rowland Plaza Pump Station Rehab. Project	Conversion of wet well/dry well pump station to submersible pump-type station and new emergency generator.	n/a	\$1,323,369				
Construction	Marin Village Pump Station Rehab. Project	Replace existing wet well/drypit type pump stations with new submersible pump-type station.	n/a	\$ 2,984,550				
Award	Center Road Sewer Project	Installation of approx. 2,320 feet of 18" and 184 feet of 10" PVC and HDPE sewer main.	2,504	\$1,800,000				
	Total							



#### 1.0 General:

The equivalent of about seven (7) full time employees (FTEs) worked on collection system maintenance activities during the month. The breakdown of staff time for the month in terms of equivalent FTE hours utilized, works out approximately as follows:

- 1.7 FTE field workers for Sewer Maintenance (main line cleaning)
- 1.8 FTE field workers for Pump Station Maintenance
- 0.2 FTE field workers for Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) work
- 1.5 FTE field workers for time spent on data input, training, service calls, overflow response, or any other activity that does not directly relate to the activities listed above, or special activities (for e.g. smoke testing of mainlines), and
- 1.8 FTE field workers for vacation, holiday or sick leave.

#### 2.0 Collection System Maintenance:

Performance metrics are presented in the attached graphs showing the length of line cleaned/month, footage cleaned/hour worked, overflows/month, and the CCTV footage achieved. A brief discussion is also provided below.

#### Line Cleaning Performance:

The sewer system ICOM3 Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) generated 385 work orders for the month. Collections staff completed 385 work orders (6 work orders were performed by video in lieu of line-cleaning), leaving zero (0) work orders outstanding. The completed work orders resulted in the effective cleaning of 78,717 feet of sewer pipelines by staff. Of that, 870 feet were videoed with the push-cam in lieu of cleaning.

#### Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) Performance:

The District's CCTV equipment was in the field for two (2) working days and televised a total of 1,764 feet of sewer main.

<u>CCTV Findings</u>: <u>Infrastructure-related</u>: CCTV work did not identify any new structural issues.

 <u>O&M related</u>: CCTV work did not identify any area that would require a change in sewer line maintenance operations.



Crewmember Nate Adams conducting line cleaning operations

#### 3.0 Pump Station (PS) Maintenance:

Collections staff conducted 152 lift station inspections this month. Of these, 38 inspections were generated through the District's JobsCal Plus CMMS system. There are zero outstanding work orders for the month. A Pump Stations' Statistics summary is attached.

#### 4.0 Air Relief/Vacuum Valves (ARVs):

Staff completed maintenance inspections on three (3) air relief/vacuum valves this month.

#### 5.0 Safety and Training:

#### **General**:

Collections staff attended eight (8) safety tailgate meetings in December.

#### Specialized Training:

#### Safety performance:

There were no lost time accidents for the month of December.

#### COVID-19:

Due to COVID-19 social distancing guidelines issued by the State and County of Marin, the collections and field services staff continued to work a temporary modified split shift (A/B teams). Other measures include (but not limited to): use of face coverings, social distancing during shifts, increased disinfection of commonly touched surfaces at the beginning and end of each shift, limiting vehicle occupation to one person per vehicle, etc.

#### 6.0 Miscellaneous Projects:

- Screwsucker portable pump floats installed and tested.
- Rebuilt 4 spare mixed flush valves.
- Generator fuel sending solenoid replaced at East Hamilton Pump Station
- Collection crewmembers responded to two PG&E planned power outages that affected District pump stations.
- Repaired coolant leak at Meadow Park Pump Station.

#### 7.0 Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs):

There was one (1) sanitary sewer overflow (SSO) in December. The summary of the District's response and follow up actions is described below:

<u>Wilson Ave. at Rena Ct.</u>: This SSO was categorized as a Category III event because the overflow volume was less than 1,000 gallons, was partially recovered and did not reach surface waters of the State. This SSO was determined to be the result of Fats Oils and Grease (FOG) in the District's line.

#### **Initial actions**

- On Sunday, December 6th, 2020 at 10:00am, a resident noticed an overflow and notified the Novato PD at 10:10am. Novato PD Dispatch notified Collection System Worker II (CSW II) Bob Stiles of the incident at 10:15am.
- Bob Stiles notified Collection Systems Superintendent, (CSS) Jeff Andress, of the incident and requested to call CSW II Liam O'Sullivan in for backup to respond to the spill.
- Bob went to the District's Treatment Plant to pick up the Vactor sewer cleaner and arrived at the spill site at approximately 11:00am. At that time there was no sewer overflowing, nor was there anything flowing into the storm drain.
- The resident who called in the spill was still on scene and helped fill Bob in with information stating that he noticed the spill start at 10am, and watched it intermittently

flow out of the districts manhole, pool up around the manhole in the dirt, and slowly flow off the curb and across the street to the curb and gutter of Rena Ct. He also stated that he noticed a little trickle into the catch basin of the storm drain that had stopped right before bob arrived.

- Bob assessed the overflow and called Jeff Andress to notify him of the spill situation. At 11:10 am Bob proceeded to set the vactor up on the next downstream manhole and was able to break the stoppage open at 11:15 am. He noticed lots of grease and rags flow by. This was determined to be the cause of the overflow.
- At 11:20am, Liam O'Sullivan arrived with the supplemental flusher. He first went and located the downstream end of the 8" storm drain to determine if the overflow had reached the storm culvert, which it had not. This was located approximately 100 feet away from the catch basin. At this same time, Bob began to clean up the effects of the spill by opening the storm drain catch basin and flushing the storm drain in reverse back to the catch basin vacuuming up all the water and debris.
- Bob Stiles finished cleaning the storm drain at 11:40 am and set up the vacuum tube just upstream along the curb and gutter to catch any flows coming down.
- Jeff Andress arrived at 11:45 am to find Bob and Liam cleaning up the street, curb and gutter.
- Liam, Bob and Jeff helped flush the curb and gutter and the street all the way down to the vacuum tube about 307 feet from the overflow manhole. This was completed by 12:30 pm.
- Bob and Liam then moved the Vactor from the storm drain location at the end of Rena Ct. up the curb on Wilson Ave next to MH E15057 where the overflow occurred to start cleanup at that location. The area was covered in leaves. Jeff asked them to vacuum up the leaves in the general area until dry dirt was found. They then flushed the curb and gutter until all areas were cleaned up. Cleanup was complete at 1:45pm.
- Recovery: After doing some calculations it was determined that 180 gallons had been recovered from the overflow and the remaining 200 gallons had soaked into the dirt around the manhole.
- Volume Estimation: Using the witness' description and photographs of the spill, it was
  determined that the spill rate was approximately 5 gpm and flowed for approximately 75
  minutes before the crew arrived. As stated above, there was no flow at the time of their
  arrival.
- After completing calculations, it was determined this was a category III SSO because it
  was fully contained on the street and in the catch basin and did not reach any waters of
  the State.

#### Follow-up actions

 The following Monday, December 7<sup>th</sup>, Collections Lead Worker (CLW) Javier Vega assigned the collections crew to perform a CCTV inspection of the District's mainline between Manholes E15057 and E15053. The observation identified there was grease caked on the top portion of the pipeline and a small root ball at a joint downstream of the grease.

#### **Subsequent Analysis and Actions**

- This line segment was last cleaned using a hydro-flusher truck in August 2020 and is on a 24-month frequency. The cleaning frequency will be increased to 6 months and the line segment will also be added to the rodder schedule.
- Additionally, Environmental Services staff will be following up with the restaurants served by the sewer to ensure they are keeping with best management practices for their grease traps.
- This event was reported into the CIWQS database on December 10, 2020 as a Category III event, SSO Event ID # 870807 and was certified in CIWQS on December 12, 2020.

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#### Novato Sanitary District Collection System Monthly Report For December 2020 (as of December 31, 2020)

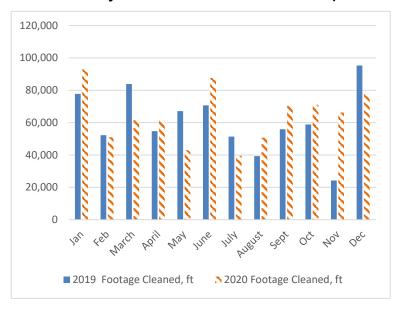
	Semodient System monthly respect to Becommon 2020 (do et Becommon 31, 2020)											Average Year		
	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total Year to Date	to Date
A. Employee Hours Worked				•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							
Number of FTEs (main line cleaning)	2.2	1.3	2.0	1.5	1.2	1.9	1.0	1.3	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.7	NA	1.6
Number of FTEs (other)	1.3	1.2	1.4	2.0	1.8	2.4	1.7	2.0	2.0	2.3	1.4	1.5	NA	1.7
Number of FTEs (USAs)	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA.	0.0
Number of FTEs (CCTV)	0.2	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	0.2	0.9	0.9	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	NA	0.5
Total, FTEs	3.8	3.0	4.0	4.2	3.9	4.4	3.6	4.2	3.9	4.4	3.0	3.4	NA NA	3.8
Regular Time Worked, (main line cleaning), hrs	401	208	332	250	206	328	181	229	292	314	266	309	3,313	276
Regular Time Worked, (main line cleaning), his	228		235			404					230	273		
	228	194 0	0	340 0	314 0	404 0	314 0	339 0	341 0	428 0	230	0	3,638 20	303
Regular Time Worked on USAs					-					-			-	2
Regular Time Worked on CCTV (2)	39	77	106	114	169	27	169	154	27	53	13	38	984	82
Total Regular time, worked, hrs	687	479	673	703	689	759	663	722	659	795	509	620	7,955	663
Total Vacation/Sick Leave/Holiday, hrs	319	386	220	13	124	110	250	161	179	138	418	318	2,635	220
Vacation/Sick Leave/Holiday, FTEs	1.8	2.4	1.3	0.1	0.7	0.6	1.4	0.9	1.1	0.8	2.5	1.8	15.3	1.3
Overtime Worked on Coll. Sys., hrs	12	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	4	22	2
Overtime Worked on Other, hrs (1)	7	2	5	0	0	2	3	6	3	1	0	10	37	3
Overtime Worked on USAs, hrs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Overtime Worked on CCTV (2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Overtime , hrs	19	2	9	NA	NA	2	3	6	3	1	1	14	58	6
B. Productivity														
1. Line Cleaning														
Rodder Work Orders generated	36	40	54	50	31	61	39	42	35	91	16	27	522	44
Rodder 3208 ft. cleaned	6,810	4,994	5,006	4,842	1,625	1,838	0	1,228	0	1,773	968	1,199	30,283	2,524
Rodder - outside services, ft cleaned	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Flusher Work Orders generated	427	232	263	259	207	435	237	269	397	379	368	385	3,858	322
Truck 3205V ft. cleaned	4,329	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	120	0	0	4,449	371
Truck 3206V ft. cleaned	36,952	20,521	12,180	17,640	0	7,446	10,800	783	37	0	0	0	106,359	8,863
Truck 3209F ft. cleaned	44,800	25,523	44,760	38,792	41,325	78,393	28,715	48,693	69,897	62,678	62,809	51,658	598,043	49,837
Truck 3210V ft. cleaned	,000	20,020	,. 00	00,702	11,020	. 0,000	20,7 10	10,000	465	6,470	2,521	24,989	000,010	10,001
Flusher - outside services, ft. cleaned	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total Footage cleaned (3)	92,891	51,038	61,946	61,274	42,950	87,677	39,515	50,704	70,399	71.041	66,298	77,846	773,579	64,465
Work Orders completed	451	272	317	315	238	496	276	269	412	470	384	385	4,285	357
Work Orders backlog	12	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	20	0	0	0	35	3
II ~	12	U	U	U	U	U	3	U	20	U	U	U	33	3
Closed Circuit Television (CCTV)     Camera Work Orders generated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ü													-	_
CCTV Truck 3126T, ft. videoed	2,876	10,401	7,195	14,780	17,179	2,227	24,399	22,588	2,825	5,651	964	1,764	112,849	9,404
CCTV (hand cam), ft. videoed	0	385	0	3,347	5,470	5,480	4,332	2,480	6,266	9,640	1,229	870	39,499	3,292
CCTV Inspection - outside services, ft. videoed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,674	0	1,674	140
Total CCTV footage (3)	2,876	10,786	7,195	18,127	22,649	7,707	28,731	25,068	9,091	15,291	3,867	2,634	154,022	12,835
C. Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	NA
Minor (Category III)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	NA
Major (Category II)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NA
Major (Category I)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	NA
Overflow Gallons	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	380	380	NA
Volume Recovered	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	160	160	NA
Percent Recovered	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	42%	NA	NA
D. Service Calls (non-SSO related)														
Service calls, normal hours, #	6	2	5	4	3	1	4	8	6	7	12	1	59	5
Normal hours S.C. response time, mins (avg.)	11.7	12.5	29.6	19.25	11.6	25	103	22.8	18.8	38	27.1	25	344	29
Service Callouts, after hours, #	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	4	0
After Hours S.C. response time, mins (avg.)	3	0	30	NA	NA	NA	NA	35	NA	NA	55	NA	123	25
E. Benchmarks						_				_		_		
Average Ft. Cleaned/Hour Worked	232	245	187	245	209	267	219	222	242	226	249	252	NA	233
Total Stoppages/100 Miles	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.4	NA
Average spill response time (mins)	0	0	0	NA	NA	NA	0	NA	NA	NA	0	NA	NA	0
Callouts/100 Miles	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	1.7	0.1
Overtime hours/100 Miles	5	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	9.56	1
Overflow Gallons/100 Miles	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	165	165	14
O TOTAL CAMOTO TOO WINGO	•	•	•	<u> </u>	•	•	•	•		•	<u> </u>	100	100	17

<sup>(1)</sup> This category includes time spent on: Data input, Training, Service Calls, Overflow Response, as well as any other activity that does not directly relate to main line cleaning or CCTV work.

<sup>(2)</sup> This category separates time spent on CCTV from other Collection System maintenance activities.

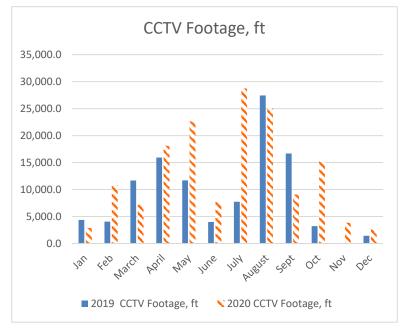
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(3)</sup>Does not include outside services (tracked separately)

#### Collection System: 2019 & 2020 Graphs









### Novato Sanitary District Pump Station Monthly Report For December 2020 (as of December 31, 2020)

													Total Year	Average Year to
	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	to Date	Date
Employee Hours Worked														
Number of Employees (FTEs)	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.8	2.4	1.9	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.9	1.5	1.8		1.9
Regular Time Worked on Pump Sta	264	249	298	467	413	329	370	330	344	345	246	333	3,986	
Overtime Worked on Pump Sta	46	36	39	14	27	47	15	37	43	13	42	14	371	
After Hours Callouts	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	2	2	0	0	0	7	
Average Callout response time (mins)	0	15	30	0	0	32	0	18	24	0	0	0	119	23.8
Work Orders														
Number generated in month	39	38	46	38	38	46	39	50	36	40	49	38	497	41
Number closed in month	39	38	46	38	38	46	39	50	36	40	49	38	497	41
Backlog	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### 1.0 General:

The equivalent of about six (6) full time employees (FTEs) worked on collection system maintenance activities during the month. The breakdown of staff time for the month in terms of equivalent FTE hours utilized, works out approximately as follows:

- 1.4 FTE field workers for Sewer Maintenance (main line cleaning)
- 1.3 FTE field workers for Pump Station Maintenance
- 0.6 FTE field workers for Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) work
- 1.2 FTE field workers for time spent on data input, training, service calls, overflow response, or any other activity that does not directly relate to the activities listed above, or special activities (for e.g., smoke testing of mainlines), and
- 1.5 FTE field workers for vacation, holiday, or sick leave.

#### 2.0 Collection System Maintenance:

Performance metrics are presented in the attached graphs showing the length of line cleaned/month, footage cleaned/hour worked, overflows/month, and the CCTV footage achieved. A brief discussion is also provided below.

#### Line Cleaning Performance:

The sewer system ICOM3 Computerized Maintenance Management System (CMMS) generated 366 work orders for the month. Collections staff completed 366 work orders (6 work orders were performed by video in lieu of line-cleaning), leaving zero (0) work orders

outstanding. The completed work orders resulted in the effective cleaning of 71,248 feet of sewer pipelines by staff. Of that, 956 feet were videoed in lieu of cleaning.

#### Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) Performance:

The District's CCTV equipment was in the field for eleven (11) working days and televised a total of 14,980 feet of sewer main.

#### **CCTV Findings:**

- <u>Infrastructure-related</u>: CCTV work did not identify any new structural issues.
- O&M related: Condition assessment through CCTV work did not identify any area that would require a change in sewer line maintenance operations.

#### 3.0 Pump Station (PS) Maintenance:

Collections staff conducted 160 lift station inspections this month. Of these, 40 inspections were generated through the District's JobsCal Plus CMMS system. There are zero outstanding work orders for the month. A Pump Stations' Statistics summary is attached.



Meadow Park PS scheduled to be replaced in the near future.

#### 4.0 Air Relief/Vacuum Valves (ARVs):

Staff completed maintenance inspections on six (6) air relief/vacuum valves this month.

# Novato Sanitary District Wastewater Operations - Collection System Operations Report December 2021

## 5.0 Safety and Training:

#### General:

Collections staff attended two (2) tailgate meetings in December.

#### Specialized Training:

Hot work permit, and fire protection training.

## Safety performance:

There were zero (0) lost time accidents in December.

## **COVID-19**:

The collections and field services staff are back to a 9/80 schedule. Due to COVID-19 social distancing guidelines issued by the State and County of Marin, staff followed measures including (but not limited to): use of face coverings indoors and when in close contact including traveling in vehicles, social distancing



Broken collar on manhole, Virginia Ave., repaired by District contractor.

during shifts, increased disinfection of commonly touched surfaces at the beginning and end of each shift, etc.

## 6.0 Miscellaneous Projects:

- Broken collar around manhole on Virginia Ave repaired.
- Kohler 30kW Generator fuel issues resolved.
- 2wd F-250 outfitted with bedliner, tool-boxes and rack system.
- 300' of lay-flat hose purchased for future bypass projects.
- Onsite bulk DEF tank delivered and in use for Diesel Fuel Vehicles.
- Check valves ordered for upcoming valve replacement project at Meadow Park PS.
- 3 Way valves for Vintage oaks replacement project ordered.

# 7.0 Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs):

The Novato Sanitary District Collection System had one (1) SSO event in December 2021:

1. Thursday, December 2nd, 2021, #4 Betty Ln., Novato, CA, 110-gallon SSO, CIWQS Event ID 877973, Certification ID 993831, Category III event.

## **EVALUATION OF OVERFLOWS FOR DECEMBER 2021**

**A.** <u>4 Betty Lane:</u> This SSO was categorized as a Category III event as the overflow volume was under 1,000 gallons, and did not reach surface waters of the state. Staff recovered 110 gallons (100%) of the discharge. The SSO was determined to be the result of root intrusion from a private lateral.

#### Initial actions:

1. On Thursday, December 2nd, 2021 at 6:42pm, Aaron Hendricks received a call from the Novato PD reporting sewage coming out of a manhole at 4 Betty Lane.

# Novato Sanitary District Wastewater Operations - Collection System Operations Report December 2021

- **2.** Aaron H. immediately called Nate Adams at 6:45pm and then called Joe Moreno at 6:47pm to see if they could help respond to the reported SSO.
- **3.** Aaron H. called Jeff Andress, Collection Systems Superintendent, and left him a message regarding the situation, and then proceeded to call Javier Vega, CSW Lead at 6:47pm and notified him of the situation.
- 4. At 6:55pm Jeff Boheim, Field Services Manager was called and notified of the SSO.
- **5.** Joe M. arrived on scene at 4 Betty Lane at 7:08pm to see evidence of sewage that had run out of the cleanout and was flowing down the curb and gutter. At that time, he used a shovel and was able to build a makeshift dam in front of the storm drain, preventing any more sewage from going into the storm drain inlet by 7:10pm.
- **6.** At 7:30pm, Javier V. arrived on scene with the district's flusher truck and set it up at nearest downstream manhole to break up the blockage.
- **7.** The crew flushed from MH F16026 to rodding inlet F16051R, the blockage was broken up at 7:35pm.
- **8.** Aaron H. arrived on scene at 7:40pm and immediately began cleanup efforts, using the hydro-vac flusher washdown wand to pressure wash the asphalt and using the vacuum tube to vac up the dammed-up sewage. Once the street was clean, the crew opened up the storm drain and cleaned out approximately 2 gallons of water and debris in the storm drain box.
- **9.** The crew was done with cleanup efforts and left the scene at 8:20pm.

## Follow-up actions

- 1. The following day, Friday, December 3<sup>rd.</sup>, Jeff A. assigned the collections crew to perform a CCTV inspection of the District's mainline between rodding inlet F16051R and MH F16026. The CCTV identified a root-ball protruding out of the lateral 204 feet from the downstream manhole.
- 2. On Friday, December 3<sup>rd</sup>, Jeff A. was able to make contact with Miles of 4 Betty Lane, the property owner, and original caller who reported the SSO. He mentioned that he noticed the spill at 5:45pm the previous night (i.e., on December 2<sup>nd</sup>, the night of the event), as a wet spot on the pavement, and it was part way down the curb.

#### **Subsequent Analysis and Actions**

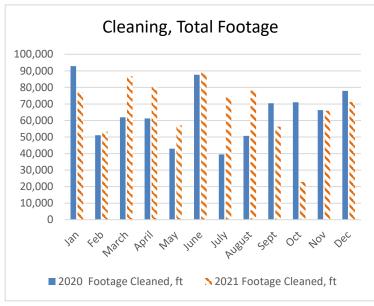
- 1. This line segment was last cleaned using a hydro-flusher truck on December 16, 2020 and is on a 36-month frequency. The cleaning frequency will be increased to 6 months and the line segment will also be added to the Root Treatment List and put on the rodder schedule.
- 2. This event was reported into the CIWQS database on December 7th, 2021 as a Category III event, SSO Event ID # 877973 and was certified in CIWQS on December 7th, 2021, Certification ID # 993831.

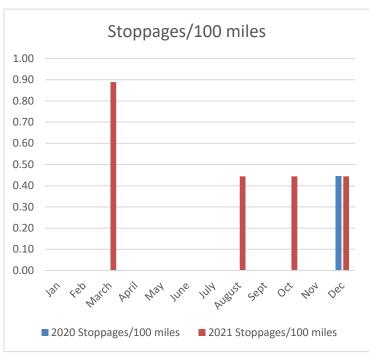
# Novato Sanitary District Collection System Monthly Report For December 2021 (as of December 31, 2021)

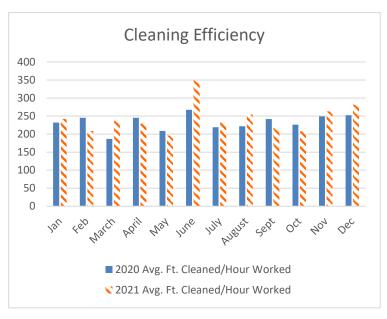
									•				Total Year to	Average Year
	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Date	to Date
A. Employee Hours Worked														
Number of FTEs (main line cleaning)	1.9	1.6	2.1	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.5	0.7	1.4	1.4	NA	1.6
Number of FTEs (other)	1.7	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.4	2.1	0.9	1.2	NA	1.6
Number of FTEs (USAs)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	NA	0.1
Number of FTEs (CCTV)	0.1	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.9	0.2	0.5	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.4	0.6	NA	0.6
Total, FTEs	3.6	3.7	4.7	4.4	4.3	3.6	4.1	4.1	3.8	3.6	2.8	3.2	NA	3.8
Regular Time Worked, (main line cleaning), hrs	319	255	366	350	292	255	322	308	260	110	251	253	3,337	278
Regular Time Worked on Other, hrs (1)	285	266	336	319	293	339	334	252	246	331	169	229	3,396	283
Regular Time Worked on USAs	0	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	34	11
Regular Time Worked on CCTV (2)	21	75	124	110	152	31	82	163	146	122	76	114	1,214	101
Total Regular time, worked, hrs	625	596	825	778	756	625	737	723	652	577	495	596	7,980	665
Total Vacation/Sick Leave/Holiday, hrs	273	211	99	104	178	256	296	327	255	119	349	283	2,748	229
Vacation/Sick Leave/Holiday, FTEs	1.6	1.3	0.6	0.6	1.0	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.5	0.7	2.0	1.5	15.7	1.3
Overtime Worked on Coll. Sys., hrs	0	0	4	1	0	1	0	1	4	9	0	9	28	3.4
Overtime Worked on Other, hrs (1)	3	10	5	0	0	2	28	22	1	65	6	10	150	15.0
Overtime Worked on USAs, hrs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Overtime Worked on CCTV (2)	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0.5
Total Overtime , hrs	3	10	10	1	NA	3	28	22	5	74	6	19	179	16.2
B. Productivity				· · ·			20							10.2
1. Line Cleaning														
Rodder Work Orders generated	40	42	13	45	30	35	37	69	55	23	46	49	484	40
Rodder 3208 ft. cleaned	521	1,370	0	0	490	0	0	2,502	0	0	737	996	6,616	551
Rodder - outside services and handrodding, ft cleane	0	0	941	0	304	0	402	1,142	0	304	0	268	3.361	280
Flusher Work Orders generated	375	258	418	469	328	449	476	290	278	105	262	317	4,025	335
Truck 3205V ft. cleaned	0	0	0	0	0	0	• 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Truck 3206V ft. cleaned	4,074	0	0	0	0	0	4,719	0	1,413	0	0	0	10,206	851
Truck 3209F ft. cleaned	37,302	23,766	26,346	11,365	9.295	4,884	16,981	6,075	15.164	4,342	9,344	1,680	166,544	13,879
Truck 3210V ft. cleaned	35,236	28,166	59,504	68,750	46,993	59,726	52,415	68,363	39,693	18,451	55,795	68,572	601,664	50,139
Flusher - outside services, ft. cleaned	0	0	0	0	0	24,321	0	0	0	0	0	0	24,321	00,100
Total Footage cleaned (3)	77.133	53.302	86.791	80.115	57.082	88.931	74,517	78.082	56.270	22.793	65.876	71.248	812.140	67,678
Work Orders completed	415	300	431	514	358	484	513	359	333	128	308	366	4,509	376
Work Orders completed Work Orders backlog	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4,509	0
2. Closed Circuit Television (CCTV)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Camera Work Orders generated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CCTV Truck 3135, ft. videoed	250	5,201	11,914	11,781	19,436	3,687	8,215	18,995	20,687	16,575	10,818	14,024	141,583	11,799
1	3,086	2,789	5,060	7,291	6,939						1,555	956	53,349	4,446
CCTV (hand cam), ft. videoed						4,556	11,559	2,449	5,963	1,146				
CCTV Inspection - outside services, ft. videoed	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total CCTV footage (3)	3,336	7,990 0	16,974	19,072 0	26,375 0	8,243	19,774	21,444	26,650 0	17,721	12,373 0	14,980 1	194,932 5	16,244
C. Sanitary Sewer Overflows (SSOs) Minor (Category III)	0 0	0	2 1	0	0	0 0	0 0	1	0	0	0	1	3	NA NA
	0	0		0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	
Major (Category II)	0	0	0 1	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	1	0	0	2	NA NA
Major (Category I)	0	0	888	0	0	0	0		-		0		2.248	
Overflow Gallons	•	-		•	-	-	-	10	0	1,240	•	110		NA
Volume Recovered	0	0	538	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	110	648	NA
Percent Recovered	NA	NA	61%	NA	NA	NA	NA	0%	NA	0%	NA	100%	NA	NA
D. Service Calls (non-SSO related)	2	0	4	4			4	0		-			40	
Service calls, normal hours, #		2	4	1	2	6		8	3	5	6	6	49	4
Normal hours S.C. response time, mins (avg.)	27 0	20 0	15.25 0	35 0	17.5	19.33	30	16.87	37 0	13 0	25.3 0	22 0	278	23 0
Service Callouts, after hours, #	0	0	0		0	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	
After Hours S.C. response time, mins (avg.)  E. Benchmarks	U	U	U	0	U	0	0	0	0	U	U	U	0	0
	242	200	227	220	106	240	222	254	047	200	262	202	NIA	242
Average Ft. Cleaned/Hour Worked	242	209	237	229	196	349	232	254	217	208	263	282	NA 0.0	243
Total Stoppages/100 Miles	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	0.0	0.4	2.2	NA 0
Average spill response time (mins)	0	0	17	NA 0.0	NA 0.0	NA 0.0	NA	NA 0.0	NA 0.0	NA	NA 0.0	NA	NA 0.0	6
Callouts/100 Miles	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Overtime hours/100 Miles	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	4	0	4	12.22	1
Overflow Gallons/100 Miles	0	0	386	0	0	0	0	4	0	539	0	48	977	81

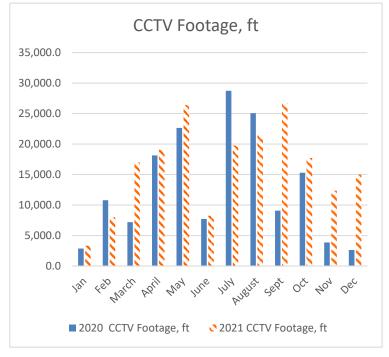
<sup>(1)</sup>This category includes time spent on: Data input, Training, Service Calls, Overflow Response, as well as any other activity that does not directly relate to main line cleaning or CCTV work.
(2)This category separates time spent on CCTV from other Collection System maintenance activities.
(3)Does not include outside services (tracked separately)

# Collection System: 2020 & 2021 Graphs





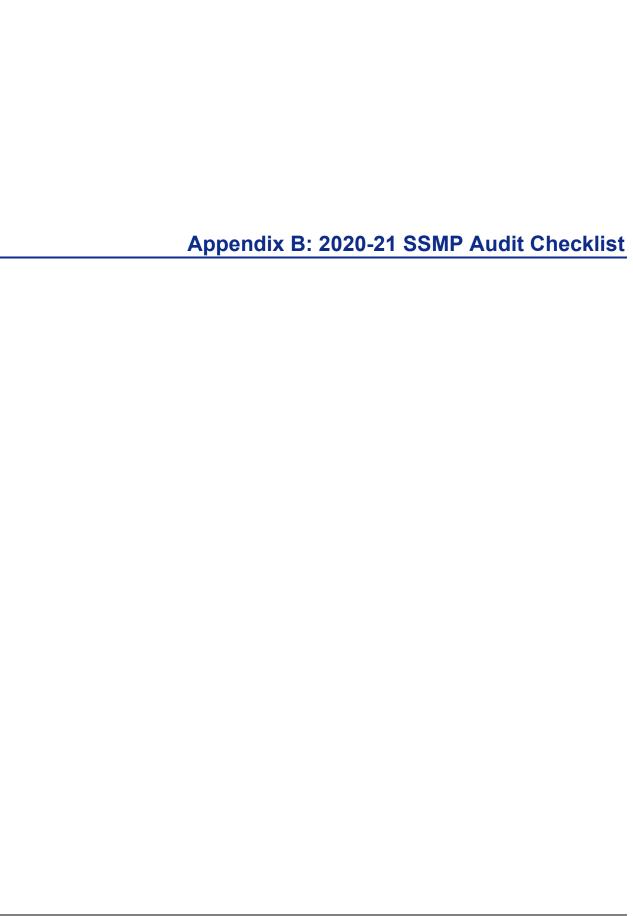




# Novato Sanitary District

# Pump Station Monthly Report For December 2021 (as of December 31, 2021)

	Jan	Feb	March	April	May	June	July	August	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total Year to Date	Average Year to Date
Employee Hours Worked														
Number of Employees (FTEs)	1.8	2.0	1.8	2.0	1.7	2.0	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.7	1.3	1.3		1.6
Regular Time Worked on Pump Sta	301	313	315	345	293	348	233	197	215	265	225	238	3,285	274
Overtime Worked on Pump Sta	13	23	21	26	20	33	44	63	49	61	58	39	446	37
After Hours Callouts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Average Callout response time (mins)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Work Orders														1
Number generated in month	38	38	45	38	45	38	38	48	38	48	47	40	501	41.8
Number closed in month	38	38	45	38	45	38	38	48	38	48	47	40	501	41.8
Backlog	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0



WDR Element	Title	Requirement	Compliant	Current	Comments/Recommendations
MRP E.3	Revision History	Changes since last certification including which subsection was changed, when, and who authorized	Y	Υ	
-	Goals	Reduce, prevent & mitigate SSOs	Υ	Υ	
II	Organization	Designate Legally Responsible Official (LRO)	Y	Υ	<ul><li>Update org chart.</li><li>Update names &amp; phone</li></ul>
		Organization Chart	Y	N	numbers list in Appendix A
		Names & phone numbers of key personnel	Y	N	
		Chain of Communication for reporting SSOs	Υ	Υ	
III	Legal Authority	Prevent illicit discharges to sanitary sewer system	Y	Υ	
		Require sewers and connection be properly designed & constructed	Y	Υ	
		Ensure access for inspection, maintenance and repairs	Y	Υ	
		Limit discharge of FOG and debris that may cause blockages	Y	Υ	
		Enforce violations of the District ordinances	Y	Y	

WDR Element	Title	Requirement	Compliant	Current	Comments/Recommendations
IV	O & M Program	Maintain up-to-date maps of the sanitary sewer system (gravity lines, MHs, pumping facilities, pressure pipes, valves, and applicable stormwater facilities)	Υ	Υ	Clarify that condition     assessment program is     risk-based with overall
		Describe routine preventative maintenance program	Υ	γ*	target of 5-year schedule for sewer inspections.
		Document completed preventative maintenance program	Υ	Υ	
		Rehabilitation and replacement plan that identifies and prioritizes sanitary sewer system defects	Υ	Υ	
		Provide regular technical training for sewer system staff	Υ	Υ	
		Require contractors to provide training for their workers who work in the Districts sewer system facilities	Υ	Υ	
		Maintain equipment inventory	Υ	Υ	
		Maintain critical spare part inventory	Υ	Υ	
V	Design & Performance Provisions	Design and construction standards for new sanitary sewer system facilities	Υ	Υ	
		Design and construction standards for repair and rehabilitation of existing sanitary sewer system facilities	Υ	Υ	

WDR Element	Title	Requirement	Compliant	Current	Comments/Recommendations
		Procedures for the inspection and acceptance of new sanitary sewer system facilities	Υ	Υ	
		Procedures for the inspection and acceptance of repaired and rehabilitated sanitary sewer system facilities	Υ	Υ	
VI	Overflow Emergency Response Plan (OERP)	Procedure for the notification of primary responders	Y	Υ*	Update Section 6.3:     The District's offices are open Monday through Thursday, and every other
		Procedures for the notification of regulatory agencies	Υ	Υ	Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
		Program to ensure appropriate response to all overflows	Υ	γ*	Add language re: risk- based response for
		Proper reporting of all SSOs	Υ	Υ	multiple overflows.
		Procedure to ensure District Staff are aware of and follow OERP	Υ	Υ	
		Procedure to ensure District staff are trained in the OERP procedures	Υ	Υ	
		Procedure to ensure contractor personnel are trained in the OERP procedures	Υ	Υ	
		Procedures to address emergency operations such as traffic and crowd control	Υ	Υ	

WDR Element	Title	Requirement	Compliant	Current	Comments/Recommendations
		Program to prevent the discharge of sewage to surface waters	Υ	Υ	
		Program to minimize or correct the impacts of any SSOs that occur	Υ	Υ	
		Program of accelerated or additional monitoring to determine the impacts on surface waters of any SSOs that occur	Y	Y	
VII	FOG Control Program	Identification of "hot spots" with FOG-related problems	Υ	Υ	
		Public outreach program that promotes the proper disposal of FOG	Υ	Υ	
		Plan and schedule for the disposal of FOG generated within the Districts service area	Υ	Υ	
		Legal authority to prohibit discharges to the system and identify measures to prevent SSOs and blockages caused by FOG	Υ	Υ	
		Requirements for grease removal devices, BMPs, and record keeping and reporting	Υ	Υ	
		Demonstrate that the District has allocated adequate resources for FOG control	Υ	Υ	
		Program of preventative maintenance and source control measures for sanitary sewer system facilities that have FOG-related problems	Υ	Υ	

WDR	Title	Requirement	Compliant	Current	Comments/Recommendations
VIII	System Evaluation and Capacity Assurance Program (SECAP)	Identification of elements of the sanitary sewer system that experience or contribute to SSOs caused by hydraulic deficiencies	Υ	Y	
		Establish design criteria that provide adequate capacity	Υ	Y	
		Short-term CIP that addresses known hydraulic deficiencies	Υ	Y	
		Long-term CIP that provides for future capacity needs	Υ	Y	
		The short and long term CIPs include schedules and sources of funding for the correction of each identified hydraulic deficiency	Υ	Υ	
IX	Monitoring, Measurement and Program Modifications (MMPM)	Maintain relevant information to establish, evaluate, and prioritize SSMP activities	Y	Y	
	-	Monitor implementation of the SSMP	Υ	Υ	
		Measure, where appropriate, performance of the elements of the SSMP	Y	Y	

WDR	Title	Requirement	Compliant	Current	Comments/Recommendations
		Assess success of the preventative maintenance program	Υ	Υ	
		Update SSMP program elements based on monitoring or performance	Υ	Υ	
		Identify and illustrate SSO trends including frequency, location, and volume	Υ	Υ	
Х	SSMP Program Audits	Conduct periodic audits	Υ	Υ	
		Record results of the audit in a report	Υ	Υ	
		Record changes made and/or corrective actions taken	Υ	Υ	
ΧI	Communication Program	Communicate with the public regarding the preparation and implementation of the SSMP	Υ	Υ	
		Communicate with the public regarding SSMP performance	Υ	Y	
		Communicate with satellite sewer systems	Υ	Υ	

<sup>\*</sup> SSMP is current but minor clarifications or additions recommended.